

# ARMY



# NAVY

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### This Week

BY M.I.N.I.

It isn't often that a new member of Congress assumes leadership upon the floor, and through leadership obtains adoption of his views. Yet that is the achievement of Representative Charles H. Martin, better known to the Army because of his long service therein and the fact that he is now a Major General upon the retired list. It was he who made the attack upon the proposal in the so-called Omnibus Economy bill to create a Department of National Defense. It was he who marshalled with blunt, direct phrases the facts and opinions which the proponents of the plan proved unable to confute. The House recognized that it was listening to an expert, and in spite of the Garner-Byrns-McDuffie appeal, gave heed to his words. From the political point of view, General Martin abruptly terminated a move by the leaders of his own party to provide an issue against the President. The latter had announced his opposition to the War and Navy consolidation. There is such a thing as getting even in politics, and we wonder what further woe is in store for the "upstart" member from Oregon, beside the decision to deprive him of his retired pay and make him content himself with his congressional pay only.

The House may pass the bill abolishing the Assistant Secretaries for Air, but there is little likelihood that the Senate will do so. We rather think Mr. Davison and Mr. Ingalls will retain their offices. Curious how the minds of men work. Mr. Davison created trouble for himself in Congressional circles by approving a proposal to turn Rockwell Field over to the Navy. Mr. Ingalls is a candidate for the Republican nomination for Governor of Ohio, and has been planning about the Buckeye State, making political speeches in his own behalf and that of the President. The democrats had no stomach for such a spectacle. They began to talk about Mr. Ingalls, and his absence from his desk, and the Assistant Secretary, in order to curb the criticism announced he would stop drawing his salary. Secretary Adams thinks the post occupied by Mr. Ingalls can be abolished without harm to the Navy. The War Department has a different opinion with respect to that which Mr. Davison fills, and rightly. Mr. Davidson has done and is doing a fine job. Although representing the Air Corps and responsible for its Administration, he has worked in thorough harmony with General McArthur, Chief of Staff, and his subordinates. Consequently everything is as cheery as a May morning as between the General Staff and the Air Corps. Quite a different situation from the time when Mr. Davison first assumed office.

Columbia University awarded the Pulitzer prize for the best work in history during the year 1931 to General John J. Pershing, author of "My Experiences in the World War." The

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### Preserve Our Fighting Strength

(An Editorial)

Congress and the country should be in no doubt as to the effect of the Army Appropriations bill, as reported by the House Appropriations Committee. It is absolutely destructive of National Defense and violative of the policy as prescribed by the National Defense Act. It is an assault upon the fighting strength, which, today, is the minimum for the preservation of peace and order at home and the nucleus of the Armies that must be organized to resist invasion, and for the protection of the Panama Canal and Hawaii and our other outlying possessions. Further, it strikes at the Reserves, and makes them useless through failure to provide proper appropriations to insure their training. Further, it will put an end to the ROTC and CMT camps, cause withdrawal of officers from many universities and colleges, and even withhold appropriations from some of them.

When President Coolidge reduced the enlisted strength of the Army, he deliberately kept the number of officers at 12,000. He did so because, as he said, the one important lesson of the World War was the necessity of an adequate number of officers to train the men in order that there might be a minimum of casualties from disease and missiles.

When President Hoover approved the budget, for the same reason he retained the number of officers at 12,000.

Likewise the former and present President insisted upon provision for the continued training of the Reserves. It may be added that to destroy the latter would be to run counter to the views of General Pershing, who, after his return from France, pressed the enactment of the National Defense Act, and, in connection therewith, the organization and training of the Reserves. Thus, every President since the war, and this includes Wilson and Harding also, and the Commander-in-Chief of the A.E.F., solemnly have urged that there be no reduction in officers and that reserve training be preserved.

With war in progress in China, and incidents occurring such as that at Shanghai when Japanese and American Guards clashed; with the United States irritating Japan by organizing a world combination against her Manchurian aspirations; with the Geneva Arms Conference obviously a failure, and with the country a creditor in a world of envious debtors, we respectfully urge upon Congress that this is no time to reduce our strength or our preparations.

Congress is responsible to the people for the protection of the Nation and its interests. It is charged by the Constitution with the duty of providing for the National Defense. It will fail to observe that responsibility, it will refuse to discharge that duty, if it permit the recommendations of the Appropriations Committee to stand.

Let the House show that it will not approve further weakening of our defense even in the name of economy. Let it respond to that sentiment in the heart of every American calling for the preservation of the homeland and possessions from invasion. Let it remember that weakness invites aggression.

And it should remember also that there is an election coming next November.

### Navy May Ban Marriages Of Probationary Ensigns

With the passage of the bill authorizing the commissioning of Naval Academy graduates in excess of strength limitations by both houses of Congress, the Bureau of Navigation is preparing the administrative instructions for carrying out the provisions of the act.

President Hoover is expected to sign the act within the next few days.

Interest in the regulations now being drafted centers around those to carry out the proviso making all appointments probationary for two years. The act declares that the Secretary of the Navy shall have the power to revoke the commissions within this period and that before permanent appointment, the ensigns shall be required to pass an examination, after which their position on the promotion list will be determined.

The procedure to be followed and what restrictions will be placed upon the officers until permanently appointed are expected to be decided within a few days and the order issued when the act becomes law.

Consideration is being given to prohibiting the probationary officers from marrying, it is understood. This proposal is generally looked upon with favor by older officers of the Navy and

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### Twenty-four Millions Cut From Army Funds Estimate

A summary of the amounts recommended in this bill, together with the increases and decreases in the bill as compared with the 1932 appropriations and as compared with the 1933 estimates, follows:

Comparison			
	Amount recom- mended in 1932 appro- priations	Decrease com- pared with 1933 estimates	Decr. bill compar'd with 1933 Budget estimates
Military activities.	\$281,539,197	\$53,166,768	\$19,491,445
Nonmilitary activities.	105,444,255	5,023,015	4,888,865
Total ....	\$386,983,452	\$58,189,783	\$24,380,310

\*Plus \$800,000 of purchase-of-discharge funds.

The foregoing tabulation excludes the permanent annual and indefinite appro-

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### 2000 Army Officer Cut Recommended To House

Aiming a body blow at National Defense, the War Department appropriation bill as reported out by the House Appropriations Committee provides for the enforced separation from the active list of the Army of 2,000 officers, who, under the terms of the bill, would be placed on the unlimited retired list.

The bill provides that after Sept. 30, 1932 the funds appropriated for pay of officers shall not be used for the pay of more than 10,000 active officers and that after the same date the number of promotion-list officers (including general officers of the line and colonels) shall not exceed 8,930. The distribution of these promotion-list officers in grade as proposed by the bill and the reduction made in the authorized strength of each grade appear in the committee report, printed elsewhere in this issue. The reduction is approximately 18.3 per cent in each grade.

The number of promotion-list officers actually removed from the active list under the bill will be less than 2,000 because average commissioned strength is already limited by restrictions in appropriation acts to an average of 12,000 instead of the authorized maximum of 12,402. The number that will be retired is shown below:

Estimated promotion-list strength, July 1, 1932 (including 1932 class from the Military Academy)....	10,744
New authorized promotion-list strength.....	8,930

Number of promotion-list retirements ..... 1,814  
 The bill stipulates that a sufficient number of non-promotion-list officers be retired to bring the total number of retirements to 2,000. This will require 186 (2,000-1,814) retirements in the non-promotion-list branches.

However, it appears that the provision of the bill limiting total commissioned strength to 10,000 will require still further retirements of non-promotion-list officers. This is shown below:

New authorized commissioned strength .....	10,000
New authorized promotion-list strength .....	8,930

New authorized non-promotion-list strength ..... 1,070

Present authorized non-promotion-list strength....	1,472
Estimated actual non-promotion-list strength (July 1, 1932) .....	1,426
Reduction in authorized non-promotion-list strength	402
Number of actual non-promotion-list retirements....	356

A further provision stipulates that on or before May 31, 1933, a sufficient number of colonels and lieutenant colonels shall be retired to provide vacancies within the promotion-list strength of 8,930 for the class of 1933 from the Military Academy. This will require additional retirements as shown below:

(Please turn to Next Page)



## Newspapers Debate Pro and Con of Proposal to Close Navy Shore Stations

Comment in the daily press regarding the proposal to close several East Coast Navy Shore stations has been extremely diverse. One group of newspapers, those in cities or states in which there are navy yards recommended for closing, strongly oppose any action, while others representing districts not affected strongly urge going ahead with the move.

"Twelve thousand residents of Key West are facing the gaunt prospect of starvation in order that the United States Navy Department may show a paper saving of approximately \$20,000 a year for the next few years," states the *Miami Herald*. "That amount is all the department will save through closing of the Naval station, Key West citizens contend. \* \* \* States bordering the Gulf of Mexico should be vitally interested in the maintenance of the Key West naval station. All Florida should be clamoring in Washington for rescission of the order for its closing."

"Though there will in all probability be a howl from the affected sections, the decision of the House Naval Committee to hold hearings on closing all Atlantic Naval shore stations but those at New York, Philadelphia, and Hampton Roads is eminently in order," declares the *Newport News, Va. Times-Herald*. " \* \* \* Disposal of useless navy yards and the concentration of work in those which are outstanding is a logical move for economy that might well have been taken before, 'without,' as Secretary Adams says, 'unduly impairing efficiency.'"

"Naval shore units which play no vital part in fleet effectiveness and army posts which have been obsolete ever since the days of Indian warfare represent just so much 'dead wood' which ought to be cleared away without any fuss or obstruction," comments the *Kalamazoo, Mich., Gazette*. "Their maintenance not only means an unjustified drain on the federal treasury; it forces the army and navy authorities

to practice unwarranted cheese-paring in other items of their budgets which are far more valuable to the defensive system."

Under the caption "Charles Francis Adams, Patriot," the *Norfolk Ledger Dispatch* states, "One of these days, the country is going to recognize—as the Navy does now—Secretary of the Navy Charles Francis Adams, of Massachusetts, the ablest man who has held that position in many a year and a man who will deserve a place in history as a friend of the Navy second to none—not so much for what he has been able to accomplish but for his services in preventing the nation's sea forces from being almost entirely scrapped under the policies of President Hoover."

"Secretary Adams is in truth a big man. If there is another man in public life who would have the hardihood and patriotism to recommend the closing of a navy yard in his own state and one on an adjacent shore, his name will deserve a place by that of this distinguished New Englander—a scion of a noted family but whose right to a place of fame rests on his own merits."

"A number of communities where navy yards are maintained have been disturbed over the proposed retrenchment plans," states the *Indianapolis Star*. "Several have been quick to point out the advantages of their own establishments and equally adept in showing how easily some other yards could be abandoned. The important factor, of course, is to determine the problem solely from the viewpoint of service to the navy and not from the angle of political pressure in Congress or elsewhere."

"That a loud protest will come from the ports threatened with loss of naval activities can be predicted," states the *Nashville Tennessean*, "but the secretary is to be complimented in showing the way for savings. And it is to be hoped the House will have sufficient backbone to make this substantial saving, regardless of the howl that may ensue."

### Reduction of Officers

(Continued from Preceding Page)

Estimated strength of Military Academy class of 1933.....	340
Estimated promotion-list attrition September, 1932 to May, 1933 .....	140
Additional retirements required on or before May 31, 1933 .....	200

The bill is defective in that it does not fix the new strength of the non-promotion-list branches, i. e., the Medical, Dental, Veterinary, and Medical Administrative Corps, and the chaplains. The present maximum commissioned strengths of these branches are definitely specified in existing law.

The bill makes no provision for the advancement of promotion-list officers from second to first lieutenant. The combined strength of these grades is fixed at 3,786 but this number is not subdivided. It is true that the Committee report on the measure contains a table showing 2,179 first lieutenants and 1,607 second lieutenants but nothing in the language of the bill itself states this apportionment or authorizes promotion into the grade of first lieutenant to maintain that grade at any definite strength.

#### Resulting curtailment of Army activities

In framing the National Defense Act, it was the intention of Congress to embody in law the following essential elements of national defense:

a. To provide an Army of the United States consisting of three components—the Regular Army, the National Guard, and the Organized Reserves.

b. To organize this army into the military units necessary to form the basis for a complete and immediate mobilization of the nation's manpower in a national emergency.

c. To make provision for the mobilization of the nation's material resources and the maintenance of war reserves as an element in mobilization.

To carry out the responsibilities imposed by the Act, the Regular Army is called upon to furnish officers for all manner of important duties beyond the limits of the regular establishment itself. The number of officers now assigned to duty with the civilian components, about 1,650, is considerably below the number demanded. The proposed reduction in the commissioned personnel of the Regular Army, combined with the relief of all retired officers now on active duty as is also contemplated by the bill, will necessarily result in a drastic curtailment of the activities of the Army in administering the forces of the National Guard (187,000), the Organized Reserves (108,000), and the Reserve Officers' Training Corps (127,000). The National Defense Act originally provided for a

corps of approximately 18,000 Regular officers. Appropriations in recent years have limited this number to an average of 12,000. The War Department has reported to Congress that the minimum number of officers required in the Regular Army to enable it reasonably to carry out its mission is 14,063. This number is required; to enable reasonable provision to be made for the training of the civilian components, to maintain a small, balanced, mobile force for emergencies, to man in part the seacoast defenses of the continental United States, and to allow reasonably adequate garrisons in the overseas possessions.

Even with the force of 12,000 officers now provided, the calls for assignments to duty with the National Guard, the Organized Reserves, and the Reserve Officers' Training Corps cannot be met, while the present shortage of officers with troop units of the Regular Army is a matter of grave concern to the War Department. A reduction of 2,000 officers and the relief of the 134 retired officers now on active duty would force the War Department to curtail many essential activities to an extent that would practically nullify the provisions of the National Defense Act. A cursory survey of the situation indicates that the following reductions in the numbers of promotion-list officers now assigned to highly important duties would be necessary:

	Number	%
Foreign garrisons .....	336	20
Duty with the National Guard .....	229	50
Duty with the Organized Reserves .....	227	50
Duty with the Reserve Officers' Training Corps..	308	50
Instructors at service schools .....	88	30
Students at Special Service Schools, except flying schools .....	414	50
Students at General Service Schools .....	157	50
Instructors at the United States Military Academy	38	20
Officers on recruiting duty	42	50
	1,839	

There are, at the present time, no more officers assigned to overseas garrisons than are necessary properly to officer the units assigned to those garrisons. A reduction in the number of officers at these strategic outposts would seriously handicap their powers of resistance. The importance of maintaining these defenses upon an efficient basis is vital in the present state of world affairs. Their reinforcement in an emergency cannot be counted upon. Each of them has its own strategic and tactical mission confined to restricted area. No use could be made of these garrisons in the continental missions assigned to the Army.

The service schools are highly impor-

tant elements of our military system. The World War demonstrated the necessity of these schools for the training of officers. The small number of regular organizations which provide actual experience with troops makes them of increasing importance. This necessity is augmented by present day specialization and the rapid development of means and methods of warfare. Just as trained officers are keystones in defense, the schools are keystones in the officers' training.

The proposed reduction in the non-promotion-list branches will necessitate a drastic contraction in the activities of the component corps of the Medical Department and of the Chaplains Corps. Medical Department activities with the National Guard, Organized Reserves, and the Reserve Officers' Training Corps will have to be practically abandoned, and a very considerable reduction will have to be made in the present contribution of the Medical Department toward the care of veterans.

The report of the Committee on the bill states that its provisions will not materially lessen the available officer strength in the event of war or national emergency because the officers who are retired will continue to be subject to recall to active service. This statement entirely disregards the fact that the Regular officer, in order to be prepared to discharge his duties under the exacting conditions of modern warfare, must be in a perpetual state of training and instruction. Officers on the retired list who would be compelled to engage in commercial activities in order to supplement their retired pay and support their families could not be expected to keep themselves abreast of the military profession.

#### Saving effected

The report of the Committee on the measure contains an estimate of \$3,814,823 as the annual saving that would result from the retirement of 2,000 officers. This is an average of approximately \$1,900 per officer and exceeds the estimates of the War Department. However, accepting the Committee's estimate, the saving effected amounts to less than three per cent of the amount expended for pay of the Army. Such a saving is entirely insignificant in comparison with the damage which would be done to the national defense and the injurious effect upon morale of the commissioned personnel of the Army if the proposed legislation were adopted.

#### Effects of methods proposed

The bill embodies the astounding proposal that the determination of the officers to be retired in the grades of colonel and below shall be made on age alone, with exceptions in the case of Air Corps officers and second lieutenants. There is also a permissive five per cent exemption from this age requirement which the Committee report on the bill states is

intended to permit the retention of officers who, despite their years, possess special qualifications by reason of which their retirement would be inimical to the best interests of the Army. The bulk of the separations from the active list will, however, occur in a purely arbitrary manner without regard to relative mental or physical fitness or to the individual efficiency as demonstrated by records of service. Surely no organization, civil or military, faced with the necessity for a reduction in personnel, would adopt such a plan for effecting it.

In those portions of the promotion list where officers are arranged in rank in approximate order of age, that is, in the grades of colonel, lieutenant colonel, major, and second lieutenant, the retirement provision would serve to remove the officers at the top of each grade. Thus for example, a high ranking major, approaching advancement to lieutenant colonel, where he would be among the younger officers in the grade to which promoted, might be ruthlessly removed from the active list without regard for demonstrated efficiency, while less able officers farther down in the grade and a few years younger would not even be considered for retirement. All of the surviving members of entire classes from the Military Academy and of groups of officers from other sources who entered the Army in a body might be forced into retirement if they happen to be at the top of the grade they occupy.

The additional reduction required to be made on or before May 31, 1933 in the grades of colonel and lieutenant colonel in order to provide vacancies for the Military Academy class of 1933 would be practically concentrated in the colonel's grade. This is because the older officers of these two combined grades would naturally be found in the higher one. Many deserving officers would thus be removed from the active list at a time when they are hoping to be selected for promotion to general officer and thus achieve the culmination of a successful military career.

The proposed legislation takes no account whatever of the special technical requirements of different branches of the Army. Retirements may fall more heavily on one arm or service than on another and the officers removed from the active list in this haphazard manner will leave an unbalanced personnel in the various branches of the military establishment. For example, 50 of the 84 permanent officers of the Judge Advocate General's Department will be retired while the Quartermaster Corps and Finance Department will lose more than one-half of their present personnel.

The Committee report on the bill states that it will have a beneficial effect upon promotion, and will serve to correct the unfortunate conditions now existing

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## Did You Read

the following important service stories last week:

Senate and House Conferees Agree on Commissioning of Fifty Percent of Naval Academy Classes After 1932; Proposal to Eliminate Army and Navy Transport Services Defeated; "Joker" in Navy Appropriation Bill Will Force Further Reduction of Six Hundred Enlisted Men of Marine Corps; Colonel Herron Calls ROA's Attention to Serious Depletion Facing Officers' Reserve Corps; Provisions of Assistant Attorney General Richardson's Hawaiian Report Dealing With Services; Board of Visitors Inspect Activities at Naval Academy; Philippine Scouts Retirement To Be Considered by District of Columbia Court; Navy Post-graduate Instruction Extension To Be Urged in Senate; "The Preservation of American Identity in the World War" by Maj. Gen. James G. Harbord, USA, ret.; Special Reports on Performance of Navy Radio Material Requested by Bureau; Representative French's Change of View Regarding Treaty Provisions Shown; USS Akron to Join Fleet After Practice Cruises;

If not, you did not read the Army and Navy Journal. You can not get this vital information from any other source.

## Threatened Pay Cuts

Not only are personnel of the services subject to the pay cut provided in the Omnibus Economy Bill as it passed the House this week, but many officers and enlisted men will suffer a double-barreled blow under the bill, as it also carries a "pay freeze" provision, denying any increase of compensation during the fiscal year 1933.

Although originally considered as a substitute for a pay cut, under the economy plan approved this week by the House, the "no pay increase" provision is carried in addition to the 11 per cent reduction in salary, and will apply not only to longevity increases, but also to increases accompanying a promotion in rank. Both officers and enlisted men will be subject to the provision.

The action of the House in increasing the exemption from \$1,000 to \$2,500 from the 11 per cent pay cut was reaffirmed by the House this week upon final passage of the economy bill. The bill now goes to the Senate, where the matter is not expected to be taken up for several days, as the Appropriations Committee is engaged with the annual supply bills. The President's substitute, calling for furloughs instead of reduction, was repeatedly voted down in the House. Whether the Republican leaders in the Senate will consider it has not been indicated.

Although the language used in the earlier pay "freeze" amendments were rather ambiguous as to their application to the services, the phraseology of the economy bill leaves no doubt as to their inclusion, officials declare.

The section is:  
"Sec. 201. All provisions of law which confer upon civilian or noncivilian officers or employees of the United States Government or the municipal government of the District of Columbia automatic increases in compensation by reason of length of service or promotion are suspended during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933; but this section shall not be construed to deprive any person of any increment of compensation received through an automatic increase in compensation prior to July 1, 1932."

The provision prohibiting the filling of vacancies will apply only to civil employees, however.

## Hits Retired Officers

Additional cuts in compensation are provided in the omnibus bill which passed the House Wednesday. Provision was made "After the date of the enactment of this Act, no person holding a civilian office or position, appointive or elective, under the United States Government or the municipal government of the District of Columbia or under any corporation, the majority of the stock of which is owned by the United States, shall be entitled, during the period of

such incumbency, to retired pay from the United States for or on account of services as a commissioned officer in any of the services mentioned in the Pay Adjustment Act of 1922 [U.S.C., title 37], at a rate in excess of an amount which when combined with the annual rate of compensation from such civilian office or position, makes the total rate from both sources more than \$3,000; and when the retired pay amounts to or exceeds the rate of \$3,000 per annum such person shall be entitled to the pay of the civilian office or position or the retired pay, whichever he may elect."

Emergency retired officers, hit in the final title of the bill reducing veterans' compensation, were exempted from the above provision, as were officers retired for disability incurred in line of duty. But when the veterans' title containing restrictions on emergency officers' pay was stricken, the House refused to go back to the earlier provision and remove the emergency officer exemptions. Chairman McDuffie moved that this be done, but Representative John C. Schafer (Republican), Wisconsin, objected.

## Commissioning Ensigns

(Continued from First Page)

even if not officially decreed, marriages will be frowned upon it is said.

As there is nothing in the act requiring the Secretary of the Navy to revoke appointments but merely authorizing it, all officers who pass the examination to be held at the end of two years and whose record is creditable, will probably be retained. Both professional and physical examinations will be held, while officers failing will be discharged with "not more than one year's pay."

The act provides that officers shall be rearranged on the promotion list at the end of two years in accordance with the standing on the examination and their Naval Academy and commissioned records. Although not settled, it is probable that the Naval Academy standing will count about two-thirds and the examination rating and fitness reports one-third of the final multiple.

Officers appointed will be required to purchase a full set of uniforms, it is expected.

Both the Senate and the House approved the bill as agreed upon by the conferees last week. That agreement, as reported in the last issue of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, provided that all members of the June graduating class and fifty per cent of future classes may be given commissions in the line of the Navy while the number of officers is in excess of authorized strength. The number of appointments to the Naval Academy allowed each member of Congress is set at three, the present number. The provision making commissions probationary applies to graduates entering the Navy staff corps in the grade of ensign and those entering the Marine Corps as well.

Under a provision contained in the 1933 Navy appropriation act, as it passed the House last week, however, no officers may be commissioned in the Marine Corps until June 1933.

## Signal Corps Association Election

At a recent meeting of the Boston Post of the American Signal Corps Association the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

President—Capt. K. B. Lawton, S.C. (DOL).

Vice-President—Maj. F. W. Jones, Sig-Res.

Directors—Maj. T. H. Dooling, Sig-Res; Maj. R. W. Sears, Sig-Res; Capt. D. S. Gorman, Sig-Res; Lt. Peter Carlton, Sig-Res; and Mr. R. C. Soney, Dept. of Commerce.

Secretary and Treasurer—Lt. C. H. Tunesley, Sig-Res.

Directors Ex-Officio—Lt. Col. J. C. Moore, 1st Corps Area Signal Officer; Lt. A. R. Taylor, Naval Communications Officer, 1st Naval District; Lt. C. W. Thompson, C. O. Eastern Div. U. S. Coast Guard.

Regional Director—Lt. Col. D. S. Boyden, S.C. Mass. National Guard.

## Reserve Officers' Convention

Plans for a continuation of its vigorous campaign for adequate national defense were laid by the Reserve Officers Association of the United States at its annual convention last week in Pittsburgh.

Resolutions opposing bills in Congress which will have the effect of reducing appropriations and curtailing active duty for reserve officers and affecting the present status of the ROTC and CMTC organizations were adopted.

The convention heard the country's military problems discussed by a distinguished group of men including Maj. Gen. Paul B. Malone, commander of the Third Corps Area; Brig. Gen. Andrew Moses, G-1, War Department General Staff; Col. L. Kemper Williams, president of the association; Brig. Gen. Robert J. Travis, president of the National Guard Association; Brig. Gen. John Ross Delafield, commander in chief of the Military Order of the World War; Maj. Gen. Charles H. Martin, USA-Ret., representative from the Third Congressional District of Oregon; Maj. Gen. Lytle Brown, chief of U. S. Engineers, and Maj. Gen. Harry L. Gilchrist, chief of Chemical Warfare.

The convention was one of the most successful ever held by the association. Maj. Carlton B. Shaffer served as chairman of arrangements and was aided by Gen. Churchill B. Mehard, Maj. James Heger, Maj. John H. Shenkel, Capt. J. Sandels Morrow, Col. L. W. Dupuy and a long list of other Pittsburgh military men.

As announced in the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL last week, Col. L. Kemper Williams was reelected president of the Association. In addition presidents of the nine corps areas of the association were elected as follows: First—Maj. Phelps Montgomery; Second—Maj. Eugene Valee, New York City; Third—Thomas F. Meehan, Philadelphia; Fourth—Lt. Col. George L. Blossom, Macon, Ga.; Fifth—Maj. W. M. Coffin, Cincinnati, O.; Sixth—Lt. Col. Stephen A. Park, Milwaukee, Wis.; Seventh—Lt. Col. Robert A. Shaw, Sigourney, Ia.; Eighth—Lt. Col. Ralph Durkee, San Antonio, Tex.; Ninth—Maj. W. W. Bright, San Francisco, Cal.

One of the resolutions adopted by the Association declared that "We believe in adequate military and naval preparedness of the United States as the best guarantee of peace and that such preparedness requires a regular Army of not less than 12,000 officers and 165,000 enlisted men, excluding the Air Corps increment and the Philippine Scouts; annual training of all Reserve Officers requesting training and not less than 32,000 each fiscal year. Annual training of all CMTC eligible applicants and not less than 40,000 each fiscal year; the unqualified support of the ROTC to the end that at least 8,000 students will be graduated to the Officers Reserve Corps annually; the support of National rifle and pistol matches annually and reasonable assistance to all civilian rifle and pistol clubs."

In other resolutions the association favored the establishment of a Reserve Division in the War Department General Staff; urged funds for active flying duty for Air Reserve combat pilots for the remainder of 1932 and for 1933; favored the passage of the National Guard Status bill and maintaining the strength and training of the National Guard, and supported the Reed bill for hospitalization for not exceeding six months for reserve and National Guard officers, ROTC and CMTC students disabled in line of duty.

Support of the Vinson bill for a treaty navy was given. Among other resolutions were ones endorsing the ROTC work, and supporting the Universal Draft Act providing "equal service for all and special profit for none."

The association commended and expressed its gratitude to the following "for their activity in behalf of adequate National Defense": Senator David A. Reed, Senator Hiram Bingham, Gen. Douglas MacArthur, Col. C. D. Herron, Col. Louis S. Chappelle, Maj. Gen. George Van Horn Moseley, Maj. Gen. Paul B. Malone and "The Patriotic Press."

## The Journal Salutes

This week the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL salutes:

Maj. Gen. Campbell King upon his appointment to that rank May 1.

Rear Adm. John W. Greenslade, who became due for promotion to flag rank on the first of May.

Col. L. Kemper Williams, ORC, who has been re-elected President of the Reserve Officers Association of the United States.

## The Journal's New Uniform

A host of hearty congratulations has been coming to the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL by wire and mail since its appearance in its new typographical uniform last week. Commendation and approval from posts and stations throughout the country was instantaneous and spontaneous, while praise came, too, from our civilian friends and readers.

Gen. Douglas MacArthur, Chief of Staff of the Army, congratulated the JOURNAL on its new appearance. "The new make-up of the JOURNAL," the General said, "gives a young and modern appearance to the old ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL. It is an appreciated improvement and marks another step forward for this service paper."

Among the many communications received were the following:

## Colonel Rankin's Letter

Editor, Army and Navy Journal:

The "ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL" in its new dress, came to my desk this morning. It is superb!

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Your friends in the Selective Service Advertising Group of the Army of the U. S. all join me in extending to you, and through you, your readers, congratulations on this great advance in your splendid publication.

Sincerely yours,

William H. Rankin,

Lieutenant Colonel, ORC.

President, William H. Rankin Company.

## Colonel Hammond Writes

Editor, Army and Navy Journal:

The JOURNAL of April 30th has just come dressed in its new form with finer paper, better printing and in a more convenient size. This is just a note not only to commend your taste in selection but more particularly to congratulate you upon making the JOURNAL still more attractive to its readers.

For twenty-seven years my name has never been absent from your subscription list so I know from personal experience of the very splendid service the JOURNAL has rendered to the Army. Today it is better than ever before, and in this critical hour when the efficiency of the Army is so seriously threatened the JOURNAL is performing a vigorous and highly effective service to the cause of National security.

With all good wishes,

Sincerely,

T. W. Hammond,

Lieutenant Colonel, 16th Infantry.

## Retain Chelsea Hospital

The Navy intends to retain the Chelsea Naval Hospital, Secretary Adams stated April 29. In response to queries from the press, the Secretary said:

"The Navy Department has not recommended and has no intention of recommending the closing of the Naval Hospital at Chelsea, Mass. In fact it is economical for the government to continue to operate this hospital."





# THE UNITED STATES ARMY



(Continued from First Page)

provisions and special funds which are automatically appropriated in consequence of the various statutes. For 1933 they amount to \$12,576,540, or \$1,728,875 below the current fiscal year.

## General Committee Action

Not in a single instance has the committee exceeded the Budget estimates nor does the bill contain any funds or projects not embraced by the Budget.

The committee was actuated by the need for rigid economy in shaping the accompanying bill, and it has endeavored to make reductions in directions that would not impair or would at least impair the efficiency and effectiveness of the military arm. In some respects it is believed that the reductions proposed, if enacted into law, will promote the efficiency of the Military Establishment.

The Army appropriation bill is largely a pay bill, or rather, a personnel bill. Under Title I (Military) of the bill the Budget estimates include a pecuniary benefit of one form or another, mostly pay, for approximately 507,000 persons. Strange as it may seem, out of a total of \$255,981,571 included in the Budget on account of the Regular Army, omitting the civil components, approximately \$222,000,000 goes to pay and expenses for and on account of personnel, civilian and military.

It seems perfectly patent, with a limited exchequer, that if we intend to provide ourselves with modern implements of war in reasonable measure that there must be a curtailment of personnel expenses, and, if we must retrench now, that we must look very largely in the direction of personnel and attendant expenses to find money, for, eliminating the \$222,000,000 from the \$255,000,000 leaves a relatively small sum in which to find substantial savings.

It has left intact the estimates for the Medical Department, for the Ordnance Department, for the Chemical Warfare Service, for the Air Corps, for the National Guard, and for the seacoast defenses, as well as other branches of the Army except as elsewhere herein explained.

## Summary of Reductions

A summary of the reductions proposed by the committee with respect to major items follows:

Pay of the Army:	
2,000 officers placed on inactive duty .....	\$3,814,823
Reductions in flying pay .....	112,500
130 retired officers removed from active duty .....	148,720
26 retired enlisted men removed from active duty .....	6,224
	<b>*\$4,082,267</b>
Subsistence of the Army:	
Draft on working capital .....	\$2,067,082
On basis of 36 cents per ration instead of 37 cents .....	416,012
Elimination of national matches .....	1,297
Transfer .....	134,274
	<b>\$3,219,175</b>

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Regular supplies:	
Revised estimates for forage .....	750,000
500 fewer horses .....	65,000
Reduced commodity prices .....	114,205
	<b>\$ 929,205</b>

## Army transportation:

Transfer .....	\$3,363,840
Deferments and reduced commodity prices .....	1,636,253
Packing, crating, and shipping personal effects .....	555,363
	<b>\$5,555,456</b>

## Horses:

Purchase of 500 instead of 1,000 .....	\$ 82,500
Barracks and quarters:	
Deferments and reduced commodity prices .....	1,141,670
Purchase of land .....	250,000
Signal Corps:	
Transfer .....	24,855
Deferments and reduced commodity prices .....	398,735
	<b>\$ 423,500</b>

## Air Corps:

Transfer .....	\$ 175,087
Organized Reserves:	
Suspension of 14-day training pay .....	\$2,100,768
Reserve Officers' Training Corps:	
Suspension of camps .....	\$1,080,773
Citizens' Military Training Camps:	
Suspended entirely for one year .....	2,603,624
National matches and related items .....	\$ 605,000

\*Items totaling \$273,742 have been transferred to this appropriation. The net reduction is \$3,808,525.

The sum of the foregoing somewhat exceeds the net reduction proposed by the committee even though it excludes some of the lesser changes. This is accounted for by the consolidated appropriation proposed by the committee on page 14 of the bill for traveling expenses of military and civilian personnel. As indicated in the foregoing tabulation, a number of amounts are represented as transfers. These and others under Title I of the bill, amounting in all to \$4,474,469, and \$882,191, transferred from Title II of the bill, have been brought together, and exclusive of \$737,478 for travel incident to river and harbor and flood-control work, 25 per cent or \$1,129,795 deducted. In other words, the proposed appropriation totals \$4,126,865, of which \$737,478 is made available exclusively on account of travel in connection with river and harbor and flood-control activities.

The committee adopted this policy because it is convinced that here is a place where the War Department can effect economies. Including the civil components, the estimates include \$8,000,063 for the transportation of persons on account of military activities alone. This figure excludes travel on Army transports, on account of the maintenance and operation of which this bill carries in the neighborhood of \$4,000,000, and it excludes packing, crating, and rail transportation of personal effects, for which the estimates include \$1,110,726, but which the committee has cut in half. By bringing these appropriations together, it is the judgment of the committee that the War Department, the Bureau of the Budget, and the Congress will be in a better position to keep a check on expenditures and ultimately to effect a further reduction. The school system obtaining in the Army is a signal example of the seemingly unnecessary large expenditures for travel.

## Reduction of Officers

The committee is proposing a total of \$132,647,381 for pay of the Army, or \$2,016,783 less than the current appropriation and \$3,808,525 (net) below the Budget estimate. Most of it (\$3,814,823) is because of the proposal to place 2,000 commissioned officers of the Regular Army on inactive duty. This step is proposed in the interest of economy and efficiency. As an economy measure, the saving is not all reflected in the amount the committee has deducted. There is an indeterminate amount real-

izable in travel, in clerical services, in office space and office expenses, in rental allowances, by releasing quarters, possibly some freeing of enlisted men, administrative overhead, and probably in other directions. These savings will continue to be reflected in future years, augmented by between \$16,000,000 and \$17,000,000 that would need to be provided in the future on the basis of the minimum requirements of construction based on the War Department study of the housing problem as of May 15, 1930, and augmented by the large saving that would accrue from relieving to the extent proposed the stagnation in promotion that now confronts the Army.

As to the efficiency side of the proposal: The commissioned strength of the Regular Army is divided between what are termed promotion list and non-promotion list branches. The strength of the former, including major generals, brigadier generals, and colonels of the line, is fixed by law at 10,930, and of the latter at 1,392. The committee's action applies very largely to the former. The nonpromotion list branch is composed of doctors, dentists, veterinarians, and chaplains. As to the promotion list group, promotions to the grades from first lieutenant to colonel, inclusive, are made as vacancies occur, by seniority in the order in which the officers are arranged on a single promotion list. The appointment to this list and the precedence given to a large group of World War officers (roundly 5,000) not only militates against those later commissioned but a large number of such officers themselves may never expect to attain a rank above major. Quoting from the report of the interdepartmental pay-personnel board (S. Doc. 259, 71st Cong., 3d sess.), the Army representative on which was Brig. Gen. G. S. Simonds, USA, at that time chief of the war plans divisions, War Department General Staff:

These World War officers constitute the outstanding abnormality in the promotion list. Although they comprise nearly one-half of the promotion-list strength, they vary by less than 18 months in date of entry into the Federal service and are largely of the same age. Under normal conditions, the procurement of so large a number of commissioned officers would be spread over a period of 15 to 20 years and they would be uniformly graded among themselves according to age and length of service. The problem presented by the presence of this group on the promotion list is the outstanding obstacle to the establishment of a satisfactory promotion system which will conserve the interests of the Government and the individual officer.

Quoting further from such report:

\*\*\* On the World War group the impending conditions will have a very damaging effect. The bottom of the group will not become majors until about 1950, after more than 30 years of service in company grades, with the inevitable loss of initiative which will result from such stagnation. Due to the relatively large number of World War officers, the grades from captains to lieutenant colonel, inclusive, will become greatly overaged during the next 25 years. Furthermore, this group will practically fill the field grades from 1950 onward, at which time those at the top will be colonels, eligible for selection as general officers, while those at the bottom, though of practically the same age and length of service, will be approaching retirement far down among the majors. Such inequality of opportunity, due to a difference of a few months in date of entry into the Federal service, can not fail to have a disastrous effect upon morale. Since the officers of the postwar group are younger than those who precede them on the promotion list, they will eventually reach the top of the list by the operation of the provision for the compulsory retirement of their predecessors at 64 years of age. They will however, spend unreasonably short periods in some grades and will become colonels with only a short time to serve and lacking the well-rounded training that would result from a properly distributed career.

\*\*\* The problem which it (postwar group) presents at this time is that of securing such a rate of promotion for the officers who compose it that they will not deteriorate from injurious stagnation in lower grades and later be advanced suddenly in rank, shortly before retirement, to positions of responsibility for which they have received no adequate training.

To summarize the future working of the present personnel system in the matter of promotion, it can be said that it falls utterly, except in the case of fortunately placed officers in the pre-war group, to provide the reasonable and regular progression through the various grades that is so essential to the maintenance of morale and professional enthusiasm. This condition has a direct influence on the efficiency with which the Regular Army can be expected to fulfill its mission in national defense. In any emergency which calls for even partial mobilization the commissioned officers of the Regular Establishment will be called upon to assume greatly enlarged responsibilities. If stagnation has held them for unduly long periods in the lower grades they will have been denied the opportunity for a properly rounded training that will fit them for the discharge of these responsibilities.

The conditions just described will be accompanied by a constantly increasing cost of commissioned personnel which will be incurred by the Government with none of the compensating advantages that would be derived from a well regulated system of promotion. Some officers in the lower grades, notably that of captain, who at present count for pay purposes various kinds of service

(Please turn to Page 847)

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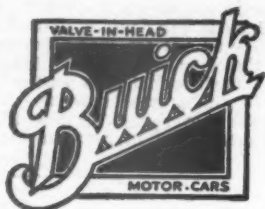
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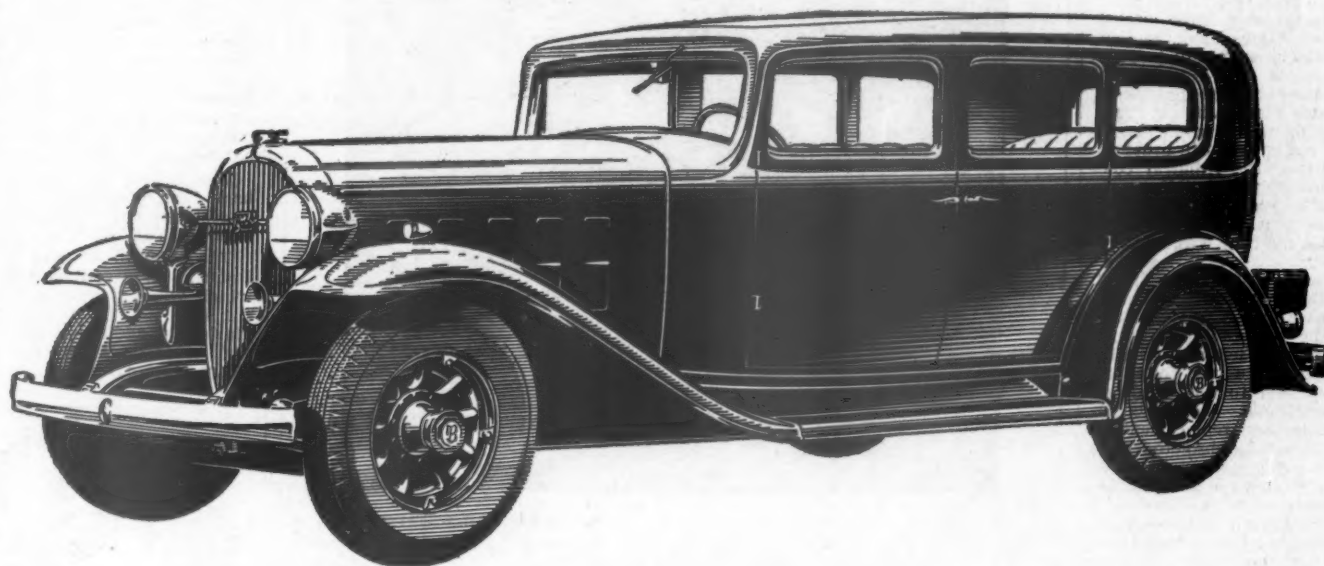
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## THE U. S. NAVY



## THE U. S. MARINE CORPS

## Admiral Pratt Views Navy

The great need of the Navy today is a "steady, regular building program," Admiral Pratt declared this week upon his return from a visit to the Fleet.

"Of course, we have had hard times," said the Chief of Naval Operations, "but if we do not start towards building a Treaty Navy soon, some of our ships, especially destroyers and submarines, will be on the scrap heap."

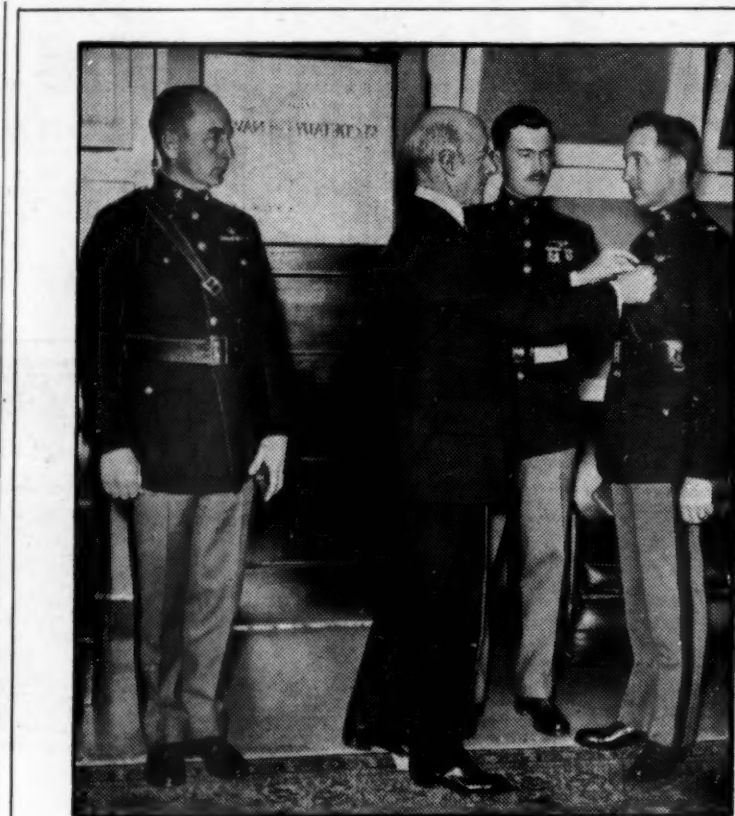
The following account of the interview was issued by the Navy Department May 2:

"Admiral William V. Pratt, U. S. Navy, Chief of Naval Operations, who returned yesterday from a three weeks' visit to the United States Fleet, replied to questions of the press today in substance as noted below.

"Asked about the condition and needs of the United States Fleet, Admiral Pratt said that everything was in good shape. 'What the Navy really needs in order to keep in good shape,' the Admiral continued, 'is a steady, regular building program wherein construction can be depended on year by year. You can't keep a fleet in shape all the time without such a steady program.'

"Asked to expand on what he meant by a steady building program, Admiral Pratt said, 'I have always felt that the great need of the Navy is to have insured to it an established naval building policy, one that we can count on carrying on from year to year, and one adjustable to conditions. Such a building plan should include replacement of ships as they become obsolete, thus maintaining the Navy constantly on whatever Treaty strength is allotted this country. A Treaty strength Navy is, I am led to believe, what the policy of this country calls for; I believe it is included in planks of the political parties. Of course, we have had hard times, but if we do not start towards building a Treaty Navy soon, some of our ships, especially destroyers and submarines, will be on the scrap heap. We should not build this Treaty Navy by impulsive steps, as this is too expensive and leads to hasty construction, as well as waste. The better way to do it is a planned, continuing program spread over a definite period.'

"Asked if he could state the results of the gunnery exercises fired by the Fleet during his visit, Admiral Pratt said that the firing was 'very satisfactory,' but that there were no details to be made public. Asked if the 'war problem' off Hawaii, conducted in February prior to his visit, had proved anything concerning the defenses of the



Courtesy The Evening Star, Washington, D. C.

Secretary of the Navy Adams on May 2, presented the Distinguished Flying Cross to Maj. Ralph J. Mitchell, USMC, Lt. Herbert P. Becker, USMC, and St. Sgt. Gordon W. Heritage, USMC, for distinguished service against bandit forces in Nicaragua. Major Mitchell and Sergeant Heritage are on duty at Quantico, Va., and Lieutenant Becker is attached to Marine Corps Headquarters in Washington. Photo shows, left to right: Major Mitchell, Secretary Adams, Sergeant Heritage and Lieutenant Becker.

Islands, Admiral Pratt replied, that such problems were not designed to 'prove anything' but were designed for the purpose of training, and as such were invaluable in giving experience and schooling in 'some of the things that might happen' in actual war.

"Asked if the Navy were going to 'make out' with the appropriations allotted in the 1933 bill which has passed the

House, Admiral Pratt replied, 'Yes, of course. But it's just like running a business where you can't afford to invest in some new things which you think you need to improve your business. Of course, though, we'll make out.'

"Asked if the Scouting Force would return to the Atlantic coast at the end of Fleet concentration of the Pacific coast, May 13th, Admiral Pratt said: 'The Scouting Force probably will come back, if certain navy yards on the East Coast are not closed. From the study we have made, it would cost too much to keep the Scouting Force on the west coast and support, in such case, the overhead of the present east coast yards. If we can close the navy yards at Boston and Charleston, however, we would about break even, or might even save a little, by keeping the Scouting Force on the Pacific. It is a usual policy of naval men to keep as many of the units of the Fleet together, in order to carry out more coordinated training, and that would be a governing factor in this case if it could be made financially possible by closing the above navy yards.' Asked if the conditions in the Far East had anything to do with keeping the Scouting Force on the Pacific coast, Admiral Pratt replied, 'No, that hasn't anything to do with it. Not so far as I know at least. You fellows in Washington should know more about that than I.'

"Asked if he had any comment to make on the Massie case, Admiral Pratt replied, 'No, I have no comment. From what little I can gather, I think sentiment is that the Navy ought to continue to guard the prisoners, especially Mrs. Fortescue, because of jail conditions in Honolulu.' Asked if the Navy would consider keeping custody of Mrs. Fortescue, Admiral Pratt replied, 'That's not a question for the Navy to decide.' Asked if the Navy would support an appeal for the naval personnel, Admiral

Pratt stated that the Navy had nothing to do with an appeal. Once having turned naval prisoners over to civil authorities, Admiral Pratt said, the Navy has no legal rights in a civil case conducted against such prisoners. 'Anything the Navy might say,' Admiral Pratt continued, 'would be a matter of sympathy.' In the present case, the Admiral said, the Governor's actions following pronouncement of sentence would govern."

## Vessels Leave Orient

The USS Beaver, submarine tender, Com. E. J. Blankenship, USN, commanding, with Submarine Division Nine, composed of USS S-30, 31, 32, 33, 34 and 35, commanded by Com. A. H. Gray, USN, sailed from Manila May 2 for Pearl Harbor, T. H., where the Beaver will be assigned as tender for submarines based there and the submarine S-30 to 35 will be placed in reserve commission.

The Beaver and the six submarines have been operating in the Asiatic for almost seven years, having left Honolulu June 16, 1925 for the Orient.

The S-30 to 35 will be assigned to Rotating Reserve Submarine Division 14, which will be organized July 1st with the USS S-1, 18, and 19, now at Pearl Harbor, as additional units. The Beaver and submarines are due to arrive at Pearl Harbor, June 1.



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Carvel Hall Hotel	May 23rd to June 6th
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## Army Appropriations Report

(Continued from Page 844)

other than active Federal commissioned service, are receiving compensation that is out of proportion for that grade under the pay schedule now in force. As time passes this condition will become more and more widespread until finally the captain's and major's ranks will be filled with officers who are drawing the maximum rates of pay for their grades but whose professional enthusiasm and efficiency are impaired by the stagnation which prevents their advancement.

What is the remedy for such a situation? The former Chief of the War Plans Division of the War Department General Staff has stated that it has a direct influence upon the efficiency with which the Regular Army can be expected to fulfill its mission in national defense. He also has stated that without corrective measures the Government will be confronted "by a constantly increasing cost of commissioned personnel." The committee believes that there is no better time than right now, when we are seeking ways and means to save money, to initiate a program looking to the correction of the intolerable condition that now obtains, and it submits that this can be accomplished without materially, if at all, lessening available officer strength in the event of war or national emergency. It is not proposing, as will be seen from the provision of the bill, the elimination of any officers from the Army. Its proposition generally is to retire those of the most advanced age in the several grades, not all of whom, but many of whom, according to their position on the promotion list, constitute a hindrance to the orderly advancement of their juniors. Those who may be retired will continue to be subject to recall.

The provision proposed allows an exemption to the extent of 5 per cent as to officers most advanced in age in the several grades in order to avoid enforced separation of officers who, despite their years, possess special qualifications or who may be performing special duties, by reason of which their retirement would be inimical to the best interests of the Army. It also permits exemption of Air Corps Officers, and, to the extent the total number of line and promotion list officers selected for retirement may fall short of 2,000, the provisions require the removal of nonpromotion list officers to the extent of the deficiency. This may entail the retirement of approximately 175 such officers.

Under a well ordered scheme of promotion a second lieutenant should become a first lieutenant after 3 years, a captain after 10 years, a major after 17 years, a lieutenant colonel after 22 or 23 years, and a colonel after 28 years of service. Company officers must be young men. According to such order of advancement we find in the table referred to 478 second lieutenants above the age of 27, 1,088 first lieutenants above the age of 34, 1,160 captains above the age of 41, 286 majors above the age of 47, and 175 lieutenant colonels above the age of 52. The table speaks for itself. It is these overage officers, too, who are building up the appropriation for pay of the Army. Many of them formerly were enlisted men. Their longevity gives them pay at a rate in excess of some of their seniors and, in some instances, as much as officers two or three grades above them.

The course the committee is proposing is not original. The Interdepartmental Pay-Personnel Board recognized the need to resort to enforced retirement. In its report the board stated:

It can not be expected that any increase in attrition that can be produced by lowering the retirement age or liberalizing voluntary retirement will result in sufficient elimination to produce a desirable rate of promotion. A certain number of compulsory removals from the active list will still be necessary and these removals, in order to produce the desired effect, must be confined largely to the officers appointed on or before July 1, 1920, i. e., to the prewar and World War groups. . . . The proper method for obtaining the number of compulsory terminations of active service that are necessary after the resources of retirement for age and physical disability and voluntary retirement have been exhausted, is by having a repre-

sentative, disinterested, and impartial board select annually the officers who are to be removed from the active list in order to bring about the total attrition that is required. Provided such a board is allowed due latitude in the discharge of its tasks, the result so obtained can be expected to be in the best interest of the service.

The effect of the committee's proposal as to the present line and promotion list group and the separations therefrom, if all grades were completely filled, would be as follows, the proportion of officers in the various grades to the proposed reduced number remaining the same:

Grades	Present distribution	Proposed distribution	Retirements
Major general . . . . .	21	17	4
Brigadier general . . . . .	46	37	9
Colonel . . . . .	470	384	86
Lieutenant colonel . . . . .	577	473	104
Major . . . . .	1,725	1,411	314
Captain . . . . .	3,450	2,822	628
First lieutenant . . . . .	2,067	2,179	
Second lieutenant . . . . .	1,974	1,007	855
Total . . . . .	10,930	8,930	2,000

Under the committee's provision in the bill, the removal of second lieutenants is left discretionary.

(The legislative provisions of the bill providing for the elimination of the 2,000 officers and setting up the machinery for the separation follows):

On page 10, line 11, of the bill, in connection with the appropriation "Pay, and so forth, of the Army":

\*\*\* Provided, further, That after September 30, 1932, the sum herein appropriated for the pay of officers shall not be used for the pay of more than ten thousand commissioned officers on the active list of the Regular Army: Provided further, That after September 30, 1932, the number of officers of the line and promotion list officers on the active list of the Regular Army shall not exceed eight thousand nine hundred and thirty, to be distributed among the following grades in the proportion now authorized by law, namely: Seventeen in the grade of major general, thirty-seven in the grade of brigadier general, three hundred and eighty-four in the grade of colonel, four hundred and seventy-three in the grade of lieutenant colonel, one thousand four hundred and eleven in the grade of major, and two thousand eight hundred and twenty-two in the grade of captain, and in the grades of first and second lieutenant the total number shall not exceed three thousand seven hundred and eighty-six: Provided further, That hereafter no promotion shall be made to fill a vacancy in any of the several grades designated unless such promotion be necessary within the number of such grade as herein prescribed: Provided further, That upon the approval of this act, the President shall convene a board of not less than five general officers on the active list of the Regular Army who shall select the officers to be removed from the active list in consequence thereof and the action of such board as to the number of and persons to be removed from the active list and the priority of their removal, except as to general officers, shall be final. Selections of general officers shall be subject to the approval of the President. Selections in the grades of second lieutenant to colonel, both inclusive, shall be confined to officers in such grades most advanced in age, except (1) that the board may exempt not to exceed five per centum of the total number of officers most advanced in age in each of such grades and, in addition, such Air Corps officers whose retirement may not be approved by the Chief of the Army Air Corps and exercise its discretion in the selection of other officers in lieu thereof, and (2) that the board may exempt completely officers in the grade of second lieutenant. In addition to such selections, the board also shall select such further number of officers most advanced in age from the grades of colonel and lieutenant colonel, to be removed from the active list on or before May 31, 1933, as will provide vacancies within the total number of eight thousand nine hundred and thirty line and promotion list officers for the class of cadets graduating from the Military Academy in the month of June, 1933: Provided further, That to the extent the total number of line

and promotion list officers selected for retirement in consequence hereof, exclusive of those selected to create vacancies for graduates of the Military Academy, shall be less than two thousand, the board shall select for retirement, at its discretion, such number of nonpromotion list officers as will equal such shortage: Provided further, That all officers selected for removal from the active list in consequence hereof shall be placed on the unlimited retired list with pay at the rate of 75 per centum of active pay.

### Flying Pay

In connection with the naval appropriation bill, the House approved a limit on the total amount that might be expended for flying pay, to be met administratively by confining flight orders to officers whose duties actually required them to engage regularly and frequently in aerial flights.

Out of a total of 958 naval officers estimated to draw flying pay during the fiscal year 1933, 18 per cent plus are in grades above lieutenant or the Army equivalent grade of captain. The estimates for the Military Establishment include provision for flight pay for a total of 1,448 officers, but 12 per cent plus of whom are in grades above captain. Not only does the Budget contemplate a greater proportion of officers in a flying pay status in the Navy than in the Army in the upper grades but the average rate of flying pay for the higher ranking Navy officers averages above 25 per cent more than the Army average.

The committee is proposing to reduce the amount estimated for flying pay for Army officers by \$112,500. Upon the basis that the number of higher ranking naval officers were comparable to the Army proportion and their average rate of flying pay no greater, the Army reduction, while proportionately about 10 per cent less than the reduction approved for the Navy, is as much as the committee is willing to recommend, since it is felt that the Navy can meet the entire reduction without touching its actual flyers, whereas a larger Army reduction might require resort to such a course.

### Enlisted Strength

The enlisted strength of the Army has not been disturbed. The bill provides for continuing the present force of 118,750 men, exclusive of 6,500 Philippine Scouts, and for the other personnel previously enumerated, with the exception that no provision is made for continuing on active duty either retired officers or retired enlisted men.

### Subsistence of the Army

By reason of reduced commodity costs, stores to the value of \$2,667,682 have been accumulated in excess of the value of stores normally carried of approximately \$5,000,000, indicated on page 140 of the hearings. The committee proposes to draft this excess, and, if need be, the department may dip into the working capital, although in the light of present market conditions respecting edibles that course would not appear to be necessary. Following the conclusion of the hearings the committee was advised that a further decline in one of the principal components of the ration would reduce the ration cost from 37 cents, the Budget basis, to 36 cents, and because of that information the committee has deducted the further sum of \$416,012. While the appropriation proposed is \$9,552,916 less than the current appropriation, there will be available in 1933 a balance carried forward from this year of more than \$4,150,000. With this carry-over, plus the draft on the working capital, unless prices should advance, the amount it is proposed to make available should prove adequate.

### Cut Horses and Forage

Of the \$909,205 the committee has deducted from the estimate under this head, \$750,000 represents a reduction proposed by the Quartermaster General on account of forage. An additional amount of \$85,000 has been taken off because of the committee's proposal to buy 500 horses, instead of 1,000 as contemplated by the Budget. The remainder of the reduction represents a transfer to the pooled appropriation for travel.

### Clothing and Equipage

The big item of expense, of course, is for clothing for enlisted men, indicated as \$4,778,704. Of this amount, however, \$2,006,531, represents the value of clothing undrawn by enlisted men, within the prescribed clothing allowance during their enlistments and which is paid to them in cash upon expiration thereof. The remainder will be supplemented by clothing available from stock to the value of \$4,182,549. The committee has deducted \$493,472 from the sum intended for purchases, which it believes is justified by present market conditions. It may be necessary to resort to a larger draft upon stock.

### Army Transportation

Of the reduction of \$5,555,456 proposed under this appropriation, as previously indicated \$3,363,840 represents a transfer to the pooled appropriation for travel. Generally speaking, deferments and reduced commodity costs accounts for another \$1,636,253, of which \$84,000 is on account of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles and \$984,500 is on account of motor-propelled trucks. The committee has approved \$80,000 for the procurement of ambulances and motor cycles and \$150,000 for motor-propelled trucks, and has included as section 3 of the bill a provision which will preclude the use of cars on hand, except by the Secretary of War, for other than official purposes, and the exclusive assignment of any except to the Secretary of War and medical officers on out-patient medical service.

(The legislative restriction referred to follows):

Sec. 3. No part of any money appropriated by this act shall be used for maintaining, driving, or operating any Government-owned motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle not used exclusively for official purposes; and "official purposes" shall not include the transportation of officers and employees between their domiciles and places of employment except in cases of medical officers on out-patient medical service and except in cases of officers and employees engaged in field work the character of whose duties makes such transportation necessary and then only as to such latter cases when the same is approved by the head of the department. This section shall not apply to any motor vehicle for official use of the Secretary of War and no other persons connected with the War Department or the Military Establishment, except medical officers on out-patient medical service, shall have a Government-owned motor vehicle assigned for their exclusive use.

The estimates include \$85,373 for the development and standardization of trucks and parts of truck chassis produced commercially, with a view to determining the extent of practical and economical interchangeability, and with a further view of adopting standard types at the beginning of the motor-replacement program which are adapted to quantity production in time of an emergency. The committee has omitted the amount. The plan, in part at least, suggests ultimately putting the Army into purchasing parts and assembling cars. The automotive industry, the committee feels may be relied upon to cooperate to the extent practicable in

(Please turn to Page 853)



# ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL

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"Established in obedience to an insistent demand for an official organ for members of the American Defense and those concerned with it, The Army and Navy Journal will be published in the interest of no party; it will be controlled by no clique. Its independence will be absolute. Its interests will be directed solely to the inculcation of sound military ideas and to the elevation of the public service in all its departments.—From Vol. I, No. 1, of The Army and Navy Journal, published August 20, 1893.

SATURDAY, MAY 7, 1932

"Americans will fight for their liberties and property."—GEORGE WASHINGTON.

**SURELY THE SENATE** will not permit the gross injustice done the Army, the Navy and the Marine Corps in the pay cut contained in the Omnibus Economy bill. It is true the objectionable provision exempts all base pay, including longevity, of \$2,500 annually and under, and to this extent it is, if we may use the word, acceptable. As it is, many first lieutenants and virtually every one above that grade will be deprived of some of the inadequate compensation they are receiving. We wish again to call attention to the fact that since 1908 no substantial increase in pay has been granted to the Armed Services, whereas all civilian government officials and clerks have enjoyed large salary raises. Moreover, officers, warrant officers and non-commissioned officers have expenses beyond those necessary for civilians, such as uniforms, constant transfer of stations, as well as, particularly in the case of the Navy and the Marine Corps, maintenance of a home ashore and payment of numerous and incidental essentials aboard ship. We urge the Senate and its Appropriations Committee to consider these facts and treat the Armed Services, as they should be treated—a class apart devoted to National Defense, and worthy of the care merited by men whose lives are ready for the supreme sacrifice.

**IT IS NOT SURPRISING** that the members of the House are in constant revolt. The Naval appropriation bill was thrown into the hopper of debate before members had an opportunity to study its provisions. The same procedure was followed in the case of the Omnibus Economy bill. It has been repeated in connection with the Army Appropriations bill. With respect to the latter, advance copies were given to the Press on Wednesday afternoon for publication in the newspapers of Thursday afternoon. No other copies were distributed. The bill was reported to the House Thursday, and debate began on Friday. If a member had a friend on the Appropriations Committee or in the Press Gallery, he could see the bill on Wednesday, otherwise not until Thursday. Thus, the people were deprived of any exact information regarding the bill until a few hours before the House began its debate. Time for analysis and for consideration of the effects of the drastic proposals made has been laughably short. Under the circumstances, it is not surprising that revolt has occurred, and we will be greatly mistaken if the rebellion does not occur today in connection with the destructive provisions of the Army bill. A member of the House likes to think he has independence, if he have it not; and the leaders will find they have made another tactical error in trying to ram down the throat of the Chamber a measure that the country is certain to resent. We are sending a copy of this issue of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL to every member of the House, and we ask each and all of them to place the seal of emphatic disapproval upon a procedure and a policy which are harmful not only to National Defense but to our Republican form of Government.

**WE ARE GRATEFULLY APPRECIATIVE** of the telegrams and letters we have received from numerous stations of the Services congratulating us upon the new form in which the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL is appearing and the excellence of the printing and paper stock we are using. Our advertisers, too, are pleased, and have written us expressing satisfaction with the changes made. We request our readers particularly to examine the advertisements that appear in this and other issues, for we know they will recognize their excellence, and, of course, since our advertisers help to support your ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, we urge you to patronize them. It is our effort to produce a publication that not only will fill all your news needs but will be a power to support those measures which are of vital importance to National Defense. Aid us by telling your friends to subscribe for the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL.

**WHEN SENATOR HALE, CHAIRMAN** of the Senate Naval Committee, starts something, he sticks until it is finished. Through his insistence, the Senate, by a vote of 46 to 25, made the Hale naval construction bill the order of business, and it will proceed with its discussion until disposed of by vote. Of those supporting the Hale motion, 28 were Republicans, and 18 Democrats, and those opposing, 9 were Republicans, 15 Democrats and 1 a Farmer-Laborite. Paired for the motion were 2 Republicans and 1 Democrat, and against it 2 Republicans and 1 Democrat. An analysis of the vote shows that representatives of 9 states opposed consideration of the bill—Alabama, Idaho, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Nebraska, New Mexico, North Dakota, and Wisconsin. The Senators in opposition, are, with the exception of Black of Alabama, so-called progressives. It occurs to us that National Defense friends in the States named should present the facts to the people so that prompt repudiation of the attitude of their Senators can be made.

**WE ARE CONFIDENT THE American people** will not permit the territorial pardon of the defendants in the Fortescue-Massey case to end the gross miscarriage of justice which is involved. We warn Hawaiians they must not permit conditions for which they alone are responsible to promote on their part an attitude of unfriendliness towards their parent country, and the Army and Navy which represent it. If war should occur, a patriotic spirit of cooperation must be shown by every inhabitant. Any other attitude would gravely embarrass military and naval operations, and arouse among Americans in the homeland far greater resentment than now exists. We hope the leaders in Hawaii will take a broad view of the situation, and institute reforms which will be in the interest both of their own community and that of the Government to which they owe allegiance, and accept, without cavil, the legislation Congress is about to enact. We may add that Hawaii is not helped by the unnecessary introduction of a resolution in the Hawaiian Legislature seeking the recall of Rear Admiral Yates Stirling, Jr., commandant of the Pearl Harbor Naval Base. Admiral Stirling has been vindicated by developments, and his views and recommendations have the hearty approval of his superiors and all fair-minded citizens. He will stay at Pearl Harbor until his tour of duty shall have expired; there is no doubt of that.

## Service Humor

### Good Measure

Rastus was proudly sporting a new shirt when a friend asked: "How many yards does it take for a shirt like that?" Rastus replied: "I got three shirts like this out of one yard last night."—*Newport Recruit.*

### Can't Fool Him

The cop got out his book and poised his stubby pencil. "What's your name?" "John Smith." "No your real name," bawled the officer, who had been tricked the day before. "Well then, put me down as William Shakespeare." "That's better. You can't fool me with that Smith stuff."—*USS Saratoga Plane Talk.*

### A Gentle Hint

The Bore: "I'm rather good at imitating any bird you can name." The Girl: "Yes? How about imitating a homing pigeon?"

### Not a Miracle

Shavetail: "So I've got to have an anaesthetic. How long will it be before I know anything?" Medico: "Now don't expect too much of the anaesthetic."

### Ho, Hum!

Conjuror: "Now, if any lady or gentleman will give me an egg, I will perform a really marvelous trick." Voice from Gallery: "Don't be silly! Don't you know by now there ain't a darned egg in the place?"

### So!

1st Country Banker: "Well, even though there was a panic they can't lay the blame at my door." 2nd Country Banker: "No responsibility, eh?" 1st Aforesaid: "No. No door."

### A Champpeen

Business Man (hiring stenographer): "Can you spell well." Stenog.: "Oh, much harder words than that."—*Asiatic Fleet Magazine.*

### Give Her a Tin Medal

"Svensson is so conceited." "Yes, on his last birthday he sent a telegram of congratulations to his mother!"

### More Gown, Less She

"Do you think I look all right in my new gown dear?" she asked. "Hm! Yes," replied her husband, "but I would suggest that if possible you get in a little farther."—*Boston Transcript.*

### And His Sweetie Waits

Corporal, arriving on post with relief: "Why didn't you halt me when you saw me approaching?"

Recruit: "Halt you—halt you here, why you're fifteen minutes late already."

**We want your jokes. Address the Humor Editor.**

## ASK THE JOURNAL

**SEND your queries to the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL QUESTION EDITOR** and an answer will be given as soon as possible after receipt, either in this column or by mail. Questions relative to living conditions at Army posts or Navy shore stations will be answered in detail by letter.

**R. J.**—Additional leave of absence in cases where a man has taken three months reenlistment furlough may be granted at the discretion of post authorities. Leave, however, is not a matter of right and can be granted or denied by commanding officers if they deem that the man cannot be spared.

**J. G.**—In regard to securing a short discharge for reenlistment for a foreign station, application may be made through official channels to the Adjutant General for this purpose. If your commanding officer, however, gives an unfavorable endorsement, the application would probably be denied.

**R. C.**—According to information received from the office of the Adjutant General, it has not been their policy during recent years to approve a furlough of the length of time you require for completing your college work. However, there is no reason why you should not apply for this furlough. Should you find a way to complete your college work and desire to attend an Air Corps ROTC School, the only such school you could attend next year would be the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, as the remaining Air Corps ROTC units will be discontinued at the end of this year.

## IN THE JOURNAL

**10 Years Ago**  
Col. T. Q. Ashburn, USA, selected by President Harding as his honorary aid to accompany him on a trip to Ohio.

**20 Years Ago**  
Ensign Ralph D. Weyerbacher, USN, has been selected for appointment as an assistant naval constructor.

**30 Years Ago**  
Bids were opened in the office of the Chief Signal Officer, Maj. Gen. A. W. Greely, USA, for radio equipment for certain posts in Alaska. This is the first move toward the adoption of a system of wireless telegraphy for the Army for communication between fixed bases.

**40 Years Ago**  
Lt. C. B. Baker, aide-de-camp to General McCook, has returned to Los Angeles from a trip to Ft. Wingate, N. Mex.

**60 Years Ago**  
A court of inquiry is hearing the case of Capt. G. H. Preble, who was summarily dismissed from the Navy in 1864 by President Lincoln for allowing the Confederate privateer Florida to run by his squadron and blockade into the port of Mobile. Captain Maffitt, who commanded the Florida at the time, has come forward in defense of Captain Preble, relating that he got his vessel within hailing distance by flying the British flag and that when he ran up the Confederate flag Preble promptly fired one shot and then a broadside which tore the Florida all to pieces.



War Dept.  
Corps Areas

## OFFICIAL ORDERS

Navy Dept.  
Marine Corps

## ARMY ORDERS

## GENERAL OFFICERS

The appointment of Brig. Gen. Campbell King, USA, as major general, with rank from May 1, is announced. (May 1).

The appointment of Col. Louis M. Nuttman, Inf., as brigadier general, with rank from May 1, is announced. (May 1).

Brig. Gen. A. G. Lott, detailed a member of classification board to meet for purpose of making classification of officers, vice Brig. Gen. F. C. Bolles, USA, relieved. (May 3).

## JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL'S DEPT.

MAJ. GEN. BLANTON WINSHIP,  
THE JAG

Capt. A. G. Braden, detailed OR duty, 3d CA, in addition to other duties. (Apr. 29).

MAJ. GEN. J. L. DEWITT, THE QMG

Capt. Howard Sallee, Pres. of S. F. Calif., proceed to home and await retirement. (Apr. 29).

Lt. Col. Claire R. Bennett, from S. F. gen. depot, Ft. Mason, Calif., to Hawaiian Dept., sailing from S. F., Calif., Sept. 23. (Apr. 29).

Col. C. L. Willard, from Ft. Benning, Ga., to Pres. of S. F. Calif., as qm. of that post, sailing from N. Y. C., June 18. (Apr. 29).

1st Lt. O. E. Fately, Letterman General Hospital, S. F., Calif., report president Army retiring board for examination. (Apr. 30).

Lt. Col. C. A. Clark, from QMC Sch., Philadelphia, Pa., June 30, to Ft. Jay, New York, as qm. (May 3).

Maj. R. F. Walsh, from duty with staff and faculty QMC Sch., Philadelphia, Pa., July 1, assigned as Asst. Comdt., same school, July 1. (May 3).

Capt. P. S. Holmes, from Detroit, Mich., Aug. 1, to QMC Sch., Philadelphia, Pa., as member of staff and faculty. (May 3).

Capt. W. F. Riter, from Governors Island, N. Y., Aug. 22, to QMC Sch., Philadelphia, Pa., as member of staff and faculty. (May 3).

Capt. H. G. Halverson, from QMC Sch., Philadelphia, Pa., to Ft. Banks, Mass., as qm., relieving Capt. W. M. Cline, who upon being relieved proceed to Ft. Sam Houston, Tex. (May 4).

1st Lt. W. F. Marshall, jr., from QMC Sch., Philadelphia, Pa., to Ft. Lewis, Wash., sailing from N. Y. C., July 27 for S. F. Calif., thence proceed to Ft. Lewis. (May 4).

1st Lt. I. K. Evans, from QMC Sch., Philadelphia, Pa., to Pres. of Monterey, Calif., sailing from N. Y. C., Aug. 20 for S. F. Calif. (May 4).

The following from QMC School, Philadelphia, Pa., to station indicated:

Capt. C. L. Carpenter, to Ft. Knox, Ky., for duty with the 28 Motor Repair Section.

Capt. A. Y. Culton, to Jefferson Barracks, Mo., for duty as assistant to the qm.

Capt. H. E. Willis, to Washington QM depot, Wash., D. C., for duty as assistant to the commanding officer.

1st Lt. E. Q. Faust, to Ft. Wayne, Mich., for duty as assistant to the qm.

1st Lt. K. L. Hastings, to AMC, Wash., D. C., for duty as assistant to the qm.

1st Lt. H. M. Manderbach, to Carlisle Barracks, Pa., for duty as assistant to the qm.

1st Lt. R. H. Torovsky, Ft. McPherson, Ga., for duty as assistant to the qm.

Capt. G. S. Denderick, from QMC Sch., Philadelphia, Pa., as student, report Philadelphia QM Depot, Philadelphia, Pa., as assistant to CO. (May 5).

Capt. W. L. Bartley, from QMC Sch., Philadelphia, Pa., to Ft. Bragg, N. C. (May 5).

The following from QMC Sch., Philadelphia, Pa., to station indicated:

Capt. W. A. Platts, Jeffersonville Qm. Depot, Jeffersonville, Ind.

Capt. T. H. Ramsey, Ft. McPherson, Ga. (May 5).

The following from QMC Motor Transport Sch., Holabird, Qm. Depot, Baltimore, Md., as students, report same station for duty with 1st Motor Repair Bn.:

Capt. R. W. Bryant, R. W. Johnson, H. W. Keith, L. M. Shields, and 2nd Lt. W. K. Gormley. (May 5).

## MEDICAL DEPARTMENT

MAJ. GEN. R. U. PATTERSON, THE SG

The following from present station, to Hawaiian Dept., sailing from N. Y. C., Aug. 26:

Maj. W. P. Dingle, MC, 2nd Lt. L. G. T. Perkins, MAC. (May 2).

The following from present station, to Philippine Dept., sailing from N. Y. C., Aug. 26:

Maj. W. P. Davenport, MC, Capt. R. G. Miller, DC, Capt. N. H. Wiley, MC, 1st Lt. W. A. Carlson, MC. (May 2).

The following on completion present tour foreign service to stations indicated:

Maj. C. W. Johnson, DC, to Ft. Des Moines, Ia.

Maj. L. B. Pillsbury, MC, to Letterman General Hospital, Presidio of San Francisco, Calif.

Capt. L. D. Heaton, MC, to Station Hospital, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.

2nd Lt. Paul Nixon, MC, to Ft. Leavenworth, Kan.

## Status of Promotion in Service

## ARMY PROMOTION STATUS

Promotions and vacancies on the Promotion List (Cumulative) Since April 29, 1932:

Last promotion to the grade of Col.—John A. Brockman, Inf., No. 20, Page 159, Jan., 1932, A. L. & Dir. Last nomination to the grade of Col.—Edward M. Olney, Cav. Vacancies—None. Senior Lt. Col.—John Cocke.

Last promotion to the grade of Lt. Col.—John K. Bland, Cav., No. 601, Page 161. Last nomination to the grade of Lt. Col.—Sumner M. Williams, QMC. Vacancies—None. Senior Maj.—Henry W. Hall, Cav.

Last promotion to the grade of Maj.—Charles M. Parkin, Inf., No. 2335, Page 167. Last nomination to the grade of Maj.—Joseph L. Tupper, Inf. Vacancies—None. Senior Capt.—William F. Heavey, C.E.

Last promotion to the grade of Capt.—Charles S. Shadle, CWS, No. 5769, Page 179. Last nomination to the grade of Capt.—Raymond Dalley, QMC. Vacancies—None. Senior 1st Lt.—Homer B. Chandler, AC.

Last promotion to the grade of 1st Lt.—Grant A. Williams, Cav., No. 8478, Page 189. Last nomination to the grade of 1st Lt.—Edgar R. C. Ward, CAC. Vacancies—None. Senior 2nd Lt.—Oliver W. van den Berg, FA.

Note—Lt. Col. Charles C. Burt, FD, having been found physically disqualified for promotion, will retire May 31, 1932, with rank of colonel from May 1, 1932.

2nd Lt. Albert Land, FA, having been found physically disqualified for promotion, will retire May 31, 1932, with rank of first lieutenant from May 31, 1932.

## MARINE CORPS

No changes were announced on April 28.

April 29, 1932

Capt. M. C. Gregory, detailed as Assistant Quartermaster effective June 15.

Capt. J. W. Webb, orders to MB, Quantico, Va., modified to MB, Washington, D. C.

1st Lt. G. H. Bollinger, assigned to duty at MB, Puget Sound NYd, Bremerton, Wash. Pay Clk. C. L. Post, appointed pay clerk and assigned to duty at MB, NOB, Pearl Harbor, T. H.

May 2, 1932

Capt. M. A. Richal, det. MCB, NOB, San Diego, Calif., to MB, NAS, San Diego, Calif.

1st Lt. O. H. Wheeler, Ors. to MB, NYd, Boston, Mass., modified to MD, RR, Wakefield, Mass.

1st Lt. F. C. Biobush, det. MB, NYd, Mare Island, Calif., to Nicaraguan National Guard Detachment via Grace Line steamer scheduled to sail from San Diego, Calif., on May 13.

2nd Lt. W. W. Childs, resignation accepted to take effect May 18.

2nd Lt. F. C. Croft, det. AS, Second Brigade, Nicaragua, to MCB, NOB, San Diego, Calif., via the USS Henderson, scheduled to sail from Corinto on or about May 19.

No changes were announced on April 30 and May 2.

May 4, 1932

Maj. Oliver Floyd, on completion of the present school year, det. MCSD, MB, Quantico, Va., to MB, NAS, Lakehurst, N. J.

Capt. R. O. Sanderson, on completion of the course det. Army Industrial College,

The following on completion present tour foreign service to stations indicated:

Lt. Col. A. D. Davis, MC, to Ft. Knox, Ky.

Maj. H. S. Blesse, MC, to Fitzsimmons General Hospital, Denver, Colo.

Maj. H. R. MacKellar, MC, to Ft. Bliss, Tex.

Maj. O. A. Newhouse, MC, to Jefferson Barracks, Mo.

Maj. J. L. Schock, DC, to William Beaumont General Hospital, El Paso, Tex.

2nd Lt. Joseph Carmack, MAC, to Carlisle Barracks, Pa. (May 2).

## Medical Corps

Lt. Col. J. A. Wilson, to Ft. Snelling, Minn., on completion present tour foreign service in Hawaiian Dept. (Apr. 29).

Maj. J. A. Mendelson, to Ft. F. E. Warren, Wyo., on completion present tour foreign service in China. (May 2).

Maj. T. L. Long, from Pres. of S. F., Calif., to Hawaiian Dept., sailing Sept. 23. (May 2).

Lt. Col. H. H. Sharpe, from Pres. of Monterey, Calif., to Philippine Dept., sailing from S. F., Calif., Sept. 21. (May 2).

Maj. A. W. Kenner and Maj. A. G. Compton detailed medical examiners and witnesses before Army retiring board to meet 1st C. A., Boston, Mass. (May 2).

1st Lt. W. A. D. Woolgar, from Ft. Lewis,

(Please turn to Next Page)

## NAVY PROMOTION STATUS

May 8, 1932

Rear Adm. J. W. Greenslade, Capt. R. C. Grady, Comdr. J. C. Clark, Lt. Comdr. J. W. Storm, Lt. F. L. McCollum.

## Medical Corps

Rear Adm. A. W. Dunbar, Capt. J. G. Ziegler, Comdr. R. M. Lhamon, Lt. Comdr. H. C. Johnston, Lt. H. O. Cosby, Jr.

## Dental Corps

Comdr. E. E. Harris, Lt. Comdr. H. G. Ralph, Lt. W. R. Burns.

## Supply Corps

Rear Adm. J. J. Cheatham, Capt. P. K. Van Mater, Comdr. S. R. White, Lt. Comdr. J. A. Field, jr., Lt. R. T. Roberts, jr., Lt. (jg) E. A. Chatham.

## Chaplain Corps

Capt. E. A. Duff, Comdr. T. L. Kirkpatrick, Lt. Comdr. J. M. Hester, Lt. R. B. Drinan.

## Construction Corps

Rear Adm. G. H. Rock, Capt. J. O. Gawne, Comdr. F. G. Crisp, Lt. Comdr. H. D. Lerner, Lt. M. E. Spring.

## Civil Engineer Corps

Rear Adm. F. T. Chambers, Capt. R. Whitman, Comdr. R. D. Spalding, Lt. Comdr. R. B. Yates, Lt. H. A. Bolles.

## USMC PROMOTION STATUS

May 8, 1932

Last Commissioned Will make number in grade indicated on next vacancy.

## Colonel

J. J. Meade Chandler Campbell

## Lieutenant Colonel

C. F. B. Price Russell H. Davis, jr.

## (AOM)

## Major

C. B. Cates Roswell Winans

## Captain

I. E. Odgers Paul A. Leaser

## First Lieutenant

Earle S. Davis Wm. D. Saunders, jr.

Washington, D. C., to MB, Washington, D. C. On completion of the present class of the Field Officers' Course, the following named officers detached MB, Quantico, Va., to the stations indicated:

Capt. G. F. Adams, MB, NAD, Hingham, Mass.

Capt. E. O. Ames, MB, Norfolk, NYd, Portsmouth, Va.

Capt. W. F. Beattie, Dofs, Philadelphia, Pa.

Capt. B. M. Coffenberg, MB, NYd, Philadelphia, Pa.

Capt. P. D. Cornell, MD, NYd, Washington, D. C.

Capt. W. B. Croka, MB, NYd, Philadelphia, Pa.

Capt. L. L. Gover, MB, Washington, D. C.

Capt. C. I. Murray, MD, USS Reina Mercedes, N. A., Annapolis, Md.

On completion of the present class of the Company Officers' Course, the following named officers detached MB, Quantico, Va., to the stations indicated:

Capt. T. E. Kendrick, MB, NOB, Hampton Roads, Norfolk, Va.

1st Lt. H. E. Darr, MB, Norfolk, NYd, Portsmouth, Va.

1st Lt. H. B. Enyart, MB, Washington, D. C.

1st Lt. F. W. Hanlon, MB, Parris Island, S. C.

1st Lt. W. P. Kelly, MB, NYd, Philadelphia, Pa.

1st Lt. R. D. Leach, MB, Washington, D. C.

1st Lt. H. D. Palmer, MB, Philadelphia, Pa.

1st Lt. Raymond T. Presnell, MB, Parris Island, S. C.

May 5, 1932

Maj. M. B. Humphrey, det. Garde d'Haiti, Port au Prince, Haiti, to Headquarters Marine Corps, Washington, D. C., via the June trip of the USS Kittery.

Capt. G. D. Jackson, on completion of the course det. the Infantry School, Ft. Benning, Ga., to the Naval War College, Newport, R. I.; to report not later than June 30.

Capt. W. W. Scott, on completion of the course at the Company Officers' School, det. MB, Quantico, Va., to MD, NF, NYd, Portsmouth, N. H.

Capt. F. D. Strong, on May 27 det. MB, Quantico, Va., to MD, USS Arizona.

1st Lt. J. L. Moody, det. Fourth Regt., Shanghai, China, to Dept. of Pacific.

1st Lt. R. J. Straub, det. Dept. of the Pacific, to MB, NOB, Pearl Harbor, T. H., via the USAT St. Mihel which sailed from San Francisco, Calif., on April 23.

2nd Lt. T. G. Ennis, on or about May 21 det. AS, ECEF, MB, Quantico, Va., to Observation Sqdn. 9-M, First Brigade, Haiti, via the USS Kittery scheduled to sail from Hampton Roads, Va., on or about June 3.

## NAVY ORDERS

April 28, 1932

Lt. Comdr. R. Pfaff, det. Marine Corps School, Quantico, Va., in June; to Asiatic Station.

Lt. C. C. Adell, det. Nav. Academy about May 28; to instr. Navy Trng. Sta., NOB, Hampton Roads, Va.

Lt. C. J. Balreich, det. Nav. Trng. Sta., NOB, Hampton Roads, Va., in May; to Asiatic Sta.

Lt. John L. Brown, det. Rec. Ship at San Francisco in May; to Asiatic Station.

Lt. H. W. Chanler, det. Nav. Academy, Annapolis, Md., in June; to USS Arkansas.

Lt. R. H. Crusen, det. Nav. Academy in May; to Asiatic Station.

Lt. Burton Davis, det. Nav. Academy in May; to Asiatic Station.

Lt. B. J. Dayton, det. USS Wyoming; continue trmt. Nav. Hosp., Wash., D. C.

Lt. Drayton Harrison, det. Nav. War College, Newport, R. I., about May 28; to Asiatic Station.

Lt. T. H. Hederman, det. Nav. Academy, Annapolis, Md., in May; to Asiatic Station.

Lt. C. H. Heightier, det. Nav. Academy in May; to Asiatic Station.

Lt. B. S. Mansfield, det. Nav. Academy, Annapolis, Md., in May; to USS Wyoming.

Lt. C. H. Momm, duty as engr. off. of USS Hamilton.

Lt. A. H. Richards, det. Nav. Academy, Annapolis, Md., in May; to Asiatic Station.

Lt. W. C. Russell, jr., det. Nav. Academy in May; to Asiatic Station.

Lt. A. R. Sodergren, det. Nav. Trng. Sta., NOB, Hampton Roads, Va., about May 3; to USS Trenton.

Lt. J. H. Thach, jr., det. Nav. Academy, Annapolis, Md., in May; to Asiatic Station.

Lt. W. E. Thayer, det. Nav. Academy in May; to Asiatic Station.

Lt. P. G. Wrenn, det. Nav. War College, Newport, R. I., about May 28; to Asiatic Station.

Lt. (jg) M. H. Bailey, det. USS Fairfax after June 12; to instr. Hdqtrs., 4th Nav. Dist., Philadelphia, Pa.

Lt. (jg) John P. Barrett, det. Navy Yard, Washington, D. C., in May; to Asiatic Station.

Lt. (jg) G. P. Biggs, det. USS Bridge after June 1; to instr. Hdqtrs., 3rd Nav. Dist., New York, N. Y.

Lt. (jg) T. R. Cowie, det. Columbia Univ., New York, N. Y., about June 2; to Asiatic Station.

Yt. (jg) J. S. Fitzgerald, det. USS Seattle about June 30; to USS Yarnall.

Lt. (jg) W. P. Folk, det. Nav. Academy in May; to Asiatic Station.

Lt. (jg) L. J. Geiger, det. USS California about June 15; to Aircraft Squads., at Ft. Air Base, Coco Solo, C. Z.

Lt. (jg) G. C. Gill, det. USS Jacob Jones after June 12; to instr. Hdqtrs., 5th Nav. Dist., Hampton Roads, Va.

Lt. (jg) D. W. Latimore, det. USS Leary in June; to USS Pensacola.

Lt. (jg) A. B. Leggett, det. Columbia Univ., New York, N. Y., about June 2; to Asiatic Station.

Lt. (jg) J. M. Miller, det. Columbia Univ., New York, N. Y., about June 2; to USS Taylor as engr. off.

Lt. (jg) G. B. Ogle, det. Columbia Univ., New York, N. Y., about June 2; to Asiatic Station.

Lt. (jg) C. A. Printup, det. USS Beaver; to instr. Hdqtrs., 12th Nav. Dist., San Francisco.

Lt. (jg) T. C. Ritchie, det. Nav. Academy, Annapolis, Md., about May 28; to instr. Nav. Trng. Sta., NOB, Hampton Roads, Va.

Lt. (jg) D. G. Roberts, det. USS Manley in June; to instr. Hdqtrs., 5th Nav. Dist., Hampton Roads, Va.

Lt. (jg) A. L. Borschach, det. Columbia Univ., New York, N. Y., about June 2; to USS Gamble as engr. off.

Lt. (jg) R. A. Sentman, det. USS R-5 about June 1; to temp. duty instr. Nav. Air Sta., Lakehurst, N. J.

Lt. (jg) O. P. Thomas, jr., det. USS McCormick about May 19; to USS Eagle No. 58.

Lt. (jg) E. W. Whitehead, det. Nav. Academy about May 28; to instr. Nav. Trng. Sta., NOB, Hampton Roads, Va.

Lt. (jg) G. C. Wright, det. Columbia Univ., New York, N. Y., about June 2; to USS Pennsylvania.

Ens. R. A. Heinlein, det. USS Lexington about June 17; to USS Roper.

Capt. T. W. Leutze (SC), det. as Off. in Chge., Navy Purch. and Disb. Office, New York, N. Y., on June 15; to Navy Yard, Portsmouth, N. H.

Comdr. R. T. Hanson (CC), det. as Asst. Nav. Attache, American Embassy, London, England, about June 15; to Navy Yard, Puget Sound, Wash.

Ch. Mach. John Reber, det. USS Allegheny about June 1; to Navy Yard, New York, N. Y.

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## Army Orders

(Continued from Preceding Page)

Wash., to Philippine Dept., sailing from S. F. Calif., Sept. 21. (May 2).

Maj. F. D. Francis, Walter Reed General Hospital, Wash., D. C., report Army retiring board for examination at Wash. (May 3).

Maj. J. R. Hall, detailed member of medical promotion examining board to meet Ft. Riley, Kans., vice Maj. J. B. Owen, during his leave only. (May 3).

Capt. R. S. Lilla, Ft. H. G. Wright, N. Y., to Walter Reed General Hospital, Wash., D. C., for treatment. (May 5).

## Dental Corps

Maj. N. A. Harper, from Army Dental School, AMC, Wash., D. C., to Hawaiian Dept., sailing from N. Y. C., Aug. 26 (May 2).

Maj. Eugene Milburn, from Creighton University, Omaha, Neb., to Philippine Dept., sailing from N. Y. C., Aug. 26. (May 2).

## Veterinary Corps

Maj. S. C. Smock, from Ft. Howard, Md., and Ft. Geo. G. Meade, Md., May 5, as attending veterinarian. (May 2).

## FINANCE DEPARTMENT

MAJ. GEN. FREDERICK W. COLEMAN, C. of Fin.

Maj. E. O. Hopkins, from office C. of Fin., Wash., D. C., to Baltimore, Md., June 10, as Finance Officer, USA, relieving Capt. T. H. Chambers, FD, who upon being relieved, report 3rd C. A. for duty as property auditor. (Apr. 29).

Lt. Col. C. C. Burt, having been found physically disqualified for duties as colonel, his retirement May 31, announced. (May 5).

## CORPS OF ENGINEERS

MAJ. GEN. LYTLE BROWN, C. of E.

Maj. E. H. Ropes, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., proceed to home, May 12, await retirement. (Apr. 29).

Lt. Col. M. C. Tyler, from duty as assistant division engineer, Gulf of Mexico Div., New Orleans, La., to duty as district engr., first New Orleans district, New Orleans, La., June 1. (Apr. 29).

1st Lt. C. G. Hollis, from duty as assistant District Engr., Greenville, Miss., June 23, to Vicksburg, Miss., as assistant to Division Engr., Lower Mississippi Valley Div., for additional duty as assistant to President, Mississippi River Commission. (May 5).

1st Sgt. W. F. M. Langwell, from State University of Iowa, Iowa City, Ia., to duty as assistant district engr., 2nd N. Y. District. (May 5).

Lt. Col. C. K. Pettis, from Ft. Logan, Colo., to Fifth C. A., Ft. Hayes, Ohio, July 1. (May 5).

## ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT

MAJ. GEN. SAMUEL HOF, C. of O.

Maj. R. H. Somers, from duty at Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, Mass., Aug. 27, to office C. of O., Wash., D. C. (May 2).

Col. T. C. Dickson, Watertown Arsenal, Mass., proceed to home May 17 and await retirement. (May 3).

Maj. O. J. Gatchell, from office of C. of O., Wash., D. C., to Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, Mass., Sept. 15. (May 3).

## SIGNAL CORPS

MAJ. GEN. I. J. CARR, CSO

Col. F. J. Griffin, Letterman General Hospital, Pres. of S. F., Calif., report Army retiring board 9th C. A., for examination. (May 3).

The following from Ft. Monmouth, N. J., Aug. 25, report comdt. Signal School for duty as student in 1932-33 course: Capt. G. C. Black, Capt. A. M. Mixson, Capt. J. C. Van Ingen, 1st Lt. J. H. Brewer, 1st Lt. N. K. Elward, 1st Lt. S. S. Lamb, 2nd Lt. W. B. Lawre, and 2nd Lt. C. G. Nelson. (May 4).

The following from present duty, to Ft. Monmouth, N. J., as students in 1932-33 course at Signal School, Aug. 25: 1st Lt. R. E. Burns, 1st Lt. H. P. Roberts. (May 4).

Capt. F. G. Miller, to Ft. Monmouth, N. J., on completion present tour foreign service in Philippine Dept. (May 4).

2nd Lt. G. L. Richon, assigned to Ft. Monmouth, N. J., on completion present tour foreign service in Philippine Dept. (May 4).

2nd Lt. R. H. G. Meyer, from assignment Yale University, New Haven, Conn., proceed to Ft. Monmouth, N. J., until sailing Aug. 26 from N. Y. C., for Philippine Dept. (May 4).

2nd Lt. F. F. Uhrhane, to Ft. Monmouth, N. J., on completion present tour foreign service in Panama. (May 4).

2nd Lt. A. M. Wright, from assignment Yale University, New Haven, Conn., proceed

to Ft. Monmouth, N. J., until sail Sept. 2, from N. Y. C., for Panama. (May 4).

## CAVALRY

MAJ. GEN. G. V. HENRY, C. of Cav.

Lt. Col. H. W. Baird, from OR, 4th C. A., and assignment 316th FA Observation Bn., Miami, Fla., to 1st C. A., Boston, Mass., as Asst. Coordinator. (Apr. 29).

1st Lt. A. W. Farwick, from Ft. Sheridan, Ill., July 1, to University of Arizona, Tucson, Ariz. (Apr. 30).

Lt. Col. A. W. Holderness, from member GSC, from assignment War Dept. Gen. St., from office C. of St., Wash., D. C., June 30, to Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., for temporary duty on completion of which proceed to Tucson, Ariz. (Apr. 30).

Capt. R. S. Parker, from Norwich University, Northfield, Vt., to 1st Cav. Div., Ft. Bliss, Tex., sailing from N. Y. C., July 27, for S. F., Calif., thence proceed to Ft. Bliss. (May 2).

Capt. L. G. Gibney, from Ft. Riley, Kans., to Pres. of Monterey, Calif., sailing from N. Y. C., July 27 for S. F., Calif. (May 3).

1st Lt. Christian Knudsen, from Ft. Myer, Va., to Culver Military Academy, Culver, Ind. (May 4).

## FIELD ARTILLERY

MAJ. GEN. H. G. BISHOP, C. of FA.

The following from FA Sch., Ft. Sill, Okla., to Philippine Dept., sailing from S. F., Calif., Sept. 21: 1st Lt. R. A. Ellsworth and 1st Lt. David Larr. (Apr. 29).

The following from Ft. Sill, Okla., to Philippine Dept., sailing from S. F., Calif., Sept. 21: 1st Lt. J. D. Balmer and G. R. Carpenter. (Apr. 29).

Capt. J. P. Batay, from New York City with pilgrimage of mothers and widows to cemeteries of Europe, designated student Command and General Staff School, Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., in 1932-34 course, Aug. 20. (Apr. 30).

Capt. A. E. Carmichael, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., to home and await retirement, May 10. (May 2).

1st Lt. C. K. McAllister, detailed in FD, June 24, from Ft. Lewis, Wash., to Ft. McPherson, Ga., on completion course of instruction at Finance School, Wash., D. C., sailing from S. F., Calif., June 28 for N. Y. C. (May 3).

Lt. Col. E. W. Wildrick, from detail as member GSC, from War Dept. Gen. St., and duty in office of C. of St., Wash., D. C., June 1, to Governors Island, N. Y., until sail Aug. 26 for Hawaiian Dept. (May 3).

1st Lt. T. E. Smith, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., report president Army retiring board, 8th C. A., for examination. (May 3).

Capt. E. A. Henn, from Army War College, Wash., D. C., to Philippine Dept., sailing from N. Y. C., Aug. 26. (May 4).

1st Lt. R. K. Quekemeyer, Gainesville, Fla., from assignment Ft. Bragg, N. C., to University of Florida, Gainesville, Fla. (May 4).

2nd Lt. Albert Lang, having been examined and found physically disqualified by Army retiring board, for active service, his retirement announced, May 31. (May 5).

## COAST ARTILLERY CORPS

MAJ. GEN. J. W. GULICK, C. of CA

Maj. J. L. Scott, from Command and General Staff School, Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., assigned to Ft. McEllan, Ala. (Apr. 30).

Lt. Col. E. A. Stockton, from 2nd CA District, N. Y. C., Aug. 24, to Wash., D. C., Chief, Bureau of Insular Affairs. (May 3).

Maj. E. C. Mead, from Command and General Staff School, Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., to Ft. Totten, N. Y., until sailing Oct. 6 for Panama Canal Dept. (May 2).

## INFANTRY

MAJ. GEN. S. O. FUQUA, C. of Inf.

Capt. H. B. Beavers, from 29th Inf., Ft. Benning, Ga., to Infantry School, same station, as student in 1932-33 advanced course. (Apr. 29).

Capt. R. B. McClure, to 29th Inf., Ft. Benning, Ga., on completion present tour of foreign service in China. (Apr. 29).

Capt. P. E. Leiber, from office C. of Inf., Wash., D. C., to Philippine Dept., sailing from N. Y. C., Aug. 26. (Apr. 29).

The following from Command and General Staff School, Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., to Philippine Dept., sailing from N. Y. C., Aug. 26: Capt. C. L. Bolte, Capt. I. M. Oseth and Capt. D. F. Pratt. (Apr. 29).

Capt. R. C. Hamilton, from Ft. Moultrie, S. C., to Philippine Dept., sailing from N. Y. C., Aug. 26. (Apr. 29).

The following from Infantry School, Ft. Benning, Ga., to Philippine Dept., sailing from N. Y. C., Aug. 26:

1st Lt. H. D. McHugh, Capt. J. R. Deane, and 2nd Lt. C. F. Fritzsche, R. B. Hubbard and D. G. Strickler. (Apr. 29).

Capt. C. M. Ulsaker, from Infantry School, Ft. Benning, Ga., to Philippine Dept., sailing from N. Y. C., Aug. 26. (Apr. 29).

1st Lt. L. G. Degnan, from College of City of N. Y. C., sail Aug. 26 for Philippine Dept. (Apr. 29).

1st Lt. E. E. Sebree, from Western Military Academy, Alton, Ill., sail Aug. 26, from N. Y. C., for Philippine Dept. (Apr. 29).

Capt. J. J. Coghlan, from Command and General Staff School, Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., to Philippine Dept., sailing from N. Y. C., Aug. 26. (Apr. 29).

Capt. J. W. Curtis, from Cornell University, Ithaca, N. Y., to Philippine Dept., sailing from N. Y. C., Aug. 26. (Apr. 29).

1st Lt. H. W. Fairbrother, from Signal School, Ft. Monmouth, N. J., to Philippine Dept., sailing from N. Y. C., Aug. 26. (Apr. 29).

Capt. Alston Deas, from the Citadel, Charleston, S. C., Hawaiian Dept., sailing from N. Y. C., Aug. 26. (Apr. 29).

Lt. Col. R. M. Lyon, from U. S. Military Academy, West Point, N. Y., Aug. 20, to Ft. Wayne, Mich. (Apr. 29).

Lt. Col. J. C. French, upon own application retired from active service, after more than thirty-two years' service, July 31. (Apr. 29).

Maj. J. LeT. Lancaster, from Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., to OR, 3rd C. A., Pittsburgh, Pa. (Apr. 29).

1st Lt. Stanley Powloski, from Wilkes-Barre, Pa., July 15, to Ft. Slocum, N. Y. (Apr. 29).

Maj. H. H. Fletcher, from W. Va. University, Morgantown, W. Va., July 15, detailed instructor Inf., Mass. NG, Worcester, Mass. (Apr. 29).

Capt. E. C. Adkins, from Ft. Benning, Ga., to Indiana University, Bloomington, Ind. (Apr. 29).

Maj. G. P. Baldwin, from detail as member GSC, from War Dept. Gen. St., from office C. of St., Wash., D. C., June 30, to W. Va. University, Morgantown, W. Va. (Apr. 29).

Maj. C. P. Stivers, from Infantry School, Ft. Benning, Ga., June 1, to Ft. Sam Houston, Tex. (Apr. 30).

Maj. S. J. Heldner, from Army War College, Wash., D. C., to Ecole de Guerre, France, sailing from N. Y. C., May 25, for Havre, France, thence proceed to Paris, France. (May 2).

Capt. L. A. Bessette, from 1st Tank Reg., Ft. Geo. G. Meade, Md., to French Tank Sch., Versailles, France, sailing from N. Y. C., May 25 for Havre, France, thence proceed to Paris, France. (May 2).

Capt. W. M. Tow, from Tank School, Ft. Geo. G. Meade, Md., to Lehigh University, Bethlehem, Pa. (May 2).

1st Lt. J. W. Harmony, from Ft. Benning, Ga., Sept. 1, to University of Maryland, College Park, Md. (May 3).

1st Lt. Reed Graves, from Ft. Benning, Ga., to Ft. Howard, Md. (May 3).

Capt. W. C. Louissell, from pilgrimage of mothers and widows to cemeteries of Europe, Paris, France, detailed Staunton Military Academy, Staunton, Va., Sept. 10. (May 3).

1st Lt. S. R. Hinds, from Schofield Bks., T. H., detailed Kamehameha Schools, Honolulu, T. H. (May 4).

Capt. K. G. Athans, from Command and General Staff School, Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., to Hawaiian Dept., sailing from N. Y. C., July 27. (May 4).

Capt. G. E. Buler, from Montana St. College of Agriculture and Mechanical Arts, Bozeman, Mont., to S. F., Calif., sailing from N. Y. C., Sept. 23, and thence to Hawaiian Dept., sailing Sept. 23. (May 4).

Capt. A. P. Fox, from Infantry School, Ft. Benning, Ga., to N. Y. C., and sail Aug. 26 for Hawaiian Dept. (May 4).

The following from Infantry School, Ft. Benning, Ga., to Hawaiian Dept., sailing from N. Y. C., July 27: Capt. C. S. Gilbert, and 1st Lt. L. P. Leone. (May 4).

Capt. H. R. Roberts, from OR, 4th C. A., Knoxville, Tenn., to Hawaiian Dept., sailing from N. Y. C., Aug. 26. (May 4).

Capt. E. LeV. Lyons, from Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, College Station, Tex., to Hawaiian Dept., sailing from S. F., Calif., Sept. 23. (May 4).

Maj. C. A. Stokes, from Command and General Staff School, Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., detailed instructor, Inf. S. C. NG, Spartanburg, S. C. (May 4).

Maj. J. W. G. Stephens, from QMC Sch., Philadelphia, Pa., to Ft. Wayne, Mich. (May 4).

Maj. J. R. Brooke, jr., designated as student at Command and General Staff School, Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., for 1932-34 course, from Ft. Sam Houston, Tex. (May 5).

Maj. P. P. Salgado, from Infantry School, Ft. Benning, Ga., to 24th Inf., Ft. Benning, Ga.

## AIR CORPS

MAJ. GEN. B. D. FOULLOIS, C. of AC

2nd Lt. E. R. Quesada, Wash., D. C., from assignment asst. mil. attache for air, Havana, Cuba, to Bolling Field, D. C. (Apr. 30).

Capt. A. J. Melanson, from Chicago, Ill., to Langley Field, Va. (Apr. 30).

1st Lt. F. S. Tandy, from detail in AC, from Randolph Fld., Tex., to Ft. Du Pont, Del. (May 2).

1st Lt. J. T. Cumberpatch, from University of Calif., Berkeley, Calif., to Mitchell Fld., L. I., N. Y., sailing from N. Y. C., June 28 for S. F., Calif. (May 4).

## LEAVES

Lt. Col. J. C. French, Inf., three months, Apr. 30. (Apr. 29).

Maj. A. M. Wilson, QMC, three months, 24 days, May 7. (Apr. 29).

Capt. C. A. Easterbrook, AGD, two days, May 3. (Apr. 29).

Maj. C. H. Seals, GSC, 26 days, May 3. (Apr. 30).

Maj. W. R. McClure, Inf., two months upon arrival S. F., Calif. (Apr. 30).

Maj. D. M. Beere, FA, one month, June 20. (Apr. 30).

Maj. C. K. Nulsen, Inf., one month, July 1. (Apr. 30).

Maj. D. Johnson, AC, one month, June 17. (Apr. 30).

Maj. L. R. Cole, GSC, two days, May 5. (Apr. 30).

Capt. E. A. Higgins, Inf., one month, 11 days, upon arrival N. Y. C. (Apr. 30).

Capt. W. H. Brookley, AC, two months, July 5. (Apr. 30).

Capt. G. S. Eyster, Inf., one month, 25 days, June 15. (Apr. 30).

Capt. J. W. Russey, FA, three months, July 22. (Apr. 30).

Maj. E. B. Lyon, AC, two months, 15 days, July 11. (Apr. 30).

Maj. W. C. Crane, GSC, one month, 15 days, July 9. (Apr. 30).

Maj. L. W. Miller, CE, one month, 27 days, June 18. (Apr. 30).

Capt. J. W. MacKelvie, FA, two months, June 30. (Apr. 30).

1st Lt. L. E. Mielenz, CE, one month, June 1. (Apr. 30).

1st Lt. P. H. Martin, MC, one month, June 4. (Apr. 30).

1st Lt. L. F. Kengla, jr., Inf., two months, 8 days, June 25. (Apr. 30).

2nd Lt. C. B. King, Inf., one month, 14 days, June 11. (Apr. 30).

2nd Lt. E. F. Merchant, Inf., one month, 20 days, July 1. (Apr. 30).

2nd Lt. H. S. Hansell, jr., AC, one month, June 5. (Apr. 30).

2nd Lt. LeRoy Bartlett, jr., CE, one month, 15 days, May 16. (Apr. 30).

2nd Lt. C. B. Stone, III, AC, one month, 13 days, July 5. (Apr. 30).

Maj. H. L. Robb, CE, one month, 20 days, May 16. (Apr. 30).

Capt. D. L. Hooper, CE, two months, 3 days, June 13. (Apr. 30).

Capt. H. F. Seeley, Inf., two months, July 1. (Apr. 30).

2nd Lt. A. W. Kissner, AC, one month, 15 days, July 10. (Apr. 30).

Capt. S. G. Frierson, AC, two months, 10 days, June 15. (Apr. 30).

1st Lt. G. E. Lightcap, Inf., one month, May 2. (Apr. 30).

W. O. Claude Hinkley, one month, 17 days, to expire not later than Sept. 1. (May 2).

Maj. E. G. Sherburne, Inf., two months, 15 days, June 15. (May 2).

Capt. D. B. Greenwood, CAC, two months, June 20. (May 2).

1st Lt. R. L. Daniel, MC, twenty days, June 4. (May 2).

1st Lt. R. C. Lawes, FA, two months, June 15. (May 2).

Maj. J. P. Aleshire, GSC, one day, May 3. (May 2).

Lt. Col. W. T. MacMillan, AGD, two days, May 7. (May 3).

Maj. E. D. Patrick, Inf., two months, 20 days, June 5. (May 3).

Maj. M. P. Rudolph, MC, extension 10 days. (May 3).

Capt. A. F. Hegenberger, AC, two months, May 3. (May 3).

Capt. C. McMullen, AC, two months, May 3. (May 3).

Capt. C. W. Ford, AC, two months, 15 days, June 6. (May 3).

Capt. E. W. Timberlake, CAC, one month, 10 days, June 27. (May 3).

Capt. R. N. Mackin, jr., CAC, extension one month. (May 3).

Capt. R. H. Garity, Cav., one month, 3 days, Aug. 10. (May 3).

Capt. C. M. Downs, MC, one month, 15 days, Sept. 27. (May 3).

1st Lt. P. B. Kelly, CAC, one month, 28 days, on relief present duty. (May 3).

1st Lt. R. P. Clay, FA, one month, 15 days, July 1. (May 3).

1st Lt. W. C. Stanton, FA, two months, June 10. (May 3).

2nd Lt. H. R. Johnson, Inf., 28 days, June 2. (May 3).

2nd Lt. E. F. Shepherd, QMC, two months, June 8. (May 3).

2nd Lt. J. W. Smyly, jr., Inf., one month, upon arrival in N. Y. C. (May 3).

Maj. Gen. J. W. Gulick, C. of CAC, ten days, May 9. (May 3).

Maj. Gen. C. H. Bridges, The AG, three days, May 4. (May 3).

Lt. Col. C. H. Wright, GSC, three days, May 6. (May 4).

Capt. P. C. Ragan, AGD, three days, May 30. (May 4).

Lt. Col. R. M. Parker, GSC, two days, May 6. (May 5).

(Continued on next page)

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Keynote Aircraft Corporation, Bristol, Pa.



## Army Orders

(Continued from Preceding Page)

Lt. J. F. Clapham, AGD, one day, May 7. (May 5).  
 Maj. E. H. Marks, GSC, one day, May 6. (May 5).  
 Lt. Col. W. S. Fulton, GSC, two days, May 5. (May 5).

## PROMOTIONS

**Quartermaster Corps**  
 1st Lt. L. B. Savage, to captain. (Apr. 1).  
**Ordnance Department**  
 Lt. Col. J. H. Read, jr., to colonel. (Apr. 1).

**Chemical Warfare Service**  
 1st Lt. C. S. Shadle, to Captain. (Apr. 1).  
**Cavalry**  
 Maj. J. K. Brown, to lieutenant colonel. (Apr. 1).  
 2nd Lt. G. A. Williams, to first lieutenant. (Apr. 1).

**Coast Artillery Corps**  
 Maj. J. H. Cunningham, to lieutenant colonel. (Apr. 1).  
 2nd Lt. A. E. Watson, jr., to first lieutenant. (Apr. 1).

**Infantry**  
 Lt. Col. R. J. Binford, to colonel. (Apr. 1).  
 Lt. Col. J. A. Brockman, to colonel. (Apr. 1).  
 Maj. S. B. Buckner, jr., to lieutenant colonel. (Apr. 1).

Capt. W. H. Halstead, to major. (Apr. 1).  
 Capt. R. Gordon, to major. (Apr. 1).  
 Capt. C. McD. Parkin, to major. (Apr. 1).  
 1st Lt. R. C. Jacobs, jr., to captain. (Apr. 1).

1st Lt. R. E. Moore, to Capt. (Apr. 1).  
 2nd Lt. R. J. Herte, to first lieutenant. (Apr. 1).  
 2nd Lt. J. O. Wade, to first lieutenant. (Apr. 1).

2nd Lt. B. W. Brady, to first lieutenant. (Apr. 1).  
 2nd Lt. H. M. Grizzard, to first lieutenant. (Apr. 1).  
 2nd Lt. J. Ross, to first lieutenant. (Apr. 1).

**Air Corps**  
 1st Lt. O. G. Kelly, to captain. (Apr. 1).  
 1st Lt. B. T. Castor, to captain. (Apr. 1).  
 1st Lt. J. A. Mollison, to captain. (Apr. 1).  
 1st Lt. H. W. Beaton, to captain. (Apr. 1).  
 2nd Lt. C. H. Deerwester, to first lieutenant. (Apr. 1).

2nd Lt. C. W. O'Connor, to first lieutenant. (Apr. 1).  
 2nd Lt. B. A. Bridget, to first lieutenant. (Apr. 1).  
 2nd Lt. C. A. Bassett, to first lieutenant. (Apr. 1).

**Veterinary Corps**  
 Capt. H. K. Moore, to major. (Apr. 2).  
 2nd Lt. A. T. Thompson, to first lieutenant. (Apr. 8).

**Chaplains**  
 Capt. H. D. Southard, to major. (Apr. 4).

**RESIGNATIONS**  
 The resignation of 2nd Lt. W. J. Henry, MAC, is accepted by the President. (May 3).

**ARMY NURSE CORPS**  
 The retirement of 1st Lt. Henrietta Davidson, June 30, announced. (Apr. 20).  
 2nd Lt. Alma Galferty, Letterman General Hospital, Pres. of S. F., Calif., proceed to home, May 24, await retirement. (May 2).

**WARRANT OFFICERS**  
 W. O. L. H. Lee, from 9th C. A., Pres. of S. F., Calif., to Philippine Dept., sailing from S. F., Calif., Sept. 21. (May 2).

**RETIREMENT OF ENLISTED MEN**  
 St. Sgt. M. G. Phipps, Inf., placed on retired list at Pres. of S. F., Calif., Apr. 30, sent to home. (Apr. 20).

Mr. Sgt. Herman Gruseman, Cav., placed on retired list at Cav. Sch., Ft. Riley, Kans., Apr. 30, sent to home. (Apr. 20).  
 Tech. Sgt. W. C. Wheatly, placed on retired list at Ft. Wayne, Mich., Apr. 30, sent to home. (Apr. 20).

1st Sgt. Frank Drzevicki, Inf., placed on retired list at Schofield Bks., T. H., Apr. 30, sent to home. (Apr. 20).  
 Mr. Sgt. Neil McInnis, Inf., placed on retired list at Schofield Bks., T. H., Apr. 30, sent to home. (Apr. 20).

Sgt. A. O. Dumaine, CAC, placed on retired list at Ft. H. G. Wright, N. Y., May 31, sent to home. (May 4).

**BOARDS**  
 An examining board to consist of the following named officers is appointed to meet in Washington, at the call of the president for the purpose of examining such officers as may be directed to report to the board for examination to determine their fitness for promotion:  
 Col. R. T. Ellis, QMC.

## FLEET DIRECTORY

MAY 5, 1932

Address mail for vessels in Atlantic "Care of Postmaster, New York City."  
 Adm. F. H. Schofield, Commander-in-Chief, USS Pennsylvania (flagship), San Francisco.  
 Address all mail for vessels of Battle Force as follows: Battleship Divisions, "Care of Postmaster, San Pedro, Calif.;" Submarine Division and Destroyer Squadrons, "Care of Postmaster, San Diego, Calif."

## BATTLE FORCE

Adm. R. H. Leigh, Commander-in-Chief, California (flagship).

## Battleships

Vice Adm. Luke McNamee, Commander.  
 Division 1—New York, Oklahoma, Texas, San Francisco.

Division 2—Mississippi, Navy Yard, Norfolk, Va.; New Mexico, Navy Yard, Philadelphia, Pa.; Idaho, Navy Yard, Norfolk, Va.  
 Division 3—Tennessee, Arizona, Nevada, San Francisco, Calif.

Division 4—West Virginia, Maryland (flagship of Admiral McNamee), California, Colorado, San Francisco.

## Cruiser Division Three

Rear Adm. C. H. Woodward, Commander.  
 Milwaukee, Balboa to San Francisco; Cincinnati, Concord, Omaha, San Francisco.

## Destroyers, Battle Force

## Flotilla Two

Rear Adm. E. C. Kalbfus, Commander.  
 Rigel, San Diego; Detroit (flagship), Melville (tender), San Francisco; Altair, Mare Island, Calif.; Boggs, Stoddert, Navy Yard, Mare Island.

Squadron Four—Decatur (leader), San Francisco.  
 Division 10—Zane, Perry, Wasmuth, Trever, San Francisco.

Division 11—Preston, San Francisco.  
 Division 12—Hovey, Long, Chandler, Southard, San Francisco.

Squadron Two—Litchfield (leader), San Francisco.

Division 4—Talbot, Navy Yard, Bremerton, Wash.; Dent, Waters, Rathburne, San Francisco.

Division 5—Dorsey, Lea, Roper, San Francisco; Elliott, Bremerton, Wash.

Division 6—Aaron Ward, Crowningshield, Buchanan, Hale, San Francisco.  
 Division 16—Broome, Pruitt, Sicard, San Francisco; Alden, Mare Island, Calif.

Evans, Wickes, Mare Island, Calif.

Phillip, Balboa to San Francisco.

## Aircraft, Battle Force

Rear Adm. H. E. Yarnall, Commander.  
 Carrier Division 2—Saratoga, San Francisco, Calif.; Gannett, Seward, Alaska; Lexington, Navy Yard, Bremerton, Wash.

## Miner Force, Battle Force

Rear Adm. George T. Pettingill, Commander.

Oglala (flagship), Pearl Harbor, T. H.  
 Division 1—Ramsay, Gamble, Breese, Montgomery, Pearl Harbor, T. H.

Division 2—Tanager, Whippoorwill, Quail, Pearl Harbor, T. H.; Lark, Suva, Fiji Islands.

Col. F. W. Bugbee, Inf.

Col. G. M. Russell, Cav.

Maj. P. E. McNabb, MC.

Capt. A. W. Spittler, MC.

1st Lt. G. C. McDonald, AC, is detailed as recorder of the board. (Apr. 30).

An Army retiring board is appointed to meet at headquarters First Corps Area, Boston, Mass., from time to time, at the call of the president of the board, for the examination of such officers as may be ordered before it. Detail for the board:

## Members

Brig. Gen. Alston Hamilton, USA.

Col. T. L. Ames, OD.

Col. J. F. Gohn, Inf.

Col. P. L. Freeman, MC.

Maj. R. D. Harden, MC.

## Recorder

1st Lt. J. F. Sturman, jr., FA. (May 2).

## ORGANIZED RESERVES

Capt. Adolph Lagsner, Spec-Res., to active duty, June 17, at Chicago, Ill. (Apr. 20).

1st Lt. Frank Holland, Spec-Res., to active duty, June 12, at Chicago, Ill. (Apr. 20).

Maj. G. L. Walker, Engr-Res., to active duty, May 1, at Washington, office C. of E. (Apr. 20).

2nd Lt. J. H. Foster, Air-Res., to active

(Please turn to Page 855)

## BASE FORCE

Rear Adm. Henry H. Hough, Commander.  
 Argonne (flagship of Admiral Hough), San Francisco, Calif.

Train Squadron 1—Antares, San Francisco, Calif.; Brazos, Vestal, San Francisco; Bridge, San Francisco.

Train Squadron 2—Arctic, Mare Island, Calif.; Medusa, Relief, San Francisco, Calif.; Cuyama, Mare Island; Neches, San Francisco, Calif.

## SCOUTING FORCE

Vice Adm. A. L. Willard, Commander.  
 Send mail "Care of Postmaster, New York City."

Augusta (flagship of Admiral Willard), San Francisco.

## Cruisers, Scouting Force

Vice Adm. Wm. H. Standley, Commander.  
 Vestal (repair ship), San Francisco, Calif.

Division 5—Chicago (flagship), Salt Lake City, Louisville, San Francisco.

Division 4—Northampton, San Francisco; Pensacola, Mare Island; Chester, Canal Zone, en route to New York.

Division 2—Richmond, Trenton, San Francisco; Marblehead, Navy Yard, Boston, Mass.

## Training Squadron

Rear Adm. C. C. Bloch, Commander.

Wyoming, New York, N. Y.; Arkansas (flagship), San Francisco, Calif.

## Destroyer Squadron 10

Division 23—Fairfax, San Francisco, Calif.; Taylor, Charleston, S. C.; Hamilton, San Francisco; Claxton, Navy Yard, Bremerton, Wash.

Division 29—Reuben James, Bainbridge, Goff, Philadelphia, Pa.; Tillman, Boston, Mass.

## Aircraft, Scouting Force

## Carrier Division 1

Capt. Geo. W. Steele, Commander.

Wright, Sandpiper, Teal, San Diego, Calif.; Swan, Coco Solo, C. Z.; Langley, San Diego, Calif.

## Destroyers, Scouting Force

Rear Adm. W. D. Leahy, Commander.

Raleigh (flagship), San Francisco; Manley, San Francisco, Calif.

Squadron 1—Dallas, Whitney, San Francisco.

Division 1—Breckenridge, Barney, Blakeley, Biddle, San Francisco.

Division 2—Bernadou, San Diego; Cole, Dupont, Ellis, J. Fred Talbot, San Francisco.

Division 3—Upshur, Tarbell, San Francisco; Greer, Yarnall, Navy Yard, Bremerton, Wash.

Squadron 3—Hopkins, San Francisco; Dobbin, Navy Yard, Philadelphia, Pa.

Division 7—Babbitt, Navy Yard, Boston, Mass.; Tattnell, Boston, Mass.; Badger, Jacob Jones, Twigg, San Francisco.

Division 8—Dickerson, Schenck, Herbert, Leary, San Francisco.

Division 9—Gilmer, Williamson, Childs, Barry, San Francisco.

## SUBMARINE FORCE

Rear Adm. A. J. Hepburn, Commander.

Bushnell (flagship), Pearl Harbor, T. H.

Submarine Base, New London

Falcon (rescue vessel), New London, Conn.; S-4, San Diego.

Division 4—R-12, R-10, R-14, R-4, R-13, New London, Conn.; R-11, R-2, Portsmouth, N. H.; R-3, Washington, D. C.

Eagle Division 1—Eagle SS, Chesapeake Bay.

## Submarine Squadron Three

(Based on Coco Solo)

Division 5—S-11, S-12, S-13, en route to Coco Solo, C. Z.; S-10, S-48, Coco Solo, C. Z.

Division 6—S-14, S-15, S-16, S-17, en route to Coco Solo, C. Z.

Chewink (rescue vessel), San Diego, Calif.

Mallard (rescue vessel), Galveston, Tex.

## Submarine Squadron Four

(Based on Pearl Harbor)

Division 7—S-20, Mare Island, Calif.; S-1, S-13, S-10, S-21, S-22, S-23, Pearl Harbor, T. H.

Division 8—S-25, S-24, S-26, S-28, S-20, Pearl Harbor, T. H.; S-27, Pearl Harbor, T. H.

Division 11—S-42, S-43, S-46, S-45, Pearl Harbor, T. H.; S-44, S-47, Pearl Harbor.

Widgeon (rescue vessel), Pearl Harbor, T. H.

Seagull (tender), Pearl Harbor, T. H.

## Division 20

Holland (flagship and tender), Ortolan (tender), San Francisco; Barracuda, Mare Island; Narwhal, Bonita, Mass, Argonaut, Nutlins, San Francisco, Calif.

## U. S. Asiatic Fleet

Adm. M. M. Taylor, Commander-in-Chief.

Houston (flagship), Shanghai, China.

Rochester, Shanghai, China.

Send mail to Asiatic Station via "Postmaster, Seattle, Wash."

Asheville, Hain Ho; Guam, Ichang; Helena, Cavite, P. I.; Isabel, Shanghai; Luzon,

Hankow; Paoos, Shanghai; Monocacy, Chinkiang; Mindanao, Hongkong; Panay, Hankow; Pecos, Cavite, P. I.; Oahu, Ichang, China; Sacramento, Hankow; Tulsa, Amoy; Tutuila, Nanking, China.

## Destroyer Squadron Five

Paul Jones (flagship), Shanghai, China; Black Hawk, Shanghai, China.

Division 12—Whipple, Manila, P. I.; Smith Thompson, Swatow; Barker, John D. Edwards, Manila, P. I.

Division 14—Stewart, Shanghai; Parrott, Shanghai; Bulmer, Shanghai; Edsall, Shanghai, China.

Division 15—Peary, Pillsbury, Manila, P. I.; John D. Ford, Shanghai; Pope, Swatow.

Division 17—Tracy, McLeish, Truxton, Borie, McCormick, Simpson, Pearl Harbor, T. H.

## Aircraft Squadron

Avocet, Manila, P. I.; Heron, Cavite, P. I.; Jason, Pearl Harbor, T. H., to San Diego.

## Submarine Squadron Five

Pigeon, Manila, P. I.

Division 9—Beaver (tender), S-32, S-33, S-31, S-35, S-34, S-30, Manila to Guam.

Division 10—Canopus (tender), Amoy; S-40, S-38, Manila; S-36, S-37, S-39, S-41, Amoy, China.

Blitern, Olongapo, P. I.; Finch, Shanghai, China.

## Special Service Squadron

Send mail "Care of Postmaster, New York City."

Rear Adm. A. St. Clair Smith, Commander.

Memphis, San Francisco, Calif.

Nakomis, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.

Fulton (flagship), Balboa, C. Z.

Overton, Sturtevant, Balboa, C. Z.

## MISCELLANEOUS

Chaumont, San Pedro; Constitution, Navy Yard, Washington, D. C.; Hannibal, surveying in Panama; Henderson, Philadelphia; Kittery, Hampton Roads, Va.; Lambertson, San Francisco; Nitro, Puget Sound, Wash.; Patoka, San Francisco, Calif.; Ramapo, midway to Guam; Salinas, Canal Zone; Sapele, Guantanamo Bay; Sirius, Boston, Mass.; Utah, Hampton Roads, Va.; Vega, Corinto to San Diego.

## PENNSYLVANIA

Federal recognition is extended by the Militia Bureau to 1st Lt. Albert A. Hudack, MC, 109th Hospital Co., 103rd Med. Reg.

2nd Lt. G. E. Koestenbauder, jr., from duty with Battery C, 109th FA, Apr. 3, assigned to Hq. Btry. and Combat Train, 1st Bn., 109th FA.

The resignation of 1st Lt. M. S. Verner, Hq. 2nd Bn., 109th FA, accepted.

Maj. J. S. Owens, from duty with 103rd Observation Sqdn., 88th Div. Aviation, Apr. 11, assigned to Aviation Section, Hq. 28th Div.

Leave of absence from April 28 to June 26, inclusive, is granted Capt. G. A. Wiggan, 103rd Cav., with permission to go beyond the seas.

Federal recognition is extended by the Militia Bureau to 2nd Lt. George F. Seyfert, Cav., Troop F, 103rd Cav.

1st Lt. J. J. Considine, from duty as Intelligence and Plans and Training Officer, Hq. 1st Bn., 213th CA, and assigned to Battery F, 213th CA.

1st Lt. O. S. Keller, from duty as Liaison Officer, Hq. 1st Bn., 109th FA, Mar. 31, assigned as Intelligence and Plans and Training Officer, Hq. 1st Bn., 109th FA.

1st Lt. T. M. Williams, from duty with Hq. Btry. and Combat Train 1st Bn., 109th FA, and assigned to Hq. 1st Bn., 109th FA as Liaison Officer.

2nd Lt. A. W. Wood, FA, from duty with Battery F, 107th FA, transferred to NG Reserve and assigned to Hq. 2nd Bn., 107th FA, as Reconnaissance Officer.



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INSIGNIA

and  
UNIFORM EQUIPMENTS

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## SERVICE NEWS AND GOSSIP

**Mr. Collins Seeks Support**—Representative Collins, of Meridian, Miss., author of the appropriations bill, reducing the commissioned strength of the Army, destroying Reserve training, and making inadequate appropriations, met Brig. Gen. Robert J. Travis, President of the National Guard Association, in the corridors of the Capitol a few days ago.

"Let's walk around the Capitol Grounds," suggested the Congressman. They started.

In the course of the conversation:

Representative Collins: "General Travis, I am very anxious to secure an endorsement showing that I am a strong advocate of National Defense. Will you give me such an endorsement?"

General Travis: "Well, I haven't seen the Army Appropriation bill yet; I'd like to see that."

Representative Collins: "We have taken excellent care of the National Guard, as you know."

General Travis: "So I understand. But why do you want the endorsement you suggest?"

Representative Collins: "My state is being redistricted, and I probably will have to run as Congressman-at-large in the next election. While there are no National Guard units in my present district there are a number in the State."

General Travis: "I'll not give you the endorsement you want."

We do not pretend that the above quotations are exact, but they are near enough to justify the statement that they express practically what occurred.

It will be worth while for Mr. Collins' colleagues to know how, in preparing the appropriations bill, he considered his own political interests. In other words, he is doing the things that he has been sharply criticizing.

The pacifist friends of Mr. Collins likewise will be interested in knowing that he now wishes to appear as a proponent of National Defense.

**Hamstringing the Army**—In addition to the drastic reduction in Army personnel, treated in detail elsewhere in this issue, the War Department appropriation bill evolved by the House Appropriations Committee contains many thrusts at the efficiency and training of the military forces. Certainly, it will be deeply appreciated in pacifistic circles—they could hardly have asked for more.

Complicating the House situation and embarrassing to the defenders of the Army in the House of Representatives was the message sent by the President to Congress on Thursday. The message excoriated Congress for its failure to meet the budget emergency and demanded reductions even below the budget of last December. Coming from the President, the views he expressed undoubtedly will affect the attitude of Members who ordinarily would have voted to retain the Army at its present strength and provide for the other requirements as urged by General MacArthur. Until the message was published, it had been supposed that the President would insist upon the retention of the present commissioned strength, but now it is apprehended he will not veto the Army appropriations bill even should it include the slash in officers and stop Reserve and ROTC and CMTG activities.

It is apparent also that after Congress adjourns, the President proposes to make sweeping changes affecting both Services. He announced he wants authority to consolidate public works, munitions manufactures, Army and Navy hospitals, aviation fields and other activities which may seem to overlap. Under this plan, probably there will be joint purchases of munitions, aviation fields will be used by both services, hospitals will be combined and personnel reduced, etc.

The bill itself should be closely analyzed.

With the exception of the National Guard (which, nevertheless, will suffer from the withdrawal of a large number of Regular Army instructors) and the Air Corps Reserve officers, virtually all forms of active civilian military training will cease. Officers of the Reserve, with the exception of Air Corps reservists, will not be entitled to pay for active duty training. Instead they will be given only travel expenses and one dollar a day for subsistence. The bill suspends entirely camp training for the Reserve Officers Training Corps, eliminates future enrollments in Air Corps and Medical Department units of the Corps and prohibits the use of funds for schools not essentially military, unless the training is elective. The Citizens Military Training Camps were wholly wiped out, as were all items referring to the National Rifle and Pistol Matches, scheduled for this summer at Camp Perry, Ohio. The bill also cuts ammunition for 1,600 civilian rifle clubs one-half. These clubs now get only 25 per cent of the allowance and under the new bill would get only 12½ per cent.

Army bands suffer a cut, the bill reducing the number of bands from 94 to 83. Should this be made law, it is likely that the Department will render inactive bands at those posts where there are now more than one.

Additional pay to officers below the grade of major required to be mounted and who furnish their own mounts was stricken from the bill by the full committee after it had been included in the bill by the sub-committee.

There is an arbitrary reduction of \$10,480 in the item contingent expenses of the Military Intelligence Department, which will hamper efficiency.

The appropriation for flying pay was reduced by \$112,500. It is probable that this loss will have to be borne by flight surgeons, lighter-than-air pilots, observers and officers of other arms attached to the Air Corps.

After applying a 25 per cent cut to all items in the budget estimates referring to travel of personnel under the military and non-military appropriations (except contingencies of the Army, the civilian components and Panama Canal), the committee grouped them all under one heading, "travel, military and civilian personnel." Rumor has it that this move, which many believe will seriously interfere with efficient and economical administration, was taken at the suggestion of the Comptroller General.

An arbitrary reduction of the appropriation for the payment of claims to officers, enlisted men and nurses, will make it impossible to pay \$20,000 worth of Adjusted Claims.

A reduction of \$1,068,500 was made in the funds for the procurement of motor vehicles, leaving only \$230,000 for this purpose, which in view of the age and condition of the present vehicles in the service, is grossly inadequate.

Funds for packing, crating and shipping of personal effects and of supplies for shipment to troops were reduced 50 per cent. However, inasmuch as travel of officers was reduced by only 25 per cent, 2,000 officers are to be retired and sent home, and there is to be no reduction in supplies required by troops, the packing and shipping item will be short by about \$247,582.

Funds for the purchase of horses were cut in half, and funds for forage greatly reduced. This will be a serious blow to the mounted services of the Army.

On the assumption that the item "Barracks and Quarters" was for supplies,

the committee reduced it by \$1,141,670. Actually a considerable amount of this fund is for hire of labor to effect repairs and the amount remaining is totally inadequate by at least \$700,000.

The President's estimates included \$250,000 for the first purchase under the West Point expansion bill passed by the last Congress. Although this law was the result of years of study in the War Department and careful consideration by the legislative committees of the Congress as well as by both Senate and House bodies, the Appropriations Committee eliminated the funds and made the gratuitous statement that it believed the "law should be repealed." Whether it can thus get away with overruling the expressed wish of Congress remains to be seen.

Nearly a half million dollars was taken from the Signal Service, which will seriously hamper Signal Corps activities throughout the Army.

The Engineer service item was cut \$34,476, which will necessitate reduction in supplies and their preservation, curtail operations in the field and hit mapping projects in Panama, Philippines and Second Corps Area.

Under Ordnance Service and Supplies the committee recommended \$200,000 be required to be used for purchase of Christie tanks, thus forbidding the Ordnance Department from manufacturing such vehicles in their arsenals, the operation of which might otherwise be curtailed.

The entire National Rifle Matches activity was eliminated. Because of the elimination of this fund it will be impossible to provide for the care and preservation of \$500,000 worth of property at Erie Ordnance Depot. Unless at least \$3,500 is provided for this purpose much of this material will be entirely destroyed within a year. It is also the firm belief of observers that \$1,500 should be allowed for expenses of the National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice.

On the whole, the bill, if enacted, would constitute a virtual repeal of the National Defense Act and would result in throwing into the discard the lessons this country thought it had learned at the expense of lives and wealth in the World War and by tireless study of our war leaders in drafting the modest defense program.

**Urge Army-Navy Game Here**—While negotiations are going on under cover toward resumption of Army-Navy football relations the playing of a game in the city of Washington next fall as a part of the George Washington Bi-centennial celebration is urged by the House of Representatives.

A resolution to this effect was introduced by Representative Bankhead of Alabama and unanimously approved by the House May 2. It "respectively requests" that if Army and Navy football game is played next fall, "the authorities use their good offices" to have the game played in Washington.

Representative Bloom of New York, in charge of the Bi-centennial Celebration, declared that if the game were played in Washington, the Griffith Stadium could be expanded to hold 40,000 persons.

The resolution adopted follows:

"Resolved, That it is the sense of the House of Representatives that in the event the football teams of the United States Military Academy and the United States Naval Academy engage in a contest this George Washington bicentennial year, the authorities in charge of the matter are hereby respectfully requested to use their good offices in having such contest in the city of Washington."

**Pass War-time Rank Bill**—The House on May 2 passed S. 460, giving upon retirement to warrant officers and enlisted men of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps and Coast Guard who served in the World War or Spanish-American War the highest commissioned, warrant or enlisted rank held by them during the war.

When performing active duty, retired warrant officers and enlisted men, advanced as a result of the act, will have the rank they held when retired rather than the war rank, it is provided. Another provision specifically states that the higher rank does not carry any additional compensation either in active or retired pay or allowances.

The text of the bill which now goes to the President for approval, follows:

"Be it enacted, etc., That all warrant officers and enlisted men who served in the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard of the United States during the World War or the Spanish-American War, and whose service during such war was creditable, and who have been or hereafter may be retired according to law, shall on the date of approval of this act or upon retirement in the case of those now on the active lists of the services named herein, be advanced in rank on the retired list to the highest commissioned, warrant, or enlisted grade held by them during such war: *Provided*, That nothing in this act shall entitle any of the personnel described herein, while on active duty, to any other rank than that in which they were serving at the time of retirement: *And provided further*, That no increase in active or retired pay or allowances shall result from the passage of this act."

**Repair of Fire Control Equipment**—The Ordnance Department has been attempting for some time to devise a method of reducing the amount of funds expended in the maintenance of fire control equipment in the hands of troops. It is thought this expense is due largely to the fact that instruments are turned in for general overhaul when frequently only small adjustments and repairs are required, and, also, to the high cost of overhauling this type of equipment.

It is proposed to authorize repairs to instruments in the hands of troops to be made under supervision of Corps Area Ordnance Officers to the extent that they consider their personnel capable of performing, with the exception of stereoscopic height finders and directors for antiaircraft artillery. In other words, no limit will be placed upon the extent of repairs which can be made in the field providing the machinist or mechanic performing the work believes he can make such repairs. It is felt that even though it is found impossible to make a repair after the instrument is disassembled, it will still be possible to ship this instrument in to the Frankford Arsenal for a general overhaul, and no additional expense will be incurred in addition to that which is now being paid for the general overhaul at Frankford Arsenal.

In order that more information will be available in the field for conducting these repairs and to reduce the number of instruments turned in to Frankford Arsenal, it is proposed to send a competent optical instrument repairman from Frankford Arsenal, Rock Island Arsenal, or Benicia Arsenal into each Corps Area for one or two months during the coming Fiscal Year; this man to conduct field repairs to instruments which have previously been centralized at convenient points by Corps Area Ordnance Officers. In this way repairs can not only be accomplished in the field but considerable amount of instruction can be given to the Ordnance machinists now available in the Corps Area. An attempt should be made to have this optical instrument repairman inspect instruments before their shipment to Frankford Arsenal is authorized.

Orders for this inspection and repair service will be issued by the Chief of Ordnance and it is proposed that during the next fiscal year at least the pay and expenses of this traveling repairman will be borne by the Ordnance Office.

Corps Area Ordnance Officers have been requested to submit their comments and recommendations in connection with the proposal before any action is initiated in this matter.



## Army Appropriations Report

(Continued from Page 847)

working out a scheme of standardization looking to the procurement of complete units from the industry.

The estimates include \$543,522 for the rail movement of personal effects, and \$567,204 for the packing and crating thereof. Officers are entitled upon permanent change of station to have their personal effects packed, crated, and shipped at public expense. The extent is controlled by prescribed weight allowances, graduated according to rank and ranging from 4,500 to 14,500 pounds. No small part of such shipments consists of privately owned automobiles. The committee has had brought to its attention by the Comptroller General a number of instances where it would appear that the freight paid on privately owned automobiles exceeded the value of the automobile. The committee has halved the amounts for packing, crating, and shipping personal effects and has included a provision prohibiting the transfer of privately owned automobiles at public expense.

(The legislative restriction referred to follows):

*Provided further, That no appropriation contained in this act shall be available for any expense of or in connection with the transportation of any privately owned automobile: Provided further, That no motor-propelled vehicle procured out of appropriations for the Regular Army that is more than two years old from the date of purchase shall be transferred to the custody and maintenance of any of the civil components of the Regular Army or to any of the activities embraced by Title II of this act.*

A further limitation has been attached to this appropriation prohibiting the transfer of any motor-propelled vehicle to any of the civil components and to any of the nonmilitary activities embraced by Title II (non-military) of the bill that may be more than two years old from date of purchase.

The estimates include \$165,000 for the purchase of 1,000 horses. The committee has allowed \$82,500 for the purchase of 500 horses. The animal situation of the Army, depicted in the hearings, shows that at the beginning of the next fiscal year we will have on hand about 18,855 horses. Upon the theory that 10 per cent of this number will be lost; that 670 will be transferred to the National Guard and the Reserve Officers' Training Corps, and that 1,000 will be purchased, the estimate is that we will be 994 horses short of the allowance as of June 30, 1933. By buying 500 fewer horses this shortage would become 1,494. However, the figures given discount privately owned mounts maintained at public expense, which numbered 1,911 at the beginning of the present fiscal year. Considering these, and they should be considered, the fiscal year would close with an excess of about 400 horses.

The committee has not disturbed the estimate of \$120,000 for the encouragement of the breeding of riding horses suitable for the Army.

The reduction of \$1,141,670 proposed by the committee in barracks and quarters appropriation practically all is made up of a 10 per cent reduction in items relating to the procurement of supplies and materials of various kinds. The committee has omitted completely an item of \$15,483 for the purchase of wall lockers to be used as replacements.

## West Point Expansion

By the act approved March 3, 1931 (46 Stat. 1491), authority was granted for the acquisition of 15,135 acres, more or less, in the vicinity of the United States Military Academy, at a cost not exceeding \$1,500,000. The Budget includes \$250,000 for the purchase of two parcels, one of 1,423 acres, at a cost of \$163,000, and another of 310 acres, at a cost of \$86,900. The committee went into this question at some length, despite the abbreviated printed hearings, and its reaction is that the law should be repealed.

The appropriation now requested is not recommended.

## Air Corps

For the production, maintenance, and operation of Air Corps material the Budget and bill provide \$25,482,908. The indicated reduction by the committee of \$175,087 represents a transfer to the consolidated appropriation for travel. Eliminating this transfer, the sum proposed is \$5,996,732 below the current appropriation.

The 5-year program authorized in 1926, which contemplated the equipment of the Army, including the Organized Reserves and the National Guard, with 1,800 serviceable airplanes, will not be consummated in the fiscal year 1933. Including the 238 planes for which the estimates make provision, it is estimated that at the end of the fiscal year 1933 we still will be 198 planes short of the authorized number. Since the program was started 2,368 airplanes have been or will be acquired out of funds appropriated to date, exclusive of National Guard planes. Of this number, 103 did not apply on the program, being experimental and service test planes. We have not been keeping pace with attrition. At the end of 1933 it is estimated that we will have 152 fewer planes on hand than at the end of the present fiscal year. As to the planes we have we are told by the Chief of the Air Corps that there is not a proper distribution. Moreover, last May, the Attorney General ruled that "serviceable" airplanes excluded planes undergoing major overhaul. Under this construction, since 12½ per cent of planes are represented to be continually unserviceable, the authorized program becomes 2,058 planes to maintain 1,800 in active service. The question arises, Where is the money coming from properly to equip and round out this relatively new but most potent component of the Regular Army. It will cost money, and with a limited Budget the question becomes a serious one, and it would seem that for some time to come we must look within the Army organization itself to find the necessary funds.

The airplane procurement program calls for the expenditure from this appropriation of \$10,812,760. With the approval of the Chief of the Air Corps the committee has diverted \$243,000 from the total of \$449,290 estimated on account of lighter-than-air activities to the purchase of combat air planes, and has transferred \$1,111,960 of the amount estimated for noncombat planes to combat planes, making the total to be available for combat types \$9,017,152, as against the estimate figure of \$7,662,192. The bill provides that the sum specifically stated therein for the procurement of new airplanes shall be the minimum expenditure therefor, as heretofore, and not the maximum, as the Budget proposes, and also provides against any curtailment of the amount estimated for the repair, maintenance, and operation of aircraft.

## Ordnance Department

For the Ordnance Department the Budget shows an increase of \$426,025 over the current appropriation. The committee has deducted \$24,300 on account of the national matches and has transferred \$35,975 to the single appropriation for travel. Otherwise, the several amounts contributing to the total have not been disturbed. The Budget increase extends to the items of procurement and preservation of ordnance material. The funds carried in the bill under this and other heads for ammunition total \$9,150,759.

For further mechanization, including research and development, ordnance funds include \$504,855. Of this sum it is proposed to apply \$200,000 to the manufacture of five convertible armored tanks of the Christie or other type. Seven Christie tanks are being purchased this year and the committee is convinced that this tank so far surpasses any other tank that it has in-

cluded in the appropriation a provision requiring purchase, instead of Government manufacture.

The Chief of Ordnance called attention to a situation at Rock Island Arsenal, where a hydroelectric plant is maintained. The pool above the dam has become so filled with silt that it is feared, if a freeze should occur, because of lack of depth, that the power will be completely cut off, in which case there would be an expense nearly as much as the estimated cost of \$20,000 to dredge the pool. The situation should be remedied promptly and since the committee is averse to increasing any Budget items, \$20,000 of the appropriation for repairs of arsenals has been made exclusively available for this dredging work.

## National Guard

For the fiscal year 1933 the Budget total for the National Guard is \$31,263,565. This is \$1,645,577 less than has been appropriated to date for the current fiscal year. The Chief of the Militia Bureau advises that the Budget estimate would

mean reducing the number of officers and enlisted men of the National Guard who may take field training below the number who took such training during the calendar year 1931 by 36,577 or from 180,955 to 144,378, and would entail either a modification of the law with respect to armory drills, reducing the number from 48 to 42, or a reduction in the number of privates who might attend the drills and receive pay therefor from approximately 84,500 to 56,960 men. Both with respect to field training and armory drills the Budget proposes language that would require these things to be done if the Budget estimates were to prevail.

The committee is not in sympathy with the Budget proposal. It has removed the restrictive provisions on field training and armory drills and, while it has not increased the Budget estimate, it proposes that the several items of appropriation shall be interchangeable without limit, which will enable the Militia Bureau to augment the amounts for field training (\$7,803,654) and armory drills (\$11,584,868) to the extent that it may by reason of reduced com-

(Please turn to Next Page)

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## Army Appropriations Report

(Continued from Preceding Page)

modify prices and administrative measures. If the total sum proposed then should prove inadequate to provide armory drills and field training on the basis of the present allotted strength of the National Guard, which experience alone will demonstrate, it will be necessary later to supplement the amount carried in the accompanying bill.

The action of the committee meets with the approval, in writing, of the Chief of the Militia Bureau and of the president of the National Guard Association. The committee desires that it be distinctly understood that its action in proposing that the several National Guard appropriations for 1933 shall be accounted for as one fund is not to be construed as a precedent.

The bill carries no money for camp construction.

As to National Guard air activities, the Budget and bill include \$908,745 for the purchase of 20 observation and 18 primary training planes; \$399,750 for the purchase of Air Corps equipment, supplies, and repairs, and \$115,550 for aviation gasoline and oil on the basis of 96 flying hours for each of 266 pilots for 19 observation squadrons, apart from funds for pay for drills and field training and for the pay of mechanics and caretakers.

### Organized Reserves

The strength of the Officers' Reserve Corps at the end of the fiscal year 1931, exclusive of National Guard officers, who also hold commissions in the Officers' Reserve Corps, was 108,210. The total number of assignable officers, combat and noncombat, was 80,390. Of this total number the Budget contemplates active duty for 20,722, and inactive duty in the nature of correspondence and conference courses for a total, including the 20,722, in the neighborhood of 45,000, based upon 1931 experience.

The committee has not disturbed the estimate except as to the 14-day trainees. It has included funds for 14-day training for 1,000 Air Corps Reserve officers and as to the other 19,000 it has allowed the estimated amount to send them to camp, including all incidental expenses, but has provided that if they elect to go they shall do so without pay, but be given an allowance of \$1 per diem for subsistence. This action permits the subtraction of \$2,107,768 from the Budget estimate, and is justified at this time, the committee submits, by our economic situation. Practically every member of the Officers' Reserve Corps undoubtedly is employed in some gainful pursuit. That would follow with the type of men who hold commissions. Under the committee's proposal, those who are willing to go to camp will be put to no expense. They will be paid or furnished their travel and they will be reimbursed for their subsistence while at camp—they are merely asked to forego at this time compensation, which, no doubt, in a majority of cases would be supplemental to their regular compensation which would be continued while on military leave.

(The following legislative restriction is embodied in the bill):

No portion of this appropriation shall be available for the pay or rental and subsistence allowances of a reserve officer on active duty for a period of less than fifteen days, except Air Corps reserve officers, and during the fiscal year 1933 members of the Officers' Reserve Corps, except Air Corps reserve officers, may not be ordered to active duty for a period of less than fifteen days without their own consent, and those who do consent and report for duty shall not be entitled to pay or rental and subsistence allowances, but shall be paid \$1 per diem in lieu of subsistence, except that nothing herein shall be construed to deprive any member of the Officers' Reserve Corps of any of the benefits prescribed in the act of April 20, 1928 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 10, sec. 451).

The estimate and bill include \$806,

400 for pay and allowances and other expenses of 272 Air Corps Reserve officers to be on active duty throughout the year with tactical units of the Air Corps, and \$897,322 on account of maintenance, operation, and depreciation of planes used for active and inactive flying by other Air Corps Reserve officers. The estimate contemplates that this amount will provide 16,275 flying hours. On the basis of the revised flying-hour cost, which it is understood will be effective during the ensuing fiscal year, the amount provided will more than double the number of flying hours indicated; fully sufficient, in the judgment of the committee, to give all the flying necessary to graduates of the Air Corps training center and reserve pilots who have qualified as pilots elsewhere of an age which would make them subject to call for flying combat planes in time of emergency.

### Reserve Officers' Training

The Budget includes for this activity \$4,079,484, or \$109,484 more than the current appropriation. The committee recommends \$2,998,711, or \$1,080,773 less than the current appropriation.

The committee proposes, as a measure of economy, to dispense with the camps during the fiscal year 1933, and has included in the bill a provision that such suspension of camps shall not of itself deprive graduate students of the right to be appointed as reserve officers in the Army.

(The text of the provision follows):

Provided, That none of the funds appropriated in this act shall be used for any expense of or for camps for the practical instruction of members of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps, but members of such corps denied camp instruction in consequence hereof shall not be refused appointments as reserve officers of the Army of the United States by reason thereof.

In the table of the hearings showing enrollments by branches, it will be seen that Air Corps, Medical Corps, Dental Corps, and Veterinary units are maintained. As to the Air Corps units, their abandonment has been recommended by the former Chief of the Air Corps, Major General Fechet, and by the present Chief of the Air Corps, Major General Foulis. As to the Medical, Dental, and Veterinary units, the committee sees no reason why students taking such courses should share in any way in this appropriation. Consequently, it has included a provision which will take support from such units after those now enrolled therein shall have been graduated.

(The text of this restriction follows):

Provided further, That none of the funds appropriated in this act shall be available for any expense on account of any student in Air Corps, Medical Corps, Dental Corps, or Veterinary units not a member of such units on May 5, 1932, but such stoppage of further enrollments shall not interfere with the maintenance of existing units.

The committee also has included a provision denying the use of the appropriation to any school, not essentially a military school, which does not leave the election of military training to all students enrolled therein.

(The text of this restriction follows):

Provided further, That none of the funds appropriated in this act shall be expended for or on account of any educational institution not essentially a military school which does not leave the election of military training to all students enrolled therein, and this appropriation shall be available, in accordance with law, to such institutions as maintain elective military training courses.

### Citizens' Military Training Camps

The Budget estimate for this activity for 1933 calls for \$2,603,624, and contemplates the training of 37,500 boys. During the fiscal year 1931, of the 38,546 boys who started at the camps, 37,222 finished the course. The committee proposes to dispense with this activity

entirely during the fiscal year 1933 as a measure of economy and has allowed no money therefor. The reason for its creation primarily was to provide a flow of young officers into the Officers' Reserve Corps. Of the assignable officers in the Officers' Reserve Corps on June 30, 1931, but 1,441 came from this activity and since we have been spending over \$2,800,000 a year on it there is a serious question as to whether or not the returns justify its continuance at all.

### National Matches

The committee is proposing to dispense with the national matches during the fiscal year 1933 and by reason thereof has subtracted from the bill a total of \$535,332. In addition to the \$500,000 estimated directly for the national matches, deductions aggregating \$35,332 have been made from the appropriation "Incidental expenses of the Army," "Subsistence of the Army," "Army transportation," and "Ordnance service and supplies, Army."

### Legislative Provision

In addition to the limitations and legislative provisions mentioned above, the bill carries the following restrictions:

That no part of this appropriation shall be available to pay any officer detailed as a military aide to any civil officer of the United States outside of the War Department except the President: Provided further, That no appropriation contained in this act shall be available for or on account of the maintenance of more than fifty military attaches: Provided further, That no appropriation contained in this act shall be available for or on account of the maintenance of more than eighty-three bands.

Provided, That no appropriation in this act shall be available for the purchase of electric ranges for buildings or quarters supplied with gas for cooking purposes or for buildings or quarters upon reservations to which such gas is supplied.

Provided further, That no property shall be leased by the Secretary of War under authority of the act of July 28, 1892 (U. S. C., title 40, sec. 303) for a consideration involving an expenditure for repairs, alterations, or improvements in excess of 15 per centum of the total annual rental for such property.

Hereafter no person holding a civil office or position, appointive or elective, under the Federal Government or the municipal government of the District of Columbia or under any corporation, a majority of the capital stock of which is owned by the Government of the United States, shall be entitled, during the period of such incumbency, to retired pay from the United States for or on account of services as a commissioned officer in the military forces of the United States at a rate in excess of an amount which, when combined with the annual rate of compensation from any such civil office or position, makes the total rate from both sources more than \$3,000; and when the retired pay amounts to or exceeds the rate of \$3,000 per annum such person shall be entitled to the pay of the civil office or position or the retired pay, whichever he may elect: Provided, That the term "retired pay" shall be construed to include credits for all military or naval service as lawfully may enter into the computation thereof.

Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be available for the pay of any cadet appointed from enlisted men of the Army for admission to the Military Academy in the class entering in the calendar year 1933 who has not served with troops in the Regular Army for at least nine months.

Provided further, That no part of the appropriation "Pilgrimage of Gold Star

Mothers and World War Widows, 1930—December 31, 1933," shall be available for the payment of steamship accommodations reserved and not used.

Provided further, That no part of any appropriation expended under the supervision of the Chief of Engineers shall be available for the purchase of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles or launches, speed boats, or other similar small motor-propelled boats unless there shall be a specific appropriation therefor.

Sec. 4. No part of any appropriation made by this act shall be used to pay the actual expenses of subsistence in excess of \$6 each for any one calendar day or per diem allowance for subsistence in excess of the rate of \$5 for any one calendar day to any officer or employee of the United States in a travel status, and payment accordingly shall be in full, notwithstanding any other statutory provision.

### This Week

(Continued from First Page)

award carried the following comment:

"General Pershing has not only written the most authoritative, the most penetrating and the most decisive account of our own part in the war, but he has presented a finer spirit in narration than any of the others, more objectivity, more fullness, and more balance. The book is epic in the sense that it is a great national story, displaying the American character in its finest aspects."

Remember that General Pershing's book was considered in competition with those who were or might be termed critics. All were read from a factual as well as a literary point of view. In selecting the General's book for the award, in describing it as "epic," and especially in commending its spirit and the manner of its display of the American character, Columbia University definitely stamped with contemporary approval the history of the A.E.F., as the General wrote it. Another laurel for this distinguished leader.

Rear Adm. Yates Stirling, Jr., in naval command at Honolulu, has become the object of attacks in the Hawaiian Legislature. A resolution has been introduced in that body asking for his transfer. Even should the measure pass, it is certain it would not receive any consideration in Washington. In the first place, the President and the Secretary of the Navy, although concerned about the Hawaiian situation, feel that Admiral Stirling has handled a difficult situation with rare ability, and with an evenness of temper and judgment which justifies approval. Indeed, Washington's approval extends to the entire Army and Navy personnel. Their conduct under the trying circumstances involved in the Fortescue-Massie affair, is regarded as exemplary and in keeping with the high state of discipline which maintains in both Services. Hawaiian legislators may as well know now as later that Admiral Stirling will remain at Honolulu until his tour of duty expires. This will be to their benefit, for Admiral Stirling, as a result of his personal knowledge and experience, will be helpful in assisting in the restoration of decency and order and in making Hawaii what it should be—a strategic base of value to the country and of prosperity to its native inhabitants, where womanhood is safe from criminal assault.

Brig. Gen. Stimson, O.R.C., is coming home from Geneva. If you don't recognize him under the title given, we hasten to say that he is the Secretary of State of the United States, and he has been trying to settle in a couple of weeks such simple questions as the Chino-Japanese conflicts, Franco-German relations, more American consideration of European debtors, etc., besides reduction of armaments. Leaving Geneva, the Secretary said that he was optimistic, which indicates that he has a hopeful disposition to say the least. There are some

(Continued on next page)



## This Week

(Continued from Preceding Page)

people who are wondering why the Secretary of State finds it necessary to go abroad, and are rather of the opinion that he had better stay at home and not mix in some questions that are of European rather than American concern, and others, such as the disputes between Japan and China, which deserve treatment independently instead of in accordance with the League of Nations. If General Stimson doesn't watch out, Congress will pass a resolution forbidding Cabinet members to leave the United States, and justify it on the ground of economy as well as historic policy.

Representative Schafer, of Wisconsin, of the voice of the Bull of Bashan, is being criticised for his motion in the House last week proposing to cut the Naval bill ten per cent below the amount finally approved by the House. The unthinking accepted the motion, which was rejected, as proof that Mr. Schafer is a pacifist and opposed to National Defense. As a matter of fact, Mr. Schafer is an ardent supporter of National Defense, and in making his motion, sought to put the House on record so as to prevent its acceptance of a cut of ten per cent which the Senate voted to apply to every appropriation bill.

Now the House, if the Senate carries out its policy, must stand pat and insist that the appropriations it made for the Navy must stand, and that if any changes be made they shall be in the way of increase. It would be a good thing if Mr. Schafer would take like action in the case of the Army bill. An enlisted volunteer during the war, Mr. Schafer appreciates the need of the Armed Services. And how his colleagues hate to see him rise in his place. His voice is a roar that fills the chamber and makes those of other representatives sound like the twittering of sparrows.

Our new Senator from Louisiana, Huey P. Long, is off the democratic reservation and is anxious to have that pacifist from Nebraska, Senator Norris, elected to the presidency. The matter is of interest to the Services because Mr. Long, in declaring his independence, presented his resignation as a member of the Naval Committee. He has been replaced by Senator Morrison of North Carolina. The Senate is very patient with men of the Long type. They enter its portals from time to time and after a few rebellious outbreaks settle down into harness and pull side by side with the old wheel horses. "Pitchfork" Ben Tillman, Joe Bailey, our own Hiram Johnson—the list is many. They came, they saw, and they were conquered! And this, we predict is what will happen to the Louisiana drummer.

## ARMY NINE WINS

West Point, N. Y.—In a loosely played game, the Army baseball team defeated Haverford here April 30, 15 to 3. Twelve cadets faced the visiting pitchers in the first inning. After seven runs had been scored, Tripp was replaced by Nicholson. He held the Cadets to six scattered hits, but loose fielding behind him gave West Point eight more runs. Farnsworth, Army captain, made a home run.

The Academy tennis team won from Fordham, 7 to 2. Five of the singles matches were won by the cadets, who also took two doubles.

Donovan and Caplan won after an exciting match with Thatcher and Beard for Fordham's only doubles victory.

Unbeaten heretofore in four games, the Army lacrosse twelve fell before John Hopkins 4 to 1, at Baltimore. The contest was hard fought, with the Cadets on the defensive most of the way. Chuck Pottenger, who rang up the only West Point score and Goalle Beeler were outstanding.

Harvard golfers defeated the Army team 9 to 4.

## Naval Academy Sport Schedule For May

	Baseball	Lacrosse	Crew
May 4	Georgetown		
May 6	Columbia (At N. Y.)		
May 7	Plebe-Severn School	Pennsylvania (At Phila.) Plebe-Severn School	Syracuse (Vr. Jr. V. Fresh.)
May 11	Richmond		
May 14	Virginia Plebe-Hun School	Harvard Plebe-Peekskill M. A.	Harvard, M. I. T. Penn (Vr.; Jr. V., 150; Fr.)
May 21	Temple Plebe-Textile H. S.	Lafayette Plebe-Baltimore Poly.	
May 25	Mt. St. Mary's		
May 28	Maryland Plebe-Champ. (D.C.) H. S.	Maryland	
	Track	Tennis	Rifle
May 4		Duke	
May 7	William and Mary (At Williamsb's)	Harvard (At Cambridge) Plebe-Forest Park High School	71st Inf. N. Y. Nat. Gd.
May 11		Haverford	
May 14	Maryland Plebe-Tome School	Lafayette Plebe-Hun School	Dist. of Col. Nat. Gd.
May 18		Pittsburgh	
May 21		Temple Plebe-Md. State Normal School	Quantico Marines Phila. Marines
May 25		Georgetown	
May 28	Ohio State Plebe-Champ. (D.C.) H. S.	Pennsylvania	107th Inf. N. Y. Nat. Gd. (At Peekskill, N. Y.)

(All games at Annapolis unless otherwise noted)

## Military Academy Sport Schedule for May

	Baseball	Lacrosse	Tennis
May 4	New York Univ.		Univ. of N. C.
May 7	Columbia Univ. Plebe-Newton Acad.	Union College	Columbia Univ.
May 11	Washington and Lee	New York Univ.	Williams College
May 14	Rutgers Plebe-Peekskill M. A.	C. C. of N. Y.	U. of Pa.
May 18	Lafayette		Lehigh
May 21	Fordham Plebe-Dickinson H. S.	Penn State Plebe-Syracuse Central H. S.	Rutgers
May 25	Union College		Wesleyan Univ.
May 28	Univ. of Vermont (At Burlington) Plebe-Dean Academy	Plebe-Severn School	Brown Univ. (At Providence) Plebe-Dean Academy
May 30		Colgate Univ. (At Hamilton)	
May 31	New York Yankees		
	Track	Golf	Polo
May 7	Holy Cross	Haverford	(At Princeton)
May 14	West Virginia Plebe-New Rochelle H. S.	Penn State Plebe-Newburgh Acad.	
May 21	Penn State Plebe-Schenectady H. S.	M. I. T.	
May 28	Notre Dame (At Notre Dame)	Swarthmore College (At Swarthmore)	

(All games at West Point unless otherwise noted)

## NAVY TENNIS TEAM TO TRAIN

In preparation for the ninth annual Leech Tennis Matches, to be held at the Army-Navy Country Club, Washington, D. C., July 16, candidates for the Navy team will be assembled at the Naval Academy June 11.

The team, to consist of not more than ten members, will be selected from candidates on the basis of their showing there and their records. All officers and enlisted men of the Navy and Marine Corps are eligible for the competition.

Commanding Officers have been requested to report the names of officers and men who are considered likely candidates stating whether the individual desires to play in the match, making travel, et cetera, at his own expense and whether he can be spared for the necessary length of time.

Due to the ruling of the Comptroller General no travel can be performed at Government expense, and all orders therefore will be issued candidates to proceed at their own expense.

## NAVY TEAMS SUCCESSFUL

Annapolis, Md.—Navy gave added assurance that it possesses a good crew this year, in defeating Columbia, April 30, by one and one-quarter lengths.

Between the two crews at the finish was the Navy junior varsity, rowing by agreement as an added starter. This junior boat, heaviest of the Navy crews, came with surprising power in the last quarter mile, very nearly to nip its own varsity.

In the second race of the day the Navy Plebes had beaten the Columbia freshmen a bit more than five lengths and the only Columbia victory of the day went to the New York 150-pounders.

Timely hitting behind the steady pitching of Stankus enabled the William and Mary to defeat Navy in baseball, 7 to 3.

Navy was held runless until the fifth when Kessler's double scored Kane. The victors reached Coombs in the six and seventh for lone tallies. Navy counted two runs in the seventh on two hits and a base on balls.

The Academy lacrosse team defeated Massachusetts Institute of Technology, 24 to 0. Although the entire Navy second team was in during the second half, M.I.T. offered little resistance.

Midshipmen tennis players scored a double victory, the varsity team defeat-

ing Hampden-Sydney College, of Virginia, by 8 to 1, and the plebes took the measure of Staunton Military Academy by a like score.

With Little and Tavener winning more than half of the events between them, William and Mary's field and track team defeated the Navy plebes, 78 to 39.

A more run by Gadrow in the twelfth inning with none out and none on enabled the Navy plebes to break a tie and defeat St. Albans' school, 3 to 2.

In the only other athletic contest of the day the fourth-class lacrosse team defeated Friends' School of Baltimore, 5 to 4.

## SCORE IN PENN RELAYS

Two West Pointers and one Naval Academy sprinter scored points in the annual Penn Relay Carnival at Philadelphia, April 30. J. G. Armstrong, Army was third in the discuss throw with a toss of 133 feet, 4½ inches. J. M. Price, Army, throwing the shot put, 46 feet 2¼ inches, took fourth place in that event, while J. J. Waybright of Navy ran third to Bennett of Ohio State and Kelly of Georgetown in the 100 yard dash. The time was 00:9 seconds.

## Army Orders

(Continued from Page 851)

duty, May 5, at San Antonio, Tex. (May 2).  
Capt. E. F. Gier, Engr.-Res., to active duty, May 15, at Ft. Humphreys, Va. (May 2).

Capt. G. H. Guerdum, Engr.-Res., to active duty, May 20, at Wash., D. C., Office C. of E. (May 2).

Maj. T. N. Joyce, Air-Res., to active duty, May 15, at office Asst. Sec. of War, Wash., D. C. (May 2).

1st Lt. W. L. Allerton, Spec-Res., to active duty, June 13, at Chicago, Ill. (May 2).

2nd Lt. G. W. Newton, Spec-Res., to active duty, June 16, at New York, N. Y. (May 4).

Capt. D. A. Smith, Engr.-Res., to active duty, May 8, at Ft. Humphreys, Va. (May 4).

1st Lt. F. E. Ashton, Air-Res., to active duty, May 16, at Chicago, Ill. (May 5).

2nd Lt. M. W. Duffy, Air-Res., to active duty, May 15, at Chicago, Ill. (May 5).

1st Lt. D. M. Borden, Air-Res., to active duty, May 16, at Wright, Fld., Ohio. (May 5).

## Fleet Reserve Meeting

The Eighth Annual Convention of the Fleet Reserve Association will be held in New York City on September 3, 4 and 5, 1932.

## Chemical Warfare Graduates

Following is a roster of the officers who were graduated from the Line and Staff Officers' Course at the Chemical Warfare School, Edgewood Arsenal, Md., April 29, 1932:

Lt. Col. R. H. Choate, Mass. NG.  
Majors F. C. Phelps, Inf.; D. E. Cain, FA; A. E. Potts, CAC; M. J. McGuire, Inf.; J. B. Kincaid, Inf. W. Va. NG; N. S. Perrine, Inf. Tex. NG; T. G. McNicholas, Inf. Md. NG.

Captains S. H. Young, Inf.; Creighton Kerr, CAC; C. L. Lloyd, Inf.; R. P. H. Gallier, Cav.; J. R. Hodge, Inf.; P. T. Baker, Inf.; W. L. Rydings, Inf.; T. T. Barnett, QMC; J. P. Nolan, Inf.; H. P. Gantt, FA; E. L. Field, Inf.; F. M. Flanagan, Inf.; G. C. Sherman, Inf. Wis. NG; C. J. Benda, Inf.; Haw. NG; R. Leslie, CW-Res.; W. Gilliat, CW-Res.

First Lieutenants F. W. Makinney, Jr., Cav.; S. E. Whitesides, Jr., CWS; J. L. Goff, CAC; M. T. Hankins, SC; S. S. Lamb, SC.

## 3rd Corps Area Chaplains Meet

The Chaplains Association of the Third Corps Area will meet at Carlisle Barracks, Tuesday, May 10. Chaplain H. N. Blanchard is preparing a varied program for the entertainment, amusement and edification of all those who attend. At the midday dinner Brig. Gen. Edward L. Munson and Dr. Leon G. Prince will respond to toasts. Reports of the New York Convention and papers by Chaplains Albert L. Evans and Edgar C. Powers will be given at a business meeting in the afternoon.

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## Personals

More than 100 officers held a testimonial luncheon April 29 at the Hotel Statler in St. Louis for Col. E. L. Butts, Chief of Staff of the 102nd Division, who goes on the retirement list shortly. This affair was held under the joint auspices of the following organizations, as a spontaneous expression of affection for Colonel Butts, who has endeared himself to all branches of the service while on duty in St. Louis for the past five years: Army, Navy and Marine Corps Council, Army Ordnance Association, Military Affairs Committee of the Chamber of Commerce, Military Order of the World War, St. Louis Chapter of National Sojourners, St. Louis Chapter of Reserve Officers Association, Jefferson Barracks, Scott Field, Society of American Military Engineers, U. S. Naval Reserve Officers Association, Headquarters 102nd Division. The heads of these organizations were seated at the speakers' table.

The meeting was addressed by the Honorable Carl F. G. Meyer, Civilian Aide to the Secretary of War, and by Gen. E. J. Spencer, who had been one of Colonel Butts' instructors at West Point, over forty years ago. Colonel Butts was then presented with a white gold watch, chain and knife, suitably

The following officers of the Navy were registered at the Hotel Mark Hopkins, San Francisco, on April 23 and 24: Capt. A. C. Scott, Lt. Comdr. C. Campbell, Lt. T. Butler, Lt. E. L. Beck, Lt. W. S. Mayer, Lt. J. C. S. McKillip, Lt. E. J. Kane, Lt. B. V. Russell, Lt. C. E. Nortner, and Ens. J. W. Coe.

Lt. Col. Howard R. Smalley, Cav. USA, and Mrs. Smalley attended the ball and dinner given recently in Toronto, Ontario, by the Irish Regiment of Canada at the Royal York Hotel in that city.

Mrs. Roscoe H. Hearn, widow of Col. Roscoe H. Hearn, USA, who has spent the winter in Miami, Fla., visiting friends, has taken an apartment there at the Park Lane, 952 Alton Road, where she will remain until July 1, after when her address will be 56 13th Street, N.E., Atlanta, Ga.

Mrs. Albert H. Mathews of New York City, has been the guest of Col. Russell C. Langdon, USA, and Mrs. Langdon, of Ft. Benjamin Harrison, Ind., for the past week. During her stay, Mrs. Mathews was the recipient of many courtesies both in Fort Harrison and Indianapolis.

Rear Adm. W. H. H. Southerland, USN, ret., and Mrs. Southerland, were recently joined at the Carlton Hotel, Washington, D. C., by their son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Bacon of Boston, Mass.

Maj. Gen. Stephen O. Fuqua, C. of Inf., left Washington May 5, for the purpose of visiting New York City to review and inspect the 71st Infantry,

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## SERVICE SOCIAL NEWS

*ANNOUNCEMENTS of Personals, Entertainments, Engagements, Weddings and births should be addressed to the Society Editor, Army and Navy Journal, 1701 Connecticut Ave., N. W., Washington, D. C.*

New York National Guard. The review and inspection by General Fuqua was held at the regimental armory.

General Fuqua was the guest of the officers of the regiment at a dinner at the McAlpin Hotel on the evening of May 5. The review and inspection of the 71st Infantry was held immediately following the dinner.

The Chief of Infantry will return to Washington on May 9.

## Women's Organizations

Washington, D. C.—A very delightful tea was given on April 27 from 4 to 4 at the home of Mrs. J. S. Holcombe, 2127 Bancroft Place, by the members of the Army and Navy Chapter, D. A. R., in honor of one of its officers, Mrs. George Grimes, recently elected State Vice Regent. Mrs. Grimes received the guests with Mrs. George McIver, chapter regent, and Mrs. David Shanks, vice regent. The guests were introduced by Mrs. R. T. McIntyre. Other officers of the chapter assisted at the tea table.

Regents of many of the District of Columbia chapters were present, also Mrs. Grove, Miss Harmon, Mrs. Labat, Mrs. Reed, Mrs. Van Orsdale, Mrs. Larkin of Alamo Chapter, Texas, Mrs. George Andrews, Mrs. Courtland Nixon, Mrs. W. O. Owen, Mrs. Nellie Bailey, Mrs. N. C. Barney, Mrs. John Purdy, Mrs. J. D. Rumbough, Mrs. M. K. Barroll, Mrs. J. H. Becque, Mrs. J. F. Shafroth, Mrs. Janvier Forsyth, Miss Chamberlin, Miss Sophie Casey, Miss Sarah Cushing, Mrs. J. V. White, Mrs. F. G. Allen, Miss Scott, Mrs. M. C. Settle, Mrs. B. H. Fuller, Mrs. J. A. Gaston, Mrs. M. L. Maus, Mrs. Robert Giles, Mrs. L. H. Halstead, Miss A. M. Townsend, Mrs. J. C. Ord, Miss Rennolds, Miss Miller, Miss Julia Hunt, Miss Lamberton, Mrs. T. C. Henderson.

## Weddings and Engagements

In the presence of the immediate families and a few close friends, Miss Marshall Chandler, daughter of Rear Adm. Lloyd H. Chandler, USN, ret., and Mrs. Chandler, became the bride of Lt. Leslie Burgess Downing, USA, son of Mrs. Frederick Downing, May 4, at the home of Rear Adm. and Mrs. Hutchinson I. Cone, Washington, D. C., the chaplain of Ft. Myer, Va., Capt. Ralph C. Delbert officiating.

The bride was given in marriage by her father, and Mrs. Theodore Chandler, sister-in-law of the bride, was the matron of honor.

Capt. Leo T. McMahon, USA, acted as best man for Lieutenant Downing. Upon their return from their wedding trip, Lieutenant Downing and his bride will live at Ft. Myer, Va.

Miss Grace Beall Everett, daughter of Lt. Col. George Thomas Everett, USA, ret., and Mrs. Everett, was married to Lt. William Arthur Davis, USA, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Arthur Davis, of Mount Claire, N. J., May 4, at St. Alban's Church, Washington, D. C., the Rev. Charles Warner, officiating.

Miss Eleanor Davis, sister of Lieutenant Davis, acted as maid of honor, and the bridesmaids were Miss Elena Hannigan, Miss Emily Storr and the Misses Eleanor and Betty Jones, two daughters of Mrs. Jones and the late Maj. Ivens Jones, USA.

Lt. William White Dick, Jr., USA, of Ft. Hoyle, Md., acted as Lieutenant Davis' best man, and the groomsmen included Lts. Charles Frederick McNair, Ft. Hoyle, Md.; John Larimer Inskeep, Langley Field, Va.; William P. Turpin, 3d, Ft. George G. Meade, Md.; Edward J. Cotter, Drexel Hill, Pa., and William



**MISS JEANNETTE VIRGINIA JONES**  
Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Paul Jones, of New York City, whose marriage to Lt. J. Paul Breden, OD, USA, will take place in the Cadet Chapel at West Point in June.

W. Ragland, Norfolk, Va., all of the U. S. Army.

A reception followed immediately after the ceremony at Twin Pines, Chevy Chase, Md., the home of the bride's grandparents, Lt. Col. Fielder M. M. Beall, USA, ret., and Mrs. Beall.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Dent Meador, parents of Miss Julia Lowry Meador, whose engagement they recently announced to Lt. Troup Miller, Jr., AC, USA, son of Lt. Col. Troup Miller, USA, and Mrs. Miller, have announced that the wedding will take place at Atlanta, Ga., May 28.

The wedding of Mrs. Sheldon Guy Walsh, formerly Miss Maude Williams, of Pensacola, Fla., and Lt. Roy M. Gulick, USMC, was quietly performed in Washington, D. C., April 26 at the home of the Rev. James Henry Dunham.

The only attendants were Capt. J. Frank Blanton, USMC, and Mrs. Blanton of Quantico, Va.

Lieutenant Gulick was graduated from the U. S. Naval Academy in the class of 1926 and is at present stationed at Camp Rapidan, President Hoover's summer camp.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Watson Wheeler recently announced the engagement of their daughter, Barbara Ann, to Lt. Michael J. Malanaphy, USN, son of Mrs. Mary E. Malanaphy, of Cresco, Iowa.

Lieutenant Malanaphy was graduated from the U. S. Naval Academy in the class of 1922 and is now serving on board the USS Chicago.

The wedding is to take place the latter part of June.

Mr. and Mrs. Gaston Drake, of Miami, Fla., and Lenox, Mass., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Mary Polk Drake, to Lt. Comdr. Kenneth M. Hoeffel, USN, son of Mr. and Mrs. Sylvester P. Hoeffel, of Green Bay, Wis.

Miss Drake is a lineal descendant of Sir Francis Drake and great granddaughter of Governor Polk of Missouri Judge Advocate of the Confederacy, and a cousin of President Polk.

Maj. George W. Graham, USA, and Mrs. Graham, of the Savanna Ordnance Depot, Illinois, announce the engagement of their daughter, Jane, to Mr. Frederick Theodore Colehour, of Mount Carroll, Illinois.

## Mother's Day Services

Mother's Day services will be held in the Arlington Amphitheatre Sunday, May 8, at 2:00 P. M., under the auspices of the American War Mothers.

Secretary of War Hurley will be the principal speaker. A tribute from the Army will be given by General Douglas MacArthur, Chief of Staff of the Army, and greetings from Mrs. Virgil H. Stone, National President of the American War Mothers, and Mrs. Leonidas C. Dyer, President of the Congressional Club.

Those wishing reserve seats for the ceremony may apply to Mrs. M. C. O'Neill, 313 V Street Northeast, Washington, D. C.

## Spanish Midshipmen Visit

A party of 28 Spanish midshipmen under command of Lt. Com. Fernandez Martin, Spanish Navy, visited Annapolis, Md., May 5, where they were the guests of the American midshipmen at the Naval Academy. The visiting midshipmen arrived at New York April 27 in the Spanish naval training ship, Juan Sebastian Elcano.

The Spanish midshipmen left for Washington yesterday, where they spent the day. Lt. Charles B. McVay, 3rd, USN, of the Office of Naval Intelligence, Navy Department, was detailed to act as liaison officer and aide during their stay in Washington.

## Congressmen Fly

Eight Members of Congress and their friends enjoyed a cruise over New Jersey in the U. S. Airship Akron on May 4. They were conveyed from Washington to Lakehurst and return in two Ford tri-motored transports. The passengers had an opportunity to witness a demonstration by Lts. D. W. Harrigan and H. L. Young of the release of "spider" planes from the Akron's hangar and their recovery. Lt. Comdr. Charles E. Rosendahl was in command of the Akron.

## Nominations and Confirmations

The nominations of Navy and Marine Corps personnel published in the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL last week on page 837, were confirmed by the Senate May 2.

The following nominations of Army personnel were received by the Senate, April 29:

## Appointment, by Transfer

To Field Artillery—Second Lt. L. H. Wyman, Cav., with rank from June 9, 1928.

## Promotions

To be captain—E. E. Glenn, AC, from April 26, 1932.

To be first lieutenant—N. L. Cote, AC, from April 26, 1932.

To be lieutenant colonel—W. B. Meister, MC, from April 27, 1932.

To be chaplain with the rank of lieutenant colonel—J. M. Webb, from April 26, 1932.

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WASHINGTON, D. C.  
May 5, 1932

The Assistant Secretary of War and Mrs. Frederick H. Payne entertained at dinner Monday evening. Their guests were the Secretary of the Interior and Mrs. Ray Lyman Wilbur, Mrs. Robert Patterson Lamont, Mr. Justice and Mrs. Harlan Fiske Stone, Senator and Mrs. Warren E. Austin of Vermont, Gen. Douglas MacArthur, Mrs. William V. Pratt, Representative and Mrs. James T. Parker of New York, Maj. Gen. and Mrs. George V. H. Mosley, Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Samuel Hof, Maj. Gen. Blanton Winship, Brig. Gen. William E. Horton, Col. and Mrs. Earl McFarland, Maj. and Mrs. George Patton, Maj. and Mrs. Howard C. Davidson, Mr. and Mrs. Magnus W. Alexander of New York, Mr. and Mrs. Walter R. Tuckerman, Mr. and Mrs. John W. Davidge, Mrs. Jacob Leander Loose and Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm S. McConihe.

Mrs. Charles Edward Riggs, wife of the surgeon general of the Navy, has discontinued her days at home until the fall.

Rear Adm. and Mrs. Joseph Strauss entertained at a dinner Saturday evening.

Col. and Mrs. Fielder Montgomery Magruder Beall entertained at dinner Tuesday evening for their granddaughter, Miss Grace Beall Everett, daughter of Lt. Col. and Mrs. George Thomas Everett, whose marriage to Lt. William Arthur Davis, Jr., USA, son of Mr. and Mrs. William A. Davis, of Montclair, N. J., took place Wednesday afternoon at 5 o'clock. The guests at the dinner included the bride and bridegroom elect, their parents, members of the wedding party, and also Mrs. Beall Frost, of San Antonio, Tex.; Mrs. Orie Clarke and Mrs. A. L. Stout of Philadelphia.

Col. and Mrs. Walter C. Short have as their guest Miss Jane Harden, of Oklahoma City.

Lt. and Mrs. Leslie B. Groves entertained at the dinner dance at the Shoreham Monday evening, when their guests included Col. and Mrs. Francis B. Wilby, Col. and Mrs. Clarence S. Ridley, Maj. and Mrs. Ralph G. Barrows, Maj. and Mrs. Holland L. Robb, Maj. and Mrs. Charles P. Gross, Capt. and Mrs. Ralph Mills, Capt. and Mrs. Hugh P. Oram and Lt. and Mrs. John B. Hughes.

WEST POINT, N. Y.  
May 4, 1932

The retirement of Maj. Gen. William R. Smith, superintendent of the Academy for the past four years, gave an opportunity to the Post personnel to evidence their high regard for General and Mrs. Smith.

On Thursday night the members of the academic board and their wives entertained at a dinner in the West Point Army Mess in honor of Major General and Mrs. Smith. Among those attending were Col. and Mrs. Roger G. Alexander, Lt. Col. and Mrs. Walter K. Wilson, Lt. Col. and Mrs. William F. Morrison, Lt. Col. and Mrs. Robert C. Richardson, Lt. Col. and Mrs. Chauncey L. Fenton, Lt. Col. and Mrs. Alexander G. Gillespie, Lt. Col. and Mrs. Frank W. Halliday, Lt. Col. and Mrs. Herman Beukema, Lt. Col. and Mrs. Harris Jones, Maj. and Mrs. Robert L. Eichelberger and Capt. and Mrs. Gerald A. Counts.

The officers' hop in Cullum Memorial Hall last Friday was also given in honor of General and Mrs. Smith.

Before the dance Lt. Col. and Mrs. Chauncey L. Fenton entertained at dinner in honor of General and Mrs. Smith and Miss Katherine Smith. Also present were Lt. Col. and Mrs. Walter K. Wilson, Lt. Col. and Mrs. Raymond Stone and Lt. Col. Gerald Galloway.

Capt. and Mrs. Robert L. Bacon have had as guests Col. and Mrs. R. J. Burt, of Washington; Mrs. Homer Keefer and Lt. and Mrs. J. B. Moon. Colonel and Mrs. Burt are en route to their new station in China and Lieutenant and Mrs. Moon will sail soon for their station in the Philippine Islands.

Lt. and Mrs. Samuel P. Walker had as their dinner guests Friday evening Capt. and Mrs. Charles R. Johnson, Jr., Lt. and Mrs. Jonathan L. Holman and Lt. and Mrs. Malcolm D. Jones.

The final session of the contract bridge pair championship of West Point was held in Cullum Memorial Hall. Lt. and Mrs. Alfred M. Gruenther won first place, Lt. and Mrs. Maxwell D. Taylor second place and Lt. John F. Uncles and Lt. James W. Clyburn third place.

Lt. and Mrs. Walker had as dinner guests Lt. and Mrs. Lyman A. Judge, Lt. and Mrs. John K. Reepe and Lt. and Mrs. Robert L. Howze, Jr.

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## POSTS and STATIONS

ANNAPOLIS, MD.  
May 3, 1932

Comdr. and Mrs. Theodore Johnson entertained Friday at supper followed by bridge, in honor of Rear Adm. and Mrs. Thomas C. Hart.

Mrs. Giles and her daughter, Miss Louise Giles, have been the guests of Comdr. and Mrs. James A. Logan since leaving the USS Reina Mercedes. Mrs. Giles and Miss Giles left Annapolis April 27 for New York, where they sailed by transport for California.

Mrs. Giles' mother, Mrs. Arthur Ryan, is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Arthur Canbales, in her home on Maryland avenue, and later will go to Carvel Hall.

Capt. W. D. Puleston was the guest of Rear Adm. and Mrs. Thomas C. Hart at the superintendent's quarters recently.

Rear Adm. and Mrs. Reginald R. Belknap and their daughter, Miss Mary Belknap, of New York and Newport, were the week-end guests of Comdr. and Mrs. John Barleon in their quarters on Porter road.

Comdr. and Mrs. Harry Badt entertained at supper Friday, April 22, in their quarters on Uphur road. There were 26 guests.

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Laurence Wild gave a supper party for Mrs. Giles, when others in the company were Comdr. and Mrs. James A. Logan, Capt. and Mrs. Edward H. H. Old, Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Robert D. Kirkpatrick, Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Harvey E. Overesch, Mrs. C. Erakine Clement and Lt. Comdr. Armit C. Thomas.

Mrs. Platt, wife of Lt. Charles R. Platt, was hostess at luncheon recently in honor of Mrs. Willis, wife of Lt. Robert Willis, who shortly will leave Annapolis, and Mrs. Roth, wife of Lt. Edward Roth. The other guests were Mrs. Henry T. Read, Mrs. Charles H. Gordon, Mrs. Clarence F. Swanson, Mrs. Elray, Mrs. Farinhol, Mrs. McEathron, Mrs. Kelly and Mrs. Glover B. H. Hall.

Lt. and Mrs. Robert Zimmerli have as their guests Mrs. Zimmerli's sister and niece, Mrs. Hoadley and Miss Priscilla Hoadley, wife and daughter of Lt. Col. William T. Hoadley, USMC, now on duty at Charleston, S. C.

Comdr. and Mrs. William M. Smith gave a dinner party in the quarters on Uphur road in honor of Mrs. Calhoun, wife of Capt. William E. Calhoun, the latter having recently left Annapolis for sea duty. Mrs. Calhoun is at Carvel Hall.

FT. ETHAN ALLEN, VT.  
May 1, 1932

Col. and Mrs. Charles Burnett were host and hostess at a dinner at their quarters April 22.

The table centerpiece was of Tullismania roses, reflected into a Fragonard mirror on which they were arranged, while yellow candles lighted the table.

The guests of Colonel and Mrs. Burnett were Col. and Mrs. Joseph F. Barnes, Col. and Mrs. Frederick F. Black of Burlington, Maj. and Mrs. Alfred J. Betcher, Maj. and Mrs. Walter F. Tolson and Capt. and Mrs. Richardson L. Greene.

Mrs. Richardson L. Greene entertained with a bridge luncheon at her quarters Friday afternoon, April 22. Pink tulips and Baby's Breath decorated the table.

After luncheon, bridge was enjoyed. Those winning prizes were Mrs. Richard B. Evans, Mrs. Adele Carling and Mrs. Frederick W. Watrous.

Mrs. Greene's other guests were Mrs. Joseph F. Barnes, Mrs. Gordon J. F. Heron, Mrs. Arthur D. Martin, Mrs. Theodore B. Apgar, Mrs. John M. Sanderson, Mrs. Randolph Russell, Mrs. F. Scoon Gardner and Mrs. Eric H. F. Svensson, Jr.

Before the Post hop, April 23, Maj. and Mrs. George W. Brower entertained with a supper. Spring flowers were used as decorations in the house.

Those who were present as guests of Major and Mrs. Brower were Col. George A. Taylor, Maj. and Mrs. Arthur B. McCormick, Maj. and Mrs. Arthur D. Martin, Capt. and Mrs. John M. Sanderson, Capt. and Mrs. Randolph Russell, Capt. and Mrs. Frederic H. Timmerman, Capt. and Mrs. Richardson L. Greene, Capt. and Mrs. Jonathan Hunt, Lt. and Mrs. Robert J. Merrick, Lt. and Mrs. Kenneth L. Johnson, Lt. and Mrs. Joris R. Rasbach and Lt. and Mrs. H. F. Svensson, Jr.

VANCOUVER BARRACKS, WASH.  
May 1, 1932

A variety of events climaxed the season this week at the garrison, as the official personnel leaves early in May with the Seventh Infantry on its annual hike to Ft. Lewis, Wash., for the maneuvers.

Maj. Gen. Malin Craig and his aid-de-camp, Maj. Benjamin C. Lockwood, Jr., were at the Barracks last Saturday on an inspection visit.

Today, Sunday, brought to a close a series of polo games between Oregon State College

and the Post team. A large host of enthusiastic spectators from Portland and Vancouver witnessed the play at Rucker field during the three games.

Maj. and Mrs. William G. Livesay were the guests of honor at a group of dinner parties this week. Monday evening Capt. and Mrs. Russell Skinner entertained twelve guests at their home at dinner and bridge. Maj. and Mrs. Rapp Brush were hosts at a similar affair, Tuesday evening. Col. and Mrs. Thomas M. Knox presided at a bridge dinner Wednesday at their quarters. Thursday evening Lt. and Mrs. Harry W. Killpack complimented the departing couple at dinner and bridge. Covers were laid for sixteen guests. Gen. and Mrs. Paul A. Wolf were their hosts Friday evening at a most enjoyable affair.

Capt. and Mrs. John T. Murray entertained Tuesday evening at an informal supper party at their quarters.

Saturday evening Chaplain and Mrs. J. Burt Webster were hosts at dinner. Sixteen guests were included.

The Waverly Country Club in Portland, Oregon, was the scene of a delightful bridge luncheon Wednesday, when Mrs. James Casey entertained a group of ladies from the garrison.

Maj. and Mrs. Paul M. N. Kyle were hosts Monday evening at dinner.

FT. SNELLING, MINN.  
May 2, 1932

Honoring Mrs. Frederick Mertens, Jr., of Washington, D. C., who is the house guest of her daughter and son-in-law, Lt. and Mrs. Harry H. Geoffrey, and Mrs. James R. Urquhart, wife of Captain Urquhart, who leaves Friday to spend a month in Hot Springs, Ark., with her mother, Mrs. G. D. Wilkinson, before going to Lexington, Mo., where Captain Urquhart will be on duty at the Wentworth Military Academy, Mrs. Theo W. O'Brien will entertain with a luncheon at the Officers' Club on Wednesday, later taking her guests to the Ft. Snelling Theatre.

Maj. and Mrs. Henry P. Blanks entertained Saturday with a dinner, honoring Maj. and Mrs. Richard B. Hulsiek and Mr. and Mrs. Clarence A. Sather, both of Saint Paul. The occasion was the natal anniversary of Major Hulsiek. Other guests in addition to the honorees were Dr. and Mrs. Harold E. Hulsiek, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert O. Defel and Capt. and Mrs. Oscar W. Koch, all of Saint Paul, and Maj. and Mrs. Nels E. Stadig of Minneapolis.

Capt. and Mrs. Willfred R. Higgins were hosts at a family dinner on Monday night in celebration of the eighty-seventh birthday anniversary of Mrs. Higgins' grandmother, Mrs. Thomas Ordemann of Humboldt Ave. S., Minneapolis.

Lt. and Mrs. Vincent J. Conrad of 43 Melbourne Ave. S. E., Minneapolis, entertained informally last evening with dinner and cards. In addition to several guests of the Military Department of the University of Minnesota, Maj. and Mrs. Theo W. O'Brien, Maj. and Mrs. Arne Sorum and Capt. and Mrs. Orion L. Davidson, all of Ft. Snelling, were present.

The Officers' Club were hosts at their April Hop on Friday evening at the Service Club. Maj. and Mrs. Ralph E. Curti, Capt. and Mrs. Joseph H. Burghelm and Lt. and Mrs. J. F. R. Seitz, who acted as hosts for the club, were in the receiving line with Capt. and Mrs. James R. Urquhart and Lt. and Mrs. George F. Conner. Captain Urquhart leaves Ft. Snelling on Saturday accompanied by the children, Jane Ann and Bobby, to be stationed at Wentworth Military School. In keeping with the custom of presenting the brides at Ft. Snelling with silver platters Gen. John H. Hughes made the presentation in behalf of the officers and ladies of Ft. Snelling to Mrs. George F. Conner (Marion Wilmarth), a recent bride of the Post.

Maj. and Mrs. Arne Sorum and Lt. and Mrs. William N. Moore were joint hosts at a dinner party at the Officers' Club preceding the dance on Friday evening. Guests from the Twin Cities included Col. and Mrs. Wildurr Willing and Col. and Mrs. Reginald

H. Kelley of Saint Paul and Mr. and Mrs. Leland S. Duxbury and Maj. and Mrs. W. C. Webb, Jr., both of Minneapolis.

FT. SHAFTER, T. H.  
April 16, 1932

The dinner dance sponsored by officers and ladies of Ft. Shafter Wednesday evening at the Officers' Club was the incentive for a number of dinner parties.

Maj. and Mrs. George D. Holland were among those who entertained, having as their guests Maj. and Mrs. Carl S. Doney, Capt. and Mrs. Rodney C. Jones, Lt. and Mesdames J. Arthur Weeks, Joy T. Wrean, Lathrop H. Bullene, Andrew Samuels, Jr., William H. Webb, Mr. and Mrs. C. Werner Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Marcus C. Monsarrat, the Misses Mildred Curtis, Mary Drew, Kathleen Cramer, Frances Beaumont, Capt. Arnold D. Ambrose, Lt. Charles M. Wolf, Harry Harvey, Dan Center.

Maj. and Mrs. Martin F. DuFrenne were hosts at another table, cards marking places for Col. and Mesdames Ernest A. Ruffner, Channing S. Delaplane, Frederick V. Wright, Jay W. Grissinger, Comdr. and Mrs. W. H. Conner, USN, Maj. and Mesdames Frank W. Wilson, Earl L. Hering, Norman McL. Scott, Albert Bowen, Monteville A. St. Peter, Glover Johns, Elmer S. Tenny, Mantion S. Eddy, Joseph P. Vachon, Capt. and Mesdames Leonard D. Heaton, Clifford V. Morgan, Silas B. Hays, John F. Bohlender, Sterner St. Paul Meek, Thomas H. Davies, Ernest A. Rudelius, John W. Cooper, Chester B. Leedom, Oscar R. Rand, George P. Chase, John M. Gerguson, Lt. and Mrs. George J. Zimmerman, Miss Marilu Leedom, Miss Vera Connell, Lt. Lawrence T. Pugh, Kemball Leedom.

Capt. and Mrs. James R. Townsend had as their guests Col. and Mrs. Homer B. Grant, Col. and Mrs. Levy M. Hathaway, Maj. and Mrs. Ira B. Hill, Capt. and Mrs. Leon H. Richmond, Capt. and Mrs. James H. Smith, Lt. and Mrs. Paul B. Kelly, Lt. and Mrs. Henry K. Williams, Jr., and Mrs. C. B. MacIntyre.

Capt. and Mrs. William R. Carlson were also hosts to a number of friends. The guests were Maj. and Mrs. William Goodman, Maj. and Mrs. Sidney S. Winslow, Capt. and Mesdames James D. Brown, Maitland Bottoms, Roy T. Barrett, Thomas P. Walsh, Lt. and Mrs. James G. Renno, Lt. and Mrs. Joseph V. de P. Dillon, Lt. and Mrs. Albert S. Baron, Miss S. Rebecca Read.

FT. HAYES, O.  
May 1, 1932

Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Hugh A. Drum will be entertained at dinner May 6 by Col. and Mrs. Ferenbaugh, MC.

Col. and Mrs. Joseph K. Partello, Inf., and their daughter Betsy, left Ft. Hayes Wednesday morning, April 27 by automobile for Ft. Lewis, Wash., Colonel Partello's new station. They will go by way of South Bend, Ind., where their son is attending Notre Dame University, thence via Denver and San Francisco.

General Drum will attend the Kentucky Derby at Churchill Downs on May 7. The Secretary of War, Patrick J. Hurley and Maj. Gen. Charles H. Bridges, The Adjutant General of the Army, have been invited to attend the Derby, but it is not known at this time whether or not they will attend.

General Drum will attend a Reserve Officers' Contact Camp at Purdue University, Lafayette, Ind., May 11. General Drum will attend a Reserve Officers' Contact Camp at Culver Military Academy, Culver, Ind., May 12, returning to Ft. Hayes on the 13th.

FT. HAMILTON, N. Y.  
May 1, 1932

On Thursday, April 21, 1932, Mr. and Mrs. Mitchell, parents of Lieutenant Mitchell, arrived at Ft. Hamilton from Deland, Fla. After a short visit, Mr. and Mrs. Mitchell will leave for Annapolis, Md., to visit another son, Lieutenant Mitchell, who is now an instructor at the Naval Academy.

On Monday morning, April 18, at Division Headquarters, General Holbrook and Mr. Kenneth Behr, assistant director, Floyd Bennett Air Field, had a short discussion on the auto-gyro. About 10:30 A.M. on the same morning an auto-gyro, piloted by Mr. James Ray, landed on the parade ground. A few

(Please turn to Next Page)

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## Posts and Stations

(Continued from Preceding Page)

minutes later, Mr. Ray with General Holbrook as passenger, took off for the Floyd Bennett air port. It will be remembered that Mr. Ray successfully landed an autogyro on the White House grounds, Washington, D. C.

### FORT HOWARD, MD. May 2, 1932

Col. and Mrs. William W. Taylor, Jr., entertained at a Tea recently at their quarters on the Post. The Tea was given in honor of Mrs. May I. Steward, of New York, who is spending a month as the guests of her son-in-law and daughter, Lt. Col. and Mrs. Frank F. Jewett. Mrs. Taylor has returned from a visit to her son, Mr. Oliver B. Taylor, who is a student at the Shenandoah Valley Academy, in Winchester, Va. Mrs. R. T. Phinney, a sister of Mrs. Taylor, will shortly arrive from Fort Ontario, N. Y., and will spend some time as the guest of Colonel and Mrs. Taylor.

Maj. and Mrs. Wilmer C. Dreibeisler entertained at a dinner Saturday at their quarters on the Post. Later their guests attended the hop at the Officers Club.

Maj. and Mrs. Samuel A. Gibson have returned from Washington, where they were the guests of Mrs. Gibson's brother and sister-in-law, Col. and Mrs. Presley M. Rixey. Major and Mrs. Gibson will entertain at a dinner Monday preceding the Monday Bridge Club which will be held at the Officers' Club. Their guests will include Lt. Col. and Mrs. Frank F. Jewett, Capt. and Mrs. Francis P. Simpson, Capt. and Mrs. John W. Daniel, Capt. and Mrs. Carleton Coulter, Jr., Lt. and Mrs. Charles V. Barnum and Lt. and Mrs. Kenneth C. Strother.

A buffet supper party was given recently by Lt. and Mrs. Kenneth C. Strother. Among the guests were Capt. and Mrs. Elbert A. Nostrand, Capt. and Mrs. John B. Harvey, Capt. and Mrs. Francis P. Simpson, Lt. and Mrs. Harold A. Brown, and Mrs. Michael J. Geraghty, and Lt. and Mrs. Charles D. Wiegand.

### JEFFERSONVILLE DEPOT, IND. May 2, 1932

The officer personnel of the Jeffersonville Quartermaster Depot and their ladies and friends from Jeffersonville entertained at the Kentucky Hotel, Louisville, with a dinner Thursday, April 21, honoring Capt. and Mrs. Joseph E. Smith. Captain Smith is under orders for duty at Ft. Screven, Ga. Covers were laid for Capt. and Mrs. Joseph E. Smith, Col. and Mrs. Frederick W. Van Dune, Col. and Mrs. Albert E. Phillips, Maj. and Mrs. Arnold M. Reeve, Maj. and Mrs. Ivan S. Curtis, Capt. and Mrs. Charles I. Basire, Capt. and Mrs. Lee W. Card, Capt. and Mrs. Russell W. Goodyear, Lt. and Mrs. Nathan W. Thomas, Dr. and Mrs. Harry H. Reeder, Mrs. James E. Howard, Mrs. Frederic Schroeder, Miss Mary Baker of Newark, N. J., Miss Mary Van Dune, Capt. Charles G. Dobbins and Capt. Henry J. Hinker. Captain and Mrs. Smith were presented with a beautiful guest prize.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Nachand of Jeffersonville, Ind., entertained at luncheon and dinner at the Northside Country Club Sunday, April 17, in honor of Capt. Joseph E. Smith, QMC, U. S. Army, and Mrs. Smith. Captain and Mrs. Smith left Jeffersonville for Fort Screven, Ga., April 25. Covers were laid for Captain and Mrs. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Nachand, Mrs. Emma Reynolds, Miss Sarah Reynolds, Miss Mildred Smith of Louisville, Mr. Thomas W. Wilson, Mr. Garland Nachand, Mr. Junior Nachand and Mr. Fred Stevens of Louisville.

Capt. Robert B. Field, Quartermaster Corps, U. S. Army, was a visitor at the Jeffersonville Quartermaster Depot on Thursday, April 21. Captain Field is connected with the Construction Division, Office of the Quartermaster General, Washington, D. C.

Mrs. Jack W. Seitz gave a luncheon-bridge April 14 at her home in Jeffersonville, Ind., honoring Mrs. Joseph E. Smith, wife of Captain Smith, QMC, U. S. Army. Captain and Mrs. Smith left Jeffersonville for Fort Screven, Ga., where Captain Smith has been transferred, April 25. Guests included Mrs. Joseph E. Smith, Mrs. John B. Funk, Mrs. Rufus Rodgers, and Mrs. Walter Dorsey.

### SELFREDGE FIELD, MICH. May 2, 1932

Lt. and Mrs. Arthur W. Meehan were hosts at the Evening Bridge given in the

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Officers' Club, April 19, at which the prizes were won by Mrs. Harry W. Miller, Mrs. George Wald, Mrs. A. B. Ballard and Lt. Paul I. Jacobs.

Maj. and Mrs. George H. Brett entertained a party of eighteen for dinner in their quarters preceding the bridge.

Lt. and Mrs. Ray E. Culbertson entertained at dinner and bridge in their quarters April 20. Covers were laid for twelve.

Mrs. Paul I. Jacobs, Mrs. Norman D. Sillin and Mrs. Joseph D. Lee were hostesses at a charming bridge tea, given in the Officers' Club on Thursday, April 21.

Mr. and Mrs. William H. Brett and their two children were the week-end guests of Maj. and Mrs. George H. Brett. Saturday evening Mr. and Mrs. Brett were honor guests at a "No-Host" dinner at the Brown Cottage.

### CARLISLE BARRACKS, PA. May 2, 1932

Brig. Gen. James A. Ryan, USA, ret., visited Brig. Gen. E. L. Munson Monday evening at his quarters.

April 25 Mrs. Thomas J. Hartford and Mrs. Walter L. Peterson entertained the ladies of the Basic Class and a few Post ladies at a bridge tea. Prizes were presented to Mrs. Felix P. Keane, Mrs. Robert E. Peyton, Mrs. Steven V. Guasak, Mrs. Wm. S. Stone and Mrs. Mark T. Morgan. The following guests were present: Mrs. A. A. Albright, Mrs. Ehring L. Berquist, Mrs. Wayne G. Brandstadt, Mrs. Victor A. Byrnes, Mrs. Walter A. Carlson, Mrs. Henry C. Chynault, Mrs. Otto L. Churney, Mrs. Harold E. Coder, Mrs. Richard L. Daniel, Mrs. Robert C. Gaskill, Mrs. Wm. S. George, Mrs. Kenneth G. Gould, Mrs. Willburt E. Greenwood, Mrs. Steven V. Guasak, Mrs. John A. Isherwood, Mrs. Felix P. Keane, Mrs. Gustave E. Ledfors, Mrs. Armin V. Leuschner, Mrs. Austin Lowry, Jr., Mrs. Eugene E. Manning, Mrs. Paul H. Martin, Mrs. Roger G. Miller, Mrs. Mark T. Morgan, Mrs. George D. Newton, Mrs. Dan C. Ogle, Mrs. T. N. Page, Mrs. Noel Paschal, Mrs. Robert E. Peyton, Mrs. John E. Pluenncke, Mrs. Crawford F. Sams, Mrs. Albert H. Schwichtenberg, Mrs. Wm. S. Stone, Mrs. Carl W. Tempel and Mrs. Oliver H. Waltrip.

Mrs. J. M. Willis, Mrs. Herbert Taylor, Mrs. C. F. Sams, Mrs. Wm. S. Stone, Mrs. Carl W. Tempel and Mrs. Oliver Waltrip were hostesses Tuesday, April 26, at the weekly bridge and tea dance held in the Red Cross House. High scores were held by Mrs. Charles LeBaron, Jr., and Mrs. Armin Leuschner.

Preceding the dance at the Post Gymnasium Friday night, Maj. and Mrs. James E. Baylis and Lt. and Mrs. George D. Newton entertained at a dinner party in the Officers' Club. The guests were: General and Mrs. Munson, Lt. Col. Larry McAfee, Lt. Col. and Mrs. Paul Gibson, Lt. Col. Henry P. Carter, Lt. Col. and Mrs. J. M. Willis, Maj. and Mrs. Charles LeBaron, Jr., Maj. and Mrs. Frank Matlack, Maj. and Mrs. Charles Souder, Maj. Harry Wyer, Maj. and Mrs. Herbert Taylor, Maj. and Mrs. Charles Spruit, Maj. and Mrs. Dennis Sullivan, Maj. and Mrs. Joseph Martin, Maj. and Mrs. Ralph Stewart, Maj. and Mrs. Jacob Hartman, Capt. and Mrs. Roland Fenton, Capt. and Mrs. James Lothrop, Capt. Henry Lucking, Capt. and Mrs. A. B. Welsh, Capt. and Mrs. Eugene Billick, Capt. and Mrs. Wm. E. Shambora, Capt. Daniel Berry, Mrs. T. N. Page, Lt. and Mrs. Lloyd Moore, Lt. and Mrs. Leonard Perkins, Lt. Cecil Brooks, Mrs. Eleanor Clark, Mrs. Munson McDonald, Mrs. M. Watters, Miss Mary Souder, Mrs. Putney, Mrs. Myers and Mrs. Lyman.

Mrs. Charles LeBaron, Jr., spent Thursday in Washington, D. C., with Col. and Mrs. C. C. McCornack.

Mrs. Mark T. Morgan has been called to her home in Ohio on account of illness. Mrs. Wm. S. Stone left Saturday for a month's stay in the South.

### FT. LEWIS, WASH. May 1, 1932

Mrs. Thomas W. Jones was hostess at a bridge luncheon on Monday, honoring Mrs. Richard H. McMaster, who with her husband, Colonel McMaster, and the children will leave on the May transport for their new station at Ft. Bragg. The guest list included Mrs. Ernest D. Scott, Mrs. Richard H. McMaster, Mrs. Albert S. Bowen, Mrs. Frederick A. Prince, Mrs. Ronald D. Johnson, Miss Veta Boone, Mrs. Casey H. Hayes, Mrs. Victor V. Taylor, Mrs. Peter K. Kelly, Mrs. Wallace W. Crawford, Mrs. John Winn, Jr., Mrs. Otto L. McDaniel, Mrs. Wyburn D. Brown, Mrs. Robert Hendley, Mrs. Einar B. Gjelsteen, Miss Anna B. Carlson, Mr. Paul Savage and Mrs. George Gyles of Tacoma, Mrs. Elmer C. Ringer, Mrs. Eric Erickson.

Lt. and Mrs. Floyd Brissack (Doris Kayler), who were married in Tacoma on April 14, returned from a trip to San Francisco early in the week and are at home in their new post quarters.

Lt. Col. Abbott Boone and his sister, Miss Veta Boone, entertained with a bridge din-

ner on Sunday evening, honoring their brother, L. P. Boone, of Hamburg, Germany, who is their guest for the month. Capt. and Mrs. Thomas W. Jones, Lt. and Mrs. Bernard A. Torney and Mrs. George Charlton were the guests who formed two tables of contract following dinner. High score prizes went to Mrs. Jones and Lieutenant Torney.

Invitations have been issued on the Post for a dance on Tuesday, May 3, at the Officers' Club in honor of Maj. Gen. John F. Preston, who will be a guest on the Post at that time. Other social affairs are being planned in his honor.

Lt. and Mrs. Einar B. Gjelsteen entertained with a supper before the hop at the Officers' Club on Friday evening. The guest list included thirty army and civilian friends. Lt. and Mrs. Paul H. Leach were also hosts to over a score of friends, later accompanying them to the dance at the Officers' Club. Lt. and Mrs. Henry Hoeffer entertained informally at a bridge dinner on Tuesday evening in quarters.

### FORT MEADE, D. D. April 30, 1932.

Maj. J. K. Calwell, who was recently relieved from duty with the 4th Cavalry and ordered to duty as instructor, Cavalry, Wisconsin National Guard, has been granted a leave of absence of five days which he intends to spend visiting friends and relatives in Knoxville, Ill.

Maj. Wilson C. von Kessler, MC, has been granted a leave of absence of five days, effective on or about April 25, 1932, for the purpose of visiting Omaha, Nebr.

The bowling tournament has been completed, Troop "F," 4th Cavalry, taking first place with a percentage of 923, having lost only one game out of fourteen.

Headquarters Troop, 4th Cavalry, and the Medical Detachment tied for second place with the percentage of 571 each.

Due to the heavy rains for the past week, outdoor training has practically been at a standstill. The heavy precipitation ended with about two inches of snow and the temperature dropped to about 20 degrees above zero.

### FT. MONROE, VA. May 2, 1932

Lt. and Mrs. Leon Denson returned to their quarters in Hampton yesterday afternoon after having spent the past week-end as the guests of Lieutenant Denson's parents in Raleigh, N. C.

Capt. John T. Lewis returned to the post during the past week after having been stationed at Aberdeen for the past month on temporary duty.

Col. J. C. Ohnstead and Maj. Harold W. Rehm were visitors for a few days of this week in Washington, D. C., and at the Aberdeen Proving Grounds.

Jack Sanborn of Philadelphia has been the guest for the past two days of Maj. and Mrs. Harold W. Rehm.

James S. Otey, of Blacksburg, Va., is the house guest of Capt. and Mrs. Daniel H. Hoge.

Capt. and Mrs. William Braly entertained Saturday at noon at the first of a series of clam chowder luncheons they are giving.

The following officers of the Fifty-second are leaving to spend the day at Fort Story on Tuesday to prepare for the future training that commences there in May: Maj. Eugene Walker, Capt. Hugh Cochran, Lt. Legree Tarrant, Lt. William Dunham, Lt. Norman Condon, Lt. H. Lee Hughes and Lt. Augustus Schermacher. Their wives will serve a no host picnic luncheon.

### PANAMA CANAL ZONE April 23, 1932

In compliment of their week-end guest, Miss Peggy White, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. W. R. White of Corral, Capt. and Mrs. John C. Blizard gave a dinner at their quarters in Fort Davis and later took their guests to the dance at the Strangers Club.

Included with the honor guest were Lt. Col. and Mrs. Ray C. Hill and Mrs. Stowe T. Sutton, Lt. and Mrs. William M. Breckenridge, Lt. and Mrs. James B. Hewat, Miss Berlice Flske, Maj. George Luberoff, Capt. Paul D. Carter and Lt. Thomas M. Smothers. Mrs. Robert E. Guthrie gave a delightful morning bridge party and luncheon at her home in Quarry Heights, entertaining Mrs. James D. Rife, Mrs. Tucker, Mrs. Raymond W. Briggs, Mrs. John C. Woodland, Mrs. E. G. Reade, Mrs. William A. Smith, Mrs. W. Carle Turner, Mrs. William A. Turnbull and Mrs. Kenna C. Eastham.

Col. Ralph M. Mitchell of Fort Amador, commanding officer of the 65th Coast Artillery, who will take command of the newly reorganized 1st Coast Artillery at Fort Sherman and Fort Randolph, was the honor guest of a stag party given by the officers of the 65th at the Castle of Silver Spray.

Those attending with the honor guest were: Maj. Enrique Benitez, Mr. Theodore McGinnis, Capt. James C. Bates, Capt. Robert M. Mackin, Capt. Edgar King, Lt. William B. Coleman, Lt. Frank Kane, Lt. Edward Barber, Lt. Felix Parsons, Lt. Granger Ander-

son, Lt. Edward B. Hempstead, Lt. Lawrence Brownlee and Lt. Earl F. Cook.

Maj. and Mrs. Clarence M. Culp entertained informally at dinner at their home in Fort Clayton, and later with their guests attended the post theatre. Their guests were: Lt. and Mrs. Russell Blair, Lt. Carmouche and Lt. E. B. Hildebrand.

The officers and ladies of Fort Clayton held their regular monthly hop at the post Officers' Club in the form of a cabaret dance. The club was decorated to represent a cabaret and between the dances there were song and dance acts by local artists. Preceding the dance a number of dinner parties were given on the post.

### FT. DOUGLAS, UTAH May 1, 1932

Mrs. J. M. Bedwell, assisted by her mother, Mrs. Woodward, and her sister, Miss Lillian Woodward, was hostess at a lovely tea at her home April 20. Mrs. O. S. McCleavy was the guest of honor.

Mrs. Murray Sullivan gave a bridge luncheon in Mrs. McCleavy's honor at the New-house Hotel April 21.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. P. Fitzpatrick, who have been the guests of Capt. and Mrs. P. J. Dodd, left Ft. Douglas April 28 to return to their home in Chicago. Mrs. Fitzpatrick is Mrs. Dodd's sister.

A brilliant social affair was the cabaret dance given at the Post Hall April 29 by Capt. and Mrs. L. P. Wornall and Capt. and Mrs. P. A. Brauner. The hall was converted into a garden with bowers of flowers, lovely blooming trees, vines and ramblers and a carpet of grass. The guests, seated at small tables in this veritable fairland, were served a delicious dinner and enjoyed dancing during and after the meal.

### FT. MEADE, MD. May 6, 1932

Lt. and Mesdames George H. Bare, Leo C. Paquet, and Gustin M. Nelson were hosts last Sunday when they entertained with a tea dance at the Officers' Club.

Mrs. E. C. McGuire's sister, Mrs. Charles W. Parker, who is the guest of Maj. and Mrs. McGuire while her husband is with the fleet in California, has returned to the post, having had a trip to the West Coast on the Republic to visit Lieutenant Parker.

Lt. and Mrs. Bare had as their guests for the tea dance and over the week-end Lt. and Mrs. Harrison G. Travis of Matewan, N. J.

Preceding the hop last Friday evening Capt. and Mrs. Charles C. Morgan were dinner hosts in their quarters when their guests included Capt. and Mesdames Barth R. De Graff and Wm. C. Lee and Lt. and Mrs. Daniel P. Norman.

Mrs. Morgan entertained again on Tuesday, when her luncheon guests were Mesdames Harry F. Hanson of the post, Henry Sadler and Charles A. Stammel of Washington.

Last Saturday evening Lt. and Mrs. Robert Childs entertained Capt. and Mrs. Charles C. Morgan, Capt. and Mrs. Ray H. Larkin and Lt. and Mrs. Lucien E. Bolduc for dinner in their quarters.

Lt. and Mrs. Royal A. Machie will entertain tomorrow (Saturday) with dinner in their quarters for Capt. and Mesdames Clyde H. Plank, Larry L. Cobb, Millard S. Curtis, Lt. and Mesdames Paul A. Pickhardt, Edward H. Bowes, Ewing H. France, Gustin M. Nelson, Robert E. Cullen and Mr. John Merback of the post, and Lt. and Mrs. John Hill of Washington.

Other dinner hosts tomorrow evening will be Lt. and Mrs. Stephen B. Elkins, whose guests will include Maj. and Mrs. A. S. Balsam, Maj. and Mrs. Eli E. Brown, Capt. and Mesdames Leo A. Bessette, Harry F. Hanson, Winfield O. Shrum, Pearne C. Wilder, C. N. Martin, Lt. and Mesdames Robert F. Carter, Herbert H. Harris, Charles F. Ivins, Leo C. Paquet, Lucien E. Bolduc and Henry C. Burgess.

Lt. and Mrs. Noel A. Neal also will entertain with dinner tomorrow, having as their guests Maj. and Mrs. Douglas T. Greene, Maj. and Mrs. Wm. A. McAdam, Capt. and Mesdames Harvey I. Cassidy, Herman O. Lane, Frank N. Williams, Paul L. Singer, Lt. and Mesdames E. D. Johnson, George D. Barnes, Miss Ruth Gottburg, Miss Lydia Eskeridge, Miss Donnie Reykopf of Baltimore, Mrs. Helen Johnson of Washington, Maj. Junius Jones of Washington and Lt. James C. Carter, Wm. P. Turpin, A. E. Strode, Carl B. Herndon, Harry H. Miller and Robert Sink.

### Navy Employee Retires

Mr. Harry Washington Smith, Chief Clerk of the Office of Naval Intelligence, Navy Department, retired April 30, after nearly 45 years continuous service in that office. He was born February 22, 1864, in Washington, D. C., appointed to the Navy Department February 23, 1888. Secretary Adams and Capt. Hayne Ellis, USN, Director of Naval Intelligence, commended Mr. Smith on his long and faithful service.



## Navy Orders

(Continued from Page 849)

Ch. Mach. R. E. Sammons, det. USS Oklahama about May 23; to Nav. Air Sta., Lakehurst, N. J.

Ch. Pharm. Martin Huff, det. Qtrmaster Corps Subsistence School, Chicago, Ill., about May 31; to Nav. Hosp., Nav. Trng. Sta., Great Lakes, Ill.

Lt. (jg) U. S. G. Sharp, Jr., det. USS Buchanan in July; to USS Saratoga.

Lt. (jg) J. T. Warren, det. Nav. Academy, Annapolis, Md., about May 28; to instr. Nav. Trng. Sta., NOB, Hampton Roads.

Ch. Rad. Elec. N. Avery, det. USS Mississippi about June 15; to USS Trenton.

Ch. Rad. Elec. R. Cole, det. Nav. Air Sta., Lakehurst, N. J., about June 13; to USS Vestal.

## ASIATIC DESPATCH ORDERS,

APRIL 25, 1932

Capt. E. A. Wolleson, to duty as Comdr. Det. Sqd. 5, Asiatic.

Capt. W. P. Gaddis, Ors. March 7 mod. To 12th Nav. Dist., San Francisco.

Comdr. W. F. Lafrens, to 10th Nav. Dist.

Comdr. R. W. Mathewson, to command USS Black Hawk.

Lt. Comdr. W. P. Bacon, det. Nav. Sta., Olongapo; to duty as Off. in Chge., Nav. Rtg. Sta., Buffalo.

Lt. R. D. Hill, det. USS Houston; to Navy Yard, Wash., D. C.

Lt. E. P. Forrestel, to Dest. Squads., Asiatic.

Lt. J. W. Higley, to Dest. Squads., Asiatic.

Lt. F. V. Rigler, det. staff, Subm. Sqd. 5, Asiatic; to USS Houston.

Lt. A. L. Maher, to Yangtze Patrol Force.

Lt. F. A. Packer, to Dest. Squads., Asiatic.

Lt. Comdr. M. H. Finley (SC), to USS Mindanao.

Lt. M. C. Roberts (SC), to 10th Nav. Dist.

Lt. (jg) M. W. Clark (SC), det. Nav. Sta., Cavite; to 13th Nav. Dist.

Ens. M. H. Cox (SC), to USS Houston.

Lt. W. J. Murphy (CC), to 10th Nav. Dist.

Lt. D. Quanton (CC), det. 10th Nav. Dist.; to Bu. C. & R.

Capt. I. I. Yates (CC), det. Nav. Sta., Cavite; to Rec. Ship at New York.

Lt. B. W. Fink, Jr. (CEC), to 10th Nav. Dist.

Ch. Elec. C. C. Camara, to USS Black Hawk.

Lt. H. J. Lang, det. USS Borie; to 5th Nav. Dist. as Dist. Radio Matl. officer.

Lt. (jg) T. Ashcraft, det. VT Squad. 5A; to Aircraft, Asiatic Fleet.

Lt. (jg) R. B. DeWolfe, det. VT Sqd. 5A; to Aircraft, Asiatic Fleet.

Lt. (jg) J. A. Hayes, det. USS Stewart; to Dest. Sqd. 5.

Lt. (jg) A. D. Marks, det. USS S-38; to USS S-38.

Lt. (jg) F. P. Tibbits, det. USS McCormick; to instr. Nav. Academy, Annapolis, Md.

Comdr. C. R. Clark, det. USS Richmond after June 1; to Navy Yard, Wash., D. C.

Comdr. B. Perlman, det. Nav. Exam. Bd., Navy Dept., in June; to instr. Nav. War College, Newport, R. I.

Lt. Comdr. C. G. Gilliland, det. duty Office of Judge Adv. Genl. on April 28; continue trmt. Nav. Hosp., Wash., D. C.

Lt. Comdr. W. A. Tattersall, Ors. April 8 revoked; continue duty Navy Yard, Norfolk, Va.

Lt. J. L. Albice, addl. duty as Instr.-Insptr., 11th and 14th Ft. Div., 3rd Battalion, Nav. Reserves.

Lt. W. B. Goggins, det. aide on staff, Cdr. Scg. Force; to USS Hamilton as executive officer.

Lt. F. S. Hall, det. Nav. Academy, Annapolis, Md., about June 1; to USS Ogla. Ors. Jan. 20 and modifications March 7 and 30 revoked.

Lt. W. A. Hardy, det. Navy Yard, New York, N. Y., in June; to USS Raleigh.

Lt. H. E. Haven, det. Nav. Engr. Experiment Sta., Annapolis, Md., in July; to USS Yarnall as exec. off.

Lt. G. P. Hunter, det. USS Tennessee about June 15; to duty with Nav. Insptr. of Mach., Bath Iron Works, Bath, Maine.

Lt. E. P. Kransfelder, det. Nav. Research Lab., Bellevue, D. C., in June; to USS Philip as exec. and engr. off.

Lt. R. P. McDonough, det. Nav. Torpedo Sta., Newport, R. I., in May; to USS Hannibal.

Lt. R. O. Myers, det. Navy Yard, Puget Sound, Wash., about June 18; to USS Medusa.

Lt. M. T. Richardson, det. as Off. in Chge., Navy Rtg. Sta., Providence, R. I., about June 1; to Asiatic Sta.

Lt. P. P. Welch, det. Nav. Academy, Annapolis, Md., in May; to USS West Virginia as communication officer.

Lt. (jg) H. Armor, Desp. ors. March 19 mod. to trmt. at Nav. Hosp., Mare Island, instead Nav. Hosp., San Diego.

Lt. (jg) E. L. Beck, det. USS Patoka in June; to instr. Nav. Boller Lab., Navy Yard, Phila., Pa.

Lt. (jg) R. S. Bertachy, det. Nav. Academy, Annapolis, Md., about May 28; to instr. Bu. Nav., Navy Dept.

Lt. (jg) F. H. Bond, det. Nav. Torp. Sta., Newport, R. I., in May; to USS Childs.

Lt. (jg) R. E. Cofer, Jr., det. Nav. Academy, Annapolis, Md., about May 23; to USS Ogla.

Lt. (jg) J. C. Daniel, det. Nav. Academy, Annapolis, Md., about May 28; to instr. Bu. Nav., Navy Dept.

Lt. (jg) H. W. Goodall, det. Nav. Academy, Annapolis, Md., about May 27; to instr. Bu. Nav., Navy Dept.

Lt. (jg) A. M. Hurst, det. Nav. Academy, Annapolis, Md., about May 27; to instr. Bu. Nav., Navy Dept.

Lt. (jg) J. B. Jordan, det. USS Dobbin about June 1; to instr. Hdqtrs., 4th Nav. Dist., Phila., Pa.

Lt. (jg) E. L. Luginbuhl, det. USS Philip in June; to USS Melville.

Lt. (jg) N. W. Sears, det. Rec. Ship at New York about June 15; to instr. Office of Nav. Intelligence, Navy Dept.

Lt. (jg) C. L. Smith, det. USS West Virginia in June; to instr. Hdqtrs., 9th Nav. Dist., Great Lakes, Ill.

Lt. (jg) J. J. Woodward, det. about May 28; to instr. Nav. Trng. Sta., Great Lakes, Ill.

Lt. (jg) E. E. Walter (MC), on disch. trmt. Nav. Hosp., Puget Sound, Wash.; to Nav. Academy, Annapolis, Md.

May 2, 1932

Lt. Comdr. A. H. Balsley, det. Bu. Ord.,

Navy Dept.; to command USS Williamson. Lt. Comdr. L. T. Du Bose, det. Nav. Academy about June 1; to command USS Schenck.

Lt. J. A. Crocker, det. USS Reina Mercedes about June 1; to USS Pensacola.

Lt. A. F. Dineen, det. Navy Yard, Portsmouth, N. H., about June 1; to USS Twigg.

Lt. H. Doe, det. Nav. Academy about June 1; to USS Montgomery.

Lt. E. D. Duckett, det. Nav. Powder Factory, Indian Head, Md., in June; to Asiatic Station.

Lt. E. W. Foster, det. Subm. Base, Pearl Harbor, T. H., about July 18; to USS Roper as engr. off.

Lt. S. G. Fuqua, det. USS Hamilton about May 10; to USS Perry.

Lt. C. W. Humphreys, det. Navy Yard, Phila., Pa., about June 1; to USS New Mexico.

Lt. H. H. Kelly, det. Nav. Trng. Sta., NOB, Norfolk, Va., in June; to USS Nitro.

Lt. V. E. Korns, det. Navy Yard, Wash., D. C., about June 1; to USS Evans as exec. and engr. off.

Lt. E. C. Loughhead, det. Nav. Trng. Sta., NOB, Norfolk, Va., in June; to USS Antares.

Lt. B. B. Strauss, det. Nav. Trng. Sta., Newport, R. I., in June; to USS Manley.

Lt. W. L. Ware, det. Nav. Academy about June 1; to USS Dupont as exec. off.

Lt. (jg) R. B. Buck, det. Nav. Trng. Sta., Great Lakes, Ill., about June 1; to USS Blakeley.

Lt. (jg) W. E. Guitar, det. Nav. Academy

about May 28; to USS Raleigh.

Lt. (jg) H. A. Yeager, det. USS Nevada in June; to USS Talbot.

Ens. W. S. Estabrook, det. USS West Virginia in June; to USS Waters.

Ens. J. P. Rembert, Jr., det. USS West Virginia in June; to USS Waters.

Ens. A. B. Roby, det. USS West Virginia in June; to USS Litchfield.

Ens. J. M. Whitaker, det. USS West Virginia in June; to USS Pruitt.

Lt. (jg) J. P. Burke (SC), det. USS Dobbin on June 1; to home, relieved all active duty.

Ch. Gunner E. C. Jepson, det. USS Salt Lake City in June; to Navy Yard, Phila., Pa.

Mach. R. E. Blythe, det. USS Fulton; to USS Mississippi.

April 30, 1932

Lt. H. B. Brumbaugh, det. USS Maryland in June; to staff, P. G. School, Nav. Academy, Annapolis, Md.

Lt. W. B. Fletcher, Ors. March 7 revoked; continue duty Subm. Base, New London.

Lt. C. B. Hunt, det. Nav. War College, Newport, R. I., about May 28; to USS Saratoga as asst. fire control officer; Ors. April 6 revoked.

Lt. A. M. Loker, det. USS Twigg; to Engr. Experiment Sta., Annapolis, Md.

Lt. L. McKee, det. USS Bernadou after June 12; to Navy Yard, Norfolk, Va.

Lt. G. E. Nold, det. USS Perry about June 10; to USS Saratoga.

Lt. C. F. Waters, det. Subm. Base, New

(Please turn to Next Page)

## DIRECTORY

## SCHOOLS and CAMPS

The Schools and Camps listed below are effectively equipped to care for the educational and vocational needs of the children of members of the services and, is recognized as an authentic and reliable aid to service parents in solving the problem of child education and enjoyment during the Summer. For details as to the Schools and Camps listed in this Directory, address them directly or communicate with the Army and Navy Journal, Department of Education.

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## Navy Orders

(Continued from Preceding Page)

London, Conn., about June 20; to USS Salt Lake City.

Lt. (jg) W. L. Field, det. Nav. Academy, Annapolis, Md., about June 1; to USS Bridge.

Lt. (jg) J. K. B. Glinder, det. Nav. Academy, Annapolis, Md., about May 28; to USS Klittery.

Lt. (jg) W. G. Pogue, det. Nav. Trng. Sta., San Diego, Calif., in June; to USS Aaron Ward.

Lt. (jg) J. A. Pritchard, det. USS Chandler in June; to USS Arizona.

May 3, 1932

Capt. H. E. Lackey, det. as Off. in Chge. Br. Hydro. Off., San Francisco, Calif., on May 30; to duty as Sr. Mbr., Bd. Inspection and Survey, Pacific Coast Section, San Francisco.

Capt. G. S. Lincoln, det. as Cdt. Nav. Sta., Tutuila, Samoa, on July 9; to home, relieved of all active duty.

Capt. C. W. MacLain, det. command USS Henderson about May 6; to duty as Insptr. of Nav. Mail, Hartford, Conn.

Comdr. E. W. Hanson, det. USS West Virginia after June 1; to Nav. ROTC Unit, Harvard Univ., Cambridge, Mass.

Lt. Cdr. H. D. Hoffman, det. as Nav. Insptr. of Ord., Midvale Co., Philadelphia, Pa., in June; to Asiatic Sta.

Lt. Cdr. W. A. Mason, det. USS Fulton; to USS Hannibal as exec. off.

Lt. Comdr. H. P. Samson, granted sick leave three months; wait orders at Washington, D. C.

Lt. Comdr. H. A. Spanagel, det. Nav. Gun Factory, Navy Yard, Washington, D. C., in June; to command USS Breckinridge.

Lt. Comdr. T. B. Thompson, det. USS Lexington about May 2; to command USS Dallas.

Lt. Comdr. Scott Umsted, det. Nav. Academy in May; to command USS Tillman.

Lt. Comdr. Leighton Wood, det. Navy Proving Grd., Dahlgren, Va., in June; to command USS Uphur.

Lt. W. W. Angerer, det. Navy Yard, New York, N. Y., in June; to USS Bernadou as exec. off.

Lt. B. E. Carter, det. Rec. Sta., Philadelphia, Pa.; to USS Memphis.

Lt. G. B. Carter, det. Nav. Trng. Sta., Newport, R. I.; to USS Melville as nav. off.

Lt. L. A. Drexler, Jr., det. Nav. Academy in June; to USS Uphur.

Lt. J. R. Harrison, det. command USS Mahopac; to Rec. Sta., Puget Sound, Wash.

Lt. J. G. Jones, det. Harvard Univ., Cambridge, Mass., in July; to Aircraft, Setg. Force.

Lt. J. V. McEluff, det. Nav. War College, Newport, R. I., about May 28; to Nav. Trng. Sta., NOB, Hampton Roads, Va.

Lt. J. Shomier, Jr., det. Navy Yard, Pearl Harbor, T. H. in June; to USS Lea.

Lt. H. A. Smith, det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla., about June 20; to Instr. Nav. War College, Newport, R. I.

Lt. (jg) F. A. Berry, Jr., det. USS Chicago about June 11; to Instr. Subm. Base, New London.

Lt. (jg) T. L. Greene, det. USS Uphur about June 11; to Instr. Subm. Base, New London.

Lt. (jg) James A. Greenwald, Jr., det. Nav. Academy about May 28; to Mass. Inst. of Technology, Cambridge, Mass.

Lt. (jg) L. R. Herring, Jr., det. Nav. Academy, about May 28; to Mass. Inst. of Technology, Cambridge, Mass.

Lt. (jg) L. R. Herring, det. Mass. Inst. of Technology, Cambridge, Mass., about May 14; to Asiatic Sta.

Lt. (jg) J. G. Johns, det. USS R-5; to duty as asst. Supt. Constr., Elec. Boat Co., Groton, Conn.

Lt. (jg) R. J. Moore, det. USS Augusta, about June 11; to Instr. Subm. Base, New London.

Lt. (jg) J. C. Waldron, det. VS Sqd. 3B (USS Lexington), about June 30; to VO Sqd. 4B (USS Colorado).

Ensign Edward Brumby, det. USS Northampton about June 11; to Instr. Subm. Base, New London, Conn.

Ensign R. R. McGregor, on disch. trmt. Nav. Hosp., New York, N. Y., to Instr., Subm. Base, New London, Conn.

Ensign H. A. Pieczentkowiak, det. USS Raleigh about June 11; to Instr. Subm. Base, New London.

Lt. H. O. Cosby (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., Washington, D. C., about June 1; to Asiatic Sta.

Washington, D. C., about June 1; to Asiatic Sta.

Capt. G. G. Seibels (SC), det. Navy Yard, Norfolk, Va., about June 15; to duty as Off. in Chge., Navy Purch. and Disb. Office, New York, N. Y.

Lt. G. F. Davis (SC), addl. duty as commissary officer, Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla., on June 1.

Lt. H. T. Smith (SC), det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla., on June 1; to USS Idaho.

Ch. Boon. F. W. Atherton, det. USS Allegheny about June 1; to Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.

Ch. Pharm. T. J. Murphy, det. Hosp. Corps Trng. School, Nav. Hosp., San Diego, Calif., about May 30; to Hosp. Corps School, Norfolk, Nav. Hosp., Portsmouth, Va.

Ch. Pharm. A. T. Schwartz, det. Bu. M. and S., Navy Yard Dept., about May 20; to Norfolk Nav. Hosp., Portsmouth, Va.

May 4, 1932

Lt. Comdr. D. M. Dalton, det. USS Raleigh in June; to temp. duty under Instr. Nav. Air Sta., Lakehurst, N. J.

Lt. Comdr. E. A. Hall, det. ROTC Unit, U. of Washington, Seattle, Wash., in June; to command USS Decatur.

Lt. Comdr. Hester Hoogewerf, det. Nav. Academy, in May; to staff Cmdr. Minecraft, Battle Force, as operations officer.

Lt. Comdr. H. S. Klein, det. Staff, Comdr. Dest. Sqd. 2, Battle Force, in June; to Nav. Engr. Experiment Sta., Annapolis, Md.

Lt. Comdr. F. B. Melendy, det. as Asst. Nav. Attache, American Embassy, Tokyo, Japan, about June 1; to home, relieved all active duty.

Lt. Comdr. David Rittenhouse, det. VF Sqd. 5B (USS Lexington) about June 1; to Nav. Air Sta., San Diego, Calif.

Lt. Comdr. A. E. Smith, det. Aide &amp; flag secy. on staff, Comdr. Cruiser Div. 2, Setg. Force; to command USS Jacob Jones.

Lt. F. W. Beard, det. USS Decatur; to Navy Yard, New York, N. Y.

Lt. K. J. Christoph, det. Nav. Academy, in June; to Nav. Air Sta., Lakehurst, N. J., temp. duty under Instr.

Lt. H. H. Connelley, det. Nav. Trng. Sta., Newport, R. I., in June; to USS Dorsey.

Lt. T. O. Collins, Jr., det. USS Waters; to duty as asst. Cdt. 5th Nav. Dist., Hampton Roads, Va.

Lt. L. E. Divell, det. USS J. Fred Talbot after June 12; to duty New York Shipbldg. Co., Camden, N. J.

Lt. J. M. Eggleston, det. command USS R-12 about June 15; to Navy Yard, Phila., Pa.

Lt. C. R. Ensey, Jr., det. Bu. Nav., Navy Dept., in June; to USS Hopkins.

Lt. T. C. Evans, det. Nav. Academy in June; to USS Arizona.

Lt. C. H. Fogg, det. USS Brazos; to Navy Yard, Boston, Mass.

Lt. B. H. Hanlon, det. Navy Yard, Wash., D. C., in June; to temp. duty under Instr. Nav. Air Sta., Lakehurst, N. J.

Lt. W. B. Jackson, Jr., det. USS West Virginia, in June; to staff, PG School, Nav. Academy, Annapolis, Md.

Lt. F. H. Newton, Jr., det. as Off. in Chge., Navy Rctg. Sta., Houston, Texas; to USS Tarbell.

Lt. H. R. Parker, det. Columbia U., New York, N. Y., about June 2; to USS Saratoga.

Lt. E. A. J. Poehlmann, det. USS Dent in June; to staff, PG School, Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md.

Lt. C. R. Price, det. Navy Yard, Charleston, S. C., on May 5; to Asiatic Station.

Lt. B. E. Rokes, det. USS Inka about June 25; to Instr. Nav. War College, Newport.

Lt. T. M. Stokes, det. USS Nevada in June; to staff, PG School, Nav. Academy.

Lt. E. A. Taylor, det. staff, Comdr. Cruiser Div. 4, Setg. Force, in June; to staff, PG School, Nav. Academy.

Lt. L. F. Teuscher, det. Off. of Nav. Communications, Navy Dept., after June 1; to USS Breese.

Lt. W. H. Von Dreele, det. USS Arkansas after June 12; to temp. duty under Instr. Nav. Air Sta., Lakehurst, N. J.

Lt. B. P. Ward, det. Nav. Engr. Experiment Sta., Annapolis, Md., in June; to USS Tennessee.

Lt. (jg) F. H. Bell, det. Nav. Academy, Annapolis, Md., about May 28; to Instr. Nav. Trng. Sta., San Diego, Calif.

Lt. (jg) A. P. Calvert, det. Columbia U., New York, N. Y., about June 2; to USS Dent as engr. off.

Lt. (jg) R. E. Cronin, det. Columbia U., New York, N. Y., about June 2; to USS Milwaukee.

Lt. (jg) H. O. Dahlke, det. Carnegie Inst. of Tech., Pittsburgh, Pa., about June 14; to USS Medusa.

Lt. (jg) F. S. Drake, det. Columbia U., New York, N. Y., about June 2; to USS Nevada.

Lt. (jg) C. A. Fines, det. Columbia U., New York, N. Y., about June 2; to USS Northampton.

Lt. (jg) W. G. Fisher, det. Columbia U., New York, N. Y., about June 2; to USS Salt Lake City.

Lt. (jg) M. F. D. Flaherty, det. 12th Nav. Dist., about May 20; to temp. duty under Instr. Nav. Air Sta., Lakehurst, N. J.

Lt. (jg) D. L. Francis, det. Nav. Academy, Annapolis, Md., about May 28; to Instr. Nav. Trng. Sta., San Diego, Calif.

Lt. (jg) Hansen Pullinwider, det. USS Borie about May 19; to Instr. Nav. Academy.

Lt. (jg) C. G. Grimes, det. Columbia U., New York, N. Y., about June 2; to USS New Mexico.

Lt. (jg) D. C. E. Hamberger, det. USS Langley about April 27; to USS Chicago. Ors. December 15 1931 revoked.

Lt. (jg) Howell Hedrick, det. Navy Yard, New York, N. Y., about June 1; to USS Relief.

Lt. (jg) W. A. Hickey, det. U. of Calif., Berkeley, Calif., in June; to USS Noa as engr. off.

Lt. (jg) P. H. Jenkins, det. Nav. Trng. Sta., Great Lakes, Ill., in June; to USS Cole.

Lt. (jg) J. S. Lillard, det. Columbia Univ., New York, N. Y., about June 2; to USS Oklahoma.

Lt. (jg) P. D. Lohmann, det. Nav. Trng. Sta., NOB, Norfolk, Va., in June; to USS Ramapo.

Lt. (jg) J. A. McNally, det. Columbia Univ., New York, N. Y., about June 2; to USS William B. Preston as engr. off.

Lt. (jg) C. H. Miller, det. Nav. Trng. Sta., Great Lakes, Ill., in June; to USS Biddle.

Lt. (jg) H. E. Schonland, ors. April 6 modified; to Nav. Torp. Sta., Newport, R. I., instead Navy Yard, Boston, Mass.

Lt. (jg) F. W. Slaven, det. Columbia Univ., New York, N. Y., about June 2; to USS Chandler as engr. off.

Lt. (jg) E. J. Taylor, Jr., det. Columbia Univ., New York, N. Y., about June 2; to USS Trenton.

Lt. (jg) W. L. Turney, det. Columbia Univ., about June 2; to USS Goff as engr. off.

Lt. (jg) E. R. Wilkinson, det. Mass. Inst. of Tech., Cambridge, Mass., about June 7; to USS Seward as engr. off.

Lt. (jg) J. B. Williams, det. Nav. Academy about May 28; to Instr. Nav. Trng. Sta., Newport, R. I.

Capt. M. S. Elliott (MC), det. 11th Nav. Dist. about June 1; to duty as Mbr. Nav. Ret. Bd., Nav. Exam. Bd. for officers of Med. Corps, and Bd. of Med. Examiners, Navy Dept.

Lt. C. A. Swanson (MC), det. Nav. Dispensary, Navy Dept., about June 1; to Asiatic Sta.

Comdr. J. H. Knapp (SC), det. Navy Yard, Mare Island, Calif., about April 15; to Bu. S. and A., Navy Dept.

Lt. D. L. McCarthy (SC), granted sick leave two months, wait orders at San Diego, Calif.

Pharm. C. J. Stommel, det. Norfolk Nav. Hosp., Portsmouth, Va., about May 15; to Nav. Hosp., New York, N. Y.

## Senate Considers Hale Bill

Rejecting a proposal to delay action for thirty days on the possibility of some agreement by the Geneva Disarmament Conference, the Senate voted, May 3, to proceed to the consideration of the Hale bill to build the Navy up to treaty limits.

The action came after two days of debate, both on the question of delaying action and the merits of the bill. Senator Hale, pointing out the fact that we have built an average of only three ships a year since the Washington Treaty, when replacement alone calls for over three times that many, called upon the Senate to "decide whether or not it is going to allow the Navy to go on the rocks."

Answering economy objections, Senator Hale said that no money would be spent "for at least a year from now." He declared that he "thought that next year's appropriation bill would provide the first funds for new construction under the bill if it is approved."

Senator Norris Nebraska, declared, however, that if the Senate passes the Hale bill he will lose all faith in its declarations concerning economy.

The proposal to delay action for a month came from the Democratic leader, Senator Robinson of Arkansas. He declared that "unless the Geneva conference shall reach an agreement which will make that course unnecessary," he favored building the Navy to treaty limits, but that he believed that if we now passed the Hale bill "it might be construed as interfering with the spirit" of the one year armament truce.

"I think if Senator Hale forces the issue now," Senator Robinson declared, "he is going to lose."

Senator Hale however refused to give up the preferred place his bill had without some assurance that the bill be acted on this session of Congress. A proposal then was advanced that the Senate unanimously agree that the bill be taken

up on June 2 and voted on before adjournment, which was agreeable to both Senators Hale and Robinson, but was knocked out by the objection of Senator Norris.

Senator Lewis, Democrat, of Illinois, differed from his party leader in that delaying the Hale bill would further the Geneva conference.

"Nothing would bring that action more quickly than the observation that the United States has proceeded to consider its part of the treaty at once and proceeded to meet the displacement of ships so far as it is privileged to do," he declared.

Senator Borah urged waiting until the conference has been concluded, giving as his opinion that it is "about through now."

The vote on taking up the bill was as follows:

Yeas—46

Austin, Barber, Bingham, Broussard, Bulkeley, Byrnes, Caraway, Cohen, Copeland, Dale, Davis, Fess, Fletcher, Glass, Glenn, Goldsborough, Hale, Hastings, Hatfield, Hawes, Hayden, Johnson, Jones, Kean.

Kendrick, Keyes, Lewis, Long, McNary, Metcalf, Moses, Oddie, Reed, Robinson (Ind.), Schall, Sheppard, Shortridge, Smith, Smoot, Stetler, Tydings, Vandenberg, Wagner, Walsh (Mass.), Watson, White.

Nays—25

Bankhead, Blaine, Borah, Bratton, Bulow, Capper, Connally, Costigan, Couzens, Cutting, Dill, Frazier, Gore, Howell, King, La Follette, Logan, McGill, McKellar, Neely, Norris, Pittman, Shipstead, Stephens, Walsh (Mont.).

Opening the debate on his bill on May 4, Senator Hale described the disarmament policy of the United States and argued that the net results of our efforts seemed to be that we are relatively far weaker than at the time of the Washington Conference. He pointed out that the treaties in which we have placed reliance have utterly failed of immediate effect, and with their perstige damaged may not be relied upon with any degree of safety as guarantees against future wars. He said it would be folly not to recognize that war might be forced upon us, and there could be no excuse for neglect to prepare to defend our tremendous interests. At present, out of 373 ships on our Navy list, only 170 are under age, while Japan has 184 under age out of 207, and Great Britain 150 under age out of 294. If we start no new construction, in 1936 we will have only 68 modern ships, while Great Britain will have 3 out of every 5 of her treaty allowance and Japan all but 7 of her allowance of 156 ships. To keep up replacements for 20 years, in order to provide a treaty Navy, we must spend annually \$87,000,000 for new construction, and to build up to treaty strength, \$9,000,000 annually in addition. To build up to full treaty strength by 1936, the cost would be \$786,055,796; a ten year program would cost \$988,705,906, and to rebuild at the end of 20 years the cost would be \$1,925,473,500. "We are rapidly becoming not one of the two great and equal powers but a poor and trailing third power."

## House Passes Widow Pension Bill

The House on May 2 passed a bill providing pensions for widows and children of World War veterans whose death was not incident to their service. The bill, H.R. 8578, allows \$20 per month to widows "without means of support other than her daily labor and actual net income not exceeding \$250 per year." Six dollars a month is allowed for each dependent child, while if there is no widow a dependent child with an income less than \$400 per year may reach \$20 a month.

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## OBITUARIES

Rear Adm. Colby M. Chester, USN, ret., second oldest Naval Academy graduate and a veteran of the Civil, Spanish and World Wars, died at Rye, N. Y., May 4th.

Admiral Chester was born in New London, Conn., Feb. 29, 1844, and appointed to the Naval Academy in 1859. Graduating in 1863, he participated in the Battle of Mobile Bay and other Civil War engagements. Rising through the various grades, he was in command of the South Atlantic Station as a captain during the Spanish-American War, and after various commands ashore and afloat retired in 1906. He was Superintendent of the Naval Observatory in 1905.

Returning to active duty during the late war, Admiral Chester, then 73 years old, organized naval units at Yale, Brown and Columbia University, reverting to inactive duty in 1919.

Mrs. Mary Byers Taylor, 72, of Columbus, Ohio, died April 27 at her home from a heart attack. She was the mother of 1st Lt. Edward M. Taylor, FA, USA, assistant officer in charge of Reserve Affairs in that district, and Unit Instructor of the 323d FA. Besides Lieutenant Taylor, she is survived by another son, Irwin H. Taylor, four brothers and two grandchildren.

Funeral services were held April 30 at the home of a nephew, Paul M. Byers, in Marion, Ohio, and burial was in Marion Cemetery, Marion, Ohio.

Mrs. Annie Pennington Cronkhite, daughter of the late Maj. Gen. Alexander C. M. Pennington, USA, and wife of Maj. Gen. Adelbert Cronkhite, USA, ret., died at New York City, N. Y., April 28.

Besides her husband, a daughter, Dorothy Cronkhite Young, survives. She was the mother of Maj. Alexander P. Cronkhite, of the 213th Engrs., who was killed at Camp Lewis, near Seattle, Wash., Oct. 25, 1918.

The funeral services and burial was at West Point, N. Y., April 30.

Chauncey L. Berrien, former major, USA, died April 22 at the Mayo Clinic, Rochester, Minn.

Major Berrien was born in Galesburg, Ill. in 1879, graduated from Clinton, Iowa, high school; studied Mining Engineering at Columbia University and was connected with the Anaconda Copper Company from 1902 until his death, when he held the position of Assistant General Manager. He was one of the outstanding Mining Engineers of America. He enlisted in the Forty-ninth Infantry Volunteers and served in Cuba during the Spanish War. During the World War he served in France as a Major in the Aviation Corps.

While at Columbia he was a member of the famous football backfield, Weeks, Morley and Berrien that defeated the Navy and other leading teams in 1900 and 1901.

He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Cella Coulter Berrien, his brother, Capt. Frank D. Berrien, USN and four sisters. Funeral services were held April 24 at Moline, Ill. Members of the American Legion acted as escort.

Lt. Col. David Henry Bower, USA, ret., of 354 93rd Street, Brooklyn, N. Y., died at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., April 18, 1932.

Colonel Bower was born in Iowa, Mar. 16, 1877, and upon graduation from the U. S. Military Academy in 1902, was assigned to the 12th Infantry for duty at Ft. D. A. Russell, Wyo. He retired from the service as a lieutenant colonel of infantry, Dec. 12, 1929.

In 1916 he was detailed to the Signal Corps and served in that branch as a first lieutenant and captain until June, 1917, when he was promoted to the grade of major in the Aviation Section, serving in that section until October, 1918. He was active in the formation of the Balloon Corps during the World War and together with Col. Charles de F. Chandler, opened the Balloon School at Omaha, Neb., in 1917. Later he was stationed at Camp Wise, Tex., where he

was one of the organizers and instructors of the Balloon School and Camp at that place.

He married Mrs. Maude Lillie Moore, Sept. 6, 1919, who survives him with two stepsons, Lt. Ned D. Moore, USA, of Ft. Wadsworth, N. Y., and Lt. Roger W. Moore, USA, of Ft. Totten, N. Y. The funeral and interment was at West Point, April 20, 1932.

Brig. Gen. Henry P. Birmingham, USA, Ret., died at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., May 4.

General Birmingham was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., March 15, 1854.

He is survived by two daughters, Mrs. Everett Harman and Miss Clara Birmingham, of the Wyoming Apartments, Washington, D. C., where he has made his home. General Birmingham also was the father of Maj. Richard C. Birmingham, Inf, USA, on National Guard duty in Minneapolis, Minn., and William Birmingham.

Capt. William I. Truitt, USA, ret., died at Norfolk, Va., April 21.

Captain Truitt was born in Suffolk, Va., Jan. 22, 1895. He was appointed 2nd Lieutenant, Infantry Section, Officers' Reserve Corps, Aug. 15, 1917; vacated Nov. 11, 1917; appointed 2nd Lieutenant of Infantry, Regular Army, Oct. 20, 1917; accepted Nov. 11, 1917; promoted 1st Lieutenant (temporary) Oct. 26, 1917; promoted 1st Lieutenant Nov. 5, 1918; retired for disability in line of duty with rank of captain July 1, 1920; placed on active duty from July 2, 1920 to Feb. 17, 1921.

He is survived by his wife, Mrs. Blanche S. Truitt, 1305 Harmott Avenue, Norfolk, Va.

## Opposes Reserve Division

Secretary of War Patrick J. Hurley recommended against establishment of a "Reserve Division of the War Department General Staff," in a letter this week to Chairman David A. Reed, of the Senate Committee on Military Affairs.

His letter, prompted by a bill (S.3081) to create the special division, inclosed a report from a War Department general staff committee, to which had been added an equal number of Reserve officers.

The report forwarded by Secretary Hurley enumerated the following War Department objections to the proposed unit:

1. It will institute an additional agency which instead of expediting the formulation and approval of plans and policies will inevitably delay them.

2. It will involve a considerable duplication of work, since much of its activity must parallel that of existing agencies.

3. It would constitute an additional general staff section not engaged in general staff work inasmuch as its activities are limited to one component, which is the Reserve.

"To offset the foregoing disadvantages," the report stated, "the committee has been unable to discover any benefit which might accrue to the Reserve project or the national defense."

Concerning arguments that "the psychology peculiar to the Reserve is not being adequately studied," the report continued:

"To what extent there exists a psychology peculiar to the Reserve which is not being adequately studied and allowed for at present by the General Staff, the body now charged with the plans and policies for the development of the Army as a whole, cannot be accurately determined by the committee. It is desired to emphasize however that the sole reason for the Reserve is the purely military one of 'providing a reserve of officers available for military service when needed.' In pursuit of this object it would logically seem most advisable to stress military psychology."

## USNA Class Reunion

As has been the custom every five years the Class of 1897, U. S. Naval Academy, plans to hold its 35th Reunion in Washington, D. C., and at the Naval Academy on May 27-30 of this year.

## Births, Marriages and Deaths

## BORN

**BRIGGS**—Born at the Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., April 29, 1932, to Sgt. James Briggs, USA, ret., and Mrs. Briggs, a daughter.

**BURBACH**—Born at Manila, P. I., April 23, 1932, to 1st Lt. Claude F. Burbach, FA, USA, and Mrs. Burbach, a son, Gerald MacGregor Burbach; grandson of Lt. Col. Harry S. Grier, USA, and Mrs. Grier.

**BURCKES**—Born at the Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., April 27, 1932, to 1st Lt. Martin H. Burckes, FA, USA, and Mrs. Burckes, a son, Melvin Stearns Burckes.

**DAVIS**—Born at Cambridge Hospital, Cambridge, Mass., April 15, 1932, to Lt. Comdr. Ellsworth Davis, USN, and Mrs. Davis, a daughter, Lucy Taintor.

**HAAS**—Born at the Richardson House, Brookline, Mass., April 21, 1932, to Lt. Paul G. Haas, USN, and Mrs. Haas, a daughter, Joan Marillyn.

**HIGGINS**—Born at the Station Hospital, Ft. Monroe, Va., May 1, 1932, to Capt. Charles W. Higgins, CAC, USA, and Mrs. Higgins, a son.

**HUNTINGTON**—Born at the Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., April 27, 1932, to Sgt. R. W. Huntington, USA, and Mrs. Huntington, a son, Robert Wallace.

**MCISAAC**—Born at Lake Forest, Ill., April 23, 1932, to Lt. J. M. McIsaac, USN, and Mrs. McIsaac, a son, John Malcolm McIsaac.

**MYERS**—Born at the Newport Hospital, Newport, R. I., April 25, 1932, to Lt. Gilbert B. Myers, USN, and Mrs. Myers, a son, Lyman Alexander.

**SCHANZE**—Born at St. Mary's Hospital, St. Louis, Mo., April 18, 1932, to Lt. A. E. Schanze, USA, and Mrs. Schanze, a son, Jean Ward.

**QUERY**—Born at Manila, P. I., March 25, 1932, to Lt. (jg) J. V. Query, USN, and Mrs. Query, a son, Samuel Jay.

**SEMANS**—Born at the Women's Medical College, Hospital, Germantown, Philadelphia, Pa., April 26, 1932, to Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Walker Semans, a son, Edwin Walker Semans, Jr.; grandson of Capt. H. R. Stark, USN, and Mrs. Stark.

**SPRENGER**—Born at Cambridge Hospital, Cambridge, Mass., March 13, 1932, to Lt. (jg) William Conrad Sprenger, CC, USN, and Mrs. Sprenger, a daughter, Sally Carole.

**STANDLEE**—Born at the Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., April 28, 1932, to Capt. Earle Glenn Goss Standlee, MC, USA, and Mrs. Standlee, a son, Ronald Rhey Standlee.

## MARRIED

**BORK-SAFFORD**—Married at West Point, N. Y., April 23, 1932, Miss Betty B. Safford, to Lt. Lester S. Bork, Inf., USA.

**DANIELS-CATHCART**—Married at New York, N. Y., April 30, 1932, Miss Lucy Billing Cathcart, to Mr. Jonathan Worth Daniels, son of Josephus Daniels, former Secretary of the Navy.

**DAVIS-EHRHARDT**—Married April 5, 1932, Miss Helen Grace Ehrhardt to Lt. Dudley Walters Davis, USMC.

**DOWNING-CHANDLER**—Married at the home of Rear Adm. Hutchinson I. Cone, USN, ret., and Mrs. Cone, Washington, D. C., May 2, 1932, Miss Marshall Chandler, daughter of Rear Adm. Lloyd H. Chandler, USN, ret., and Mrs. Chandler, to Lt. Leslie Burgess Downing, USA.

**DAVIS-EVERETT**—Married at St. Alban's Church, Washington, D. C., May 4, 1932, Miss Grace Beall Everett, daughter of Lt. Col. George T. Everett, USA, ret., and Mrs. Everett, to 2nd Lt. William Arthur Davis, USA.

**GULICK-WALSH**—Married at Washington, D. C., April 26, 1932, Mrs. Sheldon Guy Walsh, to Lt. Roy M. Gulick, USMC.

**MARSHALL-KUSER**—Married at New York, N. Y., April 19, 1932, Mrs. Brooke Russell Kuser, daughter of Brig. Gen. John H. Russell, USMC, and Mrs. Russell, to Mr. Charles H. Marshall.

**RICH-CONKLING**—Married at the Cadet Chapel, West Point, N. Y., April 30, 1932, Miss Beulah Conklings, to Mr. Thomas Lynch Rich, graduate of the U. S. Military Academy, Class of 1928.

**WILLIAMS-REYNOLDS**—Married at Nogales, Ariz., March 26, 1932, Mrs. Mabel Reynolds, to Capt. A. W. Williams, USA.

## DIED

**BERRIEN**—Died at the Mayo Clinic, Rochester, Minn., April 22, 1932, Chauncey L. Berrien, former major, USA, brother of Capt. Frank D. Berrien, USN.

**BIRMINGHAM**—Died at the Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., May 4, 1932, Brig. Gen. Henry P. Birmingham, USA, ret., father of Maj. Richard C. Birmingham, Inf, USA.

**BRADY**—Died at Wheeling, West Virginia, April 25, 1932, Joseph C. Brady, father of Mrs. W. A. Mitchell, wife of Lt. Col. Mitchell, USA.

**CHESTER**—Died at Rye, New York, May 4, 1932, Rear Adm. Colby Mitchell Chester, USN, ret.

**CRONKHITE**—Died at New York City, N. Y., April 28, 1932, Mrs. Annie Pennington Cronkhite, daughter of the late Maj. Gen. Alexander C. M. Pennington, USA, wife of Maj. Gen. Adelbert Cronkhite, USA, ret., and mother of Dorothy Cronkhite Young and the late Maj. Alexander P. Cronkhite, CE, USA.

**ELLIOTT**—Died at Washington, D. C., April 29, 1932, Annie Mansfield Elliott, wife of the late Maj. Gen. George F. Elliott, USMC, ret.

**FARLEY**—Died at the Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., April 23, 1932, St. Sgt. Milo L. Farley, USA.

**HARRELL**—Died at New Orleans, La., April 30, 1932, W. O. John N. Harrell, USA, husband of Mrs. Kathryn Harrell and father of Eugene Harrell. Interment, Raleigh, N. C.

**NAGLE**—Died at Harrisburgh, Pa., April 23, 1932, Mrs. Neomie Nagle, mother of Mrs. Delbert, wife of Ch. Ralph C. Delbert, USA.

**PENROSE**—Died on a train while en route from Florida to Washington, D. C., May 4, 1932, Mrs. Katherine H. Penrose, wife of Col. George H. Penrose, QMC, USA, ret.

**REED**—Died at the Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., May 2, 1932, Richard Reed, son of St. Sgt. Richard W. Reed, SC, USA.

**ROSENDAHL**—Died at Temple, Tex., April 25, 1932, Charles Oscar Rosendahl, father of Lt. Comdr. Charles E. Rosendahl, USN.

**TAYLOR**—Died at Columbus, O., April 27, 1932, Mrs. Mary Byers Taylor, mother of 1st Lt. Edward M. Taylor, FA, USA.

**TRUITT**—Died at Norfolk, Virginia, April 21, 1932, Capt. William I. Truitt, USA, ret.

**WHITELEGG**—Died at Troy, New York, April 21, 1932, Mr. John V. Whitelegg, husband of Annie T. Whitelegg, and father of Ruth M. Whitelegg of Troy, N. Y., of Mrs. John M. Devine, wife of Capt. Devine, FA, USA, Ft. Sill, Okla., and of Lt. Col. R. F. Whitelegg, Ord-Res., USA, Boston, Mass., graduate of the U. S. Military Academy, Class of 1917.

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# FINANCE

## Financial Digest

It has not yet been established that the Interstate Commerce Commission has adopted a new general policy in its request of the St. Louis-San Francisco to formulate a plan for reducing fixed charges in connection with the carrier's loan application, but it would seem, says a morning stock letter of E. A. Pierce and Company, as if possibilities exist whereby similar procedure may be followed in the case of others of the so-called weaker systems which are in need of financial aid. It is entirely conceivable that in the long run such a policy on the part of the Commission would be constructive rather than otherwise and work toward correcting unwieldy capitalization situations without the necessity of involuntary receiverships and prolonged reorganizations. The first effect of the announcement is to draw still more sharply the line between the rails which are able to carry on in the matter of meeting fixed obligations without government aid and those, which for one reason or another, find it impossible to do so without appeal to the Reconstruction Finance Corporation.

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The weakness in Atchison common stock appears to be connected with growing doubts over the dividend policy, coupled with the prospect of a short winter wheat crop in the road's territory. The selling in the stock, of course, has no connection whatever with the road's fundamental financial position, which remains entirely strong.

From a technical standpoint, main interest in the immediate future will probably be directed toward observing the ability of the rail average to resist at present levels.

News upon which to base a constructive view toward the market is, of course, lacking.

## Navy Transport Sailings

Chaumont—Leave San Diego May 7, arrive Honolulu May 14; leave May 17, arrive Guam May 27; leave May 28, arrive Manila June 2; leave June 6, arrive Shanghai June 10; leave June 11, arrive Tsingtao June 12; leave June 13, arrive Chefoo June 14; leave June 15, arrive Chinwangtao June 15; leave June 16, arrive Shanghai June 18; leave June 25, arrive Manila June 29; leave July 2, arrive Guam July 7; leave July 8, arrive Honolulu July 17; leave July 18, arrive San Francisco July 25. Will then return to Navy Yard, New York, for annual overhaul.

Henderson—Leave Hampton Roads May 7, arrive Canal Zone May 14; leave May 16, arrive Corinto May 18; leave May 18, arrive San Diego May 26; leave June 2, arrive Corinto June 10; leave June 10, arrive Canal Zone June 12; leave June 14, arrive Hampton Roads June 21.

Kittery—Leave Hampton Roads May 9 for the West Indies on the following itinerary: Arrive Guantanamo May 14; leave May 14, arrive Port au Prince May 15; leave May 16, arrive Cape Haitien May 17; leave May 18, arrive Hampton Roads May 23.

## Sandino Aide Killed

Lieut. Col. Calvin B. Matthews, USMC, commanding the Nicaraguan National Guard Detachment, has reported to the Navy Department that on April 26 a Guardia patrol had a three-hour fight with a bandit force of about 250 men at Estancia, five miles from the Honduran border in the northeastern section of Nueva Segovia province. The camp at which the contact occurred was thought to have been Sandino's and it is believed that Sandino himself was present during the fight.

During the contact, Florencio Silva, chief leader of Sandino, was killed, many bandits wounded and a small quantity of ammunition and supplies captured. One member of the Guardia was slightly wounded.

## Massing of the Colors Service

Hundreds of American flags, colors and standards of virtually every patriotic, veteran and civic organization will be parading in the Fifth Annual Massing of the Colors Service to be held at the Washington Monument under the joint auspices of the Military Order of the World War and the District of Columbia Commission George Washington Bicentennial on Sunday, May 29, 1932, at 3 P.M.

According to the responses coming in to Maj. Edwin S. Bettelheim, Jr., the Adjutant General of the Military Order of the World War, it is estimated that approximately 250 organizations and societies will be represented.

Secretary of the Interior Wilbur will deliver the memorial address which will follow a short twenty minute service under the supervision of Capt. Arlington A. McCallum, the Chaplain General of the M. O. W. W.; Col. Julian E. Yates, Chief of Chaplains of the United States Army and Capt. Sidney K. Evans, Chief of Chaplains of the Navy. The Marine Band will play.

## Flight Pay Mixup

Through a misunderstanding between members of the House Appropriations Committee and officials of the Navy, the question of flight pay for the Navy and the Army, believed settled, is still very much in the air.

Last week when the Appropriations Committee agreed to strike out the provision in the Navy supply bill limiting flight pay to \$1,100 a year, members of the committee announced on the floor that it was done upon the stipulation that the Navy administer the funds allowed with the limitation on flight pay, so that it would be enough if the provision was eliminated. The Navy meant by this, it is said, that the appropriation "Pay of the Navy" (carrying 140-odd million dollars) would absorb the increase. Representative Byrns, however, after the bill had been passed and sent to the Senate, took the floor of the House to declare to the world that he meant for the Navy to absorb the reduction solely in the item for flight pay. This would mean that the \$271,890 reduction made from the \$1,286,140 budget estimate for flight pay would have to be made entirely from this fund.

If the committee's wishes must be followed, it will mean that the number of flying officers will be cut about 20 per cent, it is declared, a more undesirable situation to the Navy Department than the original proposal of the committee.

Some adjustment will be endeavored to be made, not only in the Senate but also with Representative Byrns and his committee, for the Department does not desire to have the committee feel that the Navy is "breaking faith" with them, as charged by Chairman Byrns, nor can the cut be accepted without hamstringing the naval air service. Decision will probably be reached when the House considers the appropriation for Army aviation, as it has been agreed to treat the two services alike in the matter.

## Army Transport Sailings

Chateau Thierry—arrive San Juan, May 9; leave May 10, arrive Cristobal, May 15; leave May 18, arrive San Juan, May 21; leave May 21, arrive New York, May 25; leave June 10, arrive San Juan, June 14; leave June 15, arrive Cristobal, June 18; leave June 23, arrive San Juan, June 26; leave June 26, arrive New York, June 30; leave July 7, arrive San Juan, July 11; leave July 12, arrive Cristobal July 15; leave July 20, arrive San Juan, July 23; leave July 23, arrive New York July 27.

St. Mihiel—Arrive San Francisco, May 9; leave May 14, arrive Corinto, May 22; leave May 25, arrive New York, May 31; leave June 18, arrive Cristobal, June 24; leave June 25, arrive Corinto, June 27; leave June 27, arrive San Francisco, July 5.

U. S. Grant—Leave San Francisco, June 7, arrive Honolulu, June 13; leave June 17, arrive San Francisco, June 23; leave June 28, arrive Corinto, July 6; leave July 6, arrive Cristobal, July 8; leave July 9, arrive New York, July 15.

Republic—Leave Panama, May 7, arrive San Francisco, May 17; leave May 25, arrive Honolulu, May 31; leave June 2, arrive Manila June 17; leave June 24, arrive Chinwangtao, June 29; leave July 1, arrive Nagasaki, July 4; leave July 4, arrive Honolulu, July 15; leave July 16, arrive San Juan, July 22; leave July 29.

## Motor Transportation of Troops

An experiment in moving troops for long distances by motor transportation was recently completed by the 29th Infantry in the course of a practice march from Ft. Benning, Ga., to Panama City, Florida, and return. The distance traversed by the troops during the march was approximately 485 miles. The transportation of the motorized Second Battalion, supplemented by several vehicles belonging to the companies of the regi-

ment, was utilized during the trip, which required eleven days.

A unique method, which might be termed military hitch-hiking, was employed in the daily movement of personnel. At the beginning of the movement each day, one Battalion of the regiment would be transported for a certain number of miles in the trucks while the other proceeded toward its objective on foot. When within a few miles, generally from fourteen to twenty, of the next camp site, the battalion in the trucks was disembarked to finish the remainder of the trip on foot. The vehicles then turned back and picked up the other battalion, which had marched fourteen to twenty miles, and carried it to the day's destination. In this manner the soldiers actually marched 135 miles, while the trucks covered approximately 102½ miles. The average speed maintained during the march of the two battalions, comprising 1233 men, was slightly more than eight miles an hour. The longest distance covered in one day was 88½ miles.

Government motor vehicles included in the movement were 17 Class A FWD trucks, 2-ton; 19 Class B FWD trucks, 1½-ton; one ½-ton Franklin experimental truck; one 1½-ton Chevrolet truck; three ¼-ton Chevrolet trucks; one G.M.C. light truck; six Ford touring cars; one Dodge touring car; one 1,000-gallon Colman tanker and one motorcycle. Five 300-gallon water tanks, four rolling kitchens, regular type, one experimental rolling kitchen and two baggage carriers were attached as trailers to the baggage and troop trucks.

The dependability of modern army motor transportation was demonstrated throughout the journey, which was characterized by a remarkable freedom from mechanical troubles.

## Army P-6 Airplane in New Guise

A new Curtiss Pursuit airplane, under the type name of XP-23, has arrived at the Material Division for performance testing. The construction of this airplane, which is a single-seater biplane, is based upon that of the P-6, standard at present in the Air Corps. The upper wing, however, has been raised 4 inches for improvement of visibility and the new plane differs in other features also. The fuselage is the metal monocoque type built in halves, divided along the plane of symmetry. The skeleton of the wings is metal covered with thin metal sheet. The landing gear is of the strut type, wired braced between the axles, and with the shock absorbing units located at the lower end of the struts.

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## Defeat War-Navy Consolidation

Proposed merger of War and Navy into one department of National Defense, tabled by the House Expenditures Committee but made part of the Economy Committee's omnibus retrenchment bill, was decisively rejected by the House, 210 to 187, May 4. The House then passed the economy bill, shorn of many of its projects.

Appropriations Chairman Joseph W. Led by Representative Charles Martin, Democrat of Oregon, a retired major general of the Army, opponents of the project swung enough Democratic votes to defeat that section of the party's economy bill. Republican members practically uniformly voted against the consolidation.

In a record vote on a section of the omnibus bill abolishing Army and Navy Transport Service and the Panama Railway Steamship line, the House reaffirmed its former stand against eliminating the lines, 297 to 98.

Members left virtually intact the economy committee's plan for an administration of Public Works, consolidating all Federal construction activities, with the exception of Army Rivers and Harbors work. Provision was made for the assignment of Army engineers to the Administrator of Public Works on order of the Secretary of War.

Members also approved an omnibus provision giving the President authority to abolish the Philippine Scouts or reduce its personnel. Prior to bringing the bill to the House the committee unloaded the \$5,000,000 annual cost of the Scouts on the Philippine government, but struck this provision on protest of the Philippine delegate.

One restrictive section of the omnibus bill will limit transfers of officers and enlisted men of the military and naval forces from one post to another "to the greatest extent consistent with the public interest," at an annual saving of more than \$3,000,000. No objection to the restriction was raised on the floor.

The House struck more than \$48,000,000 in economies when it refused to confirm committee recommendations for limiting veterans' allowances and free hospitalization. An amendment adopted provided for a review of all veterans' benefits by a joint congressional committee, which would report back to Congress in December.

Charges that the Army-Navy merger was defeated by the efforts of "the social lobby, the most powerful lobby in Washington," were flung by Representative Joseph Byrns of Tennessee, and Tom Balton of Texas, Democratic backers of the consolidation, as the plan was being downed. The latter particularized the influence as "the Army and Navy Club lobby."

Lined up with Representatives Byrns and Blanton, in supporting the consolidation on the floor of the House were Representatives Ross Collins of Mississippi, William P. Connery of Massachusetts, James V. McClintic of Oklahoma, Lister Hill of Alabama, John J. Cochran of Missouri, Democrats, and F. H. LaGuardia of New York and William Stafford of Wisconsin, Republicans. A large number of Representatives spoke in opposition to the bill, among them, Representatives Burton L. French of Idaho, John Taber of New York, Don B. Colton of Utah, Carl R. Chindblom of Illinois, B. M. Chipfield of Illinois, Republicans, and Carl Vinson of Georgia, Patrick Drewry of Virginia, William Whittington of Mississippi, and Anthony J. Griffin of New York, Democrats.

General Martin, denouncing the proposed amalgamation as "one of the most deadly blows to efficiency that could be struck at the national defense," declared no one whom he considered a military authority favored the plan.

"Since the dawn of history," he stated, "you can find no responsible soldier or sailor who would recommend this thing."

General Martin quoted a telegram from Lt. Gen. Hunter Liggett, USA, ret. declaring his opposition to consolidation. Proponents of the project had claimed that General Liggett favored their scheme.

## Senate Stands by Hale Bill

Two separate votes this week established the concern of the Senate over the situation of the Navy. Under the first, the Hale Naval construction bill was made the order of business and cannot be displaced from consideration without a vote. Under the second, by the emphatic vote of 58 to 17, the Senate rejected a substitute for the Hale bill offered by Senator Frazier, which declared it to be the Government policy to bring about a construction moratorium for one year and to curtail other military and naval preparation activities. Senator Frazier told the Senate that Lester P. Barlow, an engineer and an inventor, had worked out a plan of destructive offensive warfare against which there was no defense and claimed that one of the Barlow machines could destroy life and property within an area of half a mile in width and a mile in length. Mr. Frazier had brought the Barlow invention to the attention of the President and the Secretary of War. A further report regarding the debate on the Hale bill will be found on page 860.

## Present Bust to Navy

A marble bust of Commodore Matthew C. Perry, USN, has been presented to the Navy Department by his grandson, the Honorable Perry Belmont. The bust, which was done by the noted sculptor Erastus D. Palmer, of Albany, N. Y., is to be placed in the proposed Naval Museum.

## Reduction of Officers

(Continued from Page 842)

on the promotion list due to the presence of the World War "hump" of officers. Consideration of its operation shows definitely that this will not be the case. Since the authorized strength of each grade is reduced by the number of officers who are required to be retired, there will be no acceleration whatever of promotion by the retirements made on or before Sept. 30, 1932. On the contrary, so far as future promotion is concerned, the removal of the older officers from the active list will diminish or entirely discontinue future retirements for age, which are a potent source of the attrition which produces promotion. For this reason, the effect of the bill will be a retardation rather than an acceleration of advancement. It is true that the retirement of approximately 200 colonels and lieutenant colonels in May, 1933 will produce advancement to that extent in the grades below colonel. This effect will, however, not be a continuing one, and once the promotion due to this cause has been made the rate of promotion will again slow down.

The report of the Committee on the measure quotes certain passages from the report of the Interdepartmental Pay-Personnel Board in justification of the procedure which it proposes. These quotations are lifted from their context in such a way as to be given a wholly improper interpretation. The plan proposed in this bill is not in any respect whatever similar to the promotion plan proposed by the Interdepartmental Pay-Personnel Board. That Board was

formed in compliance with a request made to the President by a Joint Committee of Congress asking that a system of promotion be devised which would equalize the rate of advancement in the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, and the three lesser services which are also paid under the Joint Pay Act of 1922. The Board was assigned a specific problem which was, in substance, that of accelerating Army promotion within a reasonable period to equality with that of the Navy. To obtain this result necessarily involved certain compulsory removals from the active list of the Army, but these removals, as the report most clearly shows when considered in its entirety, were to be made solely upon the basis of efficiency and with a view to retaining on the active list those officers whose accomplishments indicated that they were of the greatest value to the service. This principle, which was the guiding one in the work of the Interdepartmental Pay-Personnel Board, has been completely and entirely disregarded in drawing the provisions for retirement which are contained in this bill.

Following are two tables which show the details of the retirements that would occur as completely as it has been possible to work them out in the time available. The first table gives the retirement of promotion list officers by branches and indicates the large proportional losses that would be suffered by certain branches, notably the Judge Advocate General's Department, the Quartermaster Corps, and the Finance Department. The second makes a further analysis of the retirements and shows how they would be distributed by grade and branch. These predicted retirements are those of individual officers who have been identified and include many officers who served in the Spanish-American War and those who entered the service in the World War and were commissioned in the Regular Army as a reward for their achievements in that conflict. Numerous former enlisted men would be eliminated. The arbitrary and compulsory retirements would include numerous holders of the Medal of Honor, the Distinguished Service Cross, Distinguished Service Medal and Silver Star Citation for gallantry in action.

## PROMOTION LIST OFFICERS

Age in Grade Separations

	Strength as of April 30, 1932	To be eliminated	Strength after elimination
Major Generals	25	17	8
Brigadier Generals	46	9	37
Adjutant General's Dept.	91	17	74
Judge Advocate Gen'l's Dept.	84	50	34
Quartermaster Corps	644	367	277
Finance Dept.	122	75	47
Corps of Engineers	561	76	485
Ordnance Dept.	284	47	237
Signal Corps	242	41	201
Chemical Warfare Service	90	19	71
Cavalry	942	87	855
Field Artillery	1,477	145	1,332
Coast Artillery Corps	978	93	885
Infantry	3,614	542	3,072
Air Corps	1,256	268	1,048
Philippine Scouts	73	34	39
Total	10,525	1,814	8,711

## PROMOTION LIST OFFICERS

Age in Grade Separations

	Major Generals	Brigadier Generals	Colonels	Lt. Colonels	Majors	Captains	1st Lieutenants	Total
Major Generals	25	0	0	0	0	0	0	25
Brigadier Generals	0	46	0	0	0	0	0	46
Adjutant General's Dept.	0	0	91	0	0	0	0	91
Judge Advocate Gen'l's Dept.	0	0	84	0	0	0	0	84
Quartermaster Corps	0	0	644	0	0	0	0	644
Finance Dept.	0	0	122	0	0	0	0	122
Corps of Engineers	0	0	561	0	0	0	0	561
Ordnance Dept.	0	0	284	0	0	0	0	284
Signal Corps	0	0	242	0	0	0	0	242
Chemical Warfare Service	0	0	90	0	0	0	0	90
Cavalry	0	0	942	0	0	0	0	942
Field Artillery	0	0	1,477	0	0	0	0	1,477
Coast Artillery Corps	0	0	978	0	0	0	0	978
Infantry	0	0	3,614	0	0	0	0	3,614
Air Corps	0	0	1,256	0	0	0	0	1,256
Philippine Scouts	0	0	73	0	0	0	0	73
Total	4	9	86	104	314	628	669	1,814

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3517 S Street, Washington, D. C. Semi-detached house with large rear and side yard, double garage. All up to date improvements. Located in Burleigh, near grade and high school and Georgetown University. Best bus transportation to town. At present occupied by Army Officer. Phone Emerson 1478.

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818 17th St., N. W. Near Army and Navy Club and Government Departments. Double apartment, bedroom, living room, bath. Single apartment, with bath. Valet service. Randall H. Hagner & Co., 1321 Conn. Ave., or Thomas J. Fisher & Co., 738 15th St., N. W.

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